Basic information	
2002/2240(INI)	Procedure completed
INI - Own-initiative procedure	
Mobile communications system: full roll-out of third generation 3G	
Subject	
3.30.05 Electronic and mobile communications, personal communications	

Key players					
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur		Appointed	
	ITRE Industry, External Trade, Research, Energy AUROI Daniell			(V/ALE)	09/07/2002
Council of the European Union	Council configuration			Meetings Da	
	Transport, Telecommunications and Energy	ecommunications and Energy			002-06-17
European Commission	Commission DG			Commissioner	
	Communications Networks, Content and Technology				

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
11/06/2002	Non-legislative basic document published	COM(2002)0301	
17/06/2002	Debate in Council		
21/11/2002	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
23/01/2003	Vote in committee		Summary
23/01/2003	Committee report tabled for plenary	A5-0016/2003	
12/02/2003	Decision by Parliament	T5-0055/2003	Summary
12/02/2003	End of procedure in Parliament		
19/02/2004	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2002/2240(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 55

Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ITRE/5/16904

Documentation gateway						
European Parliament						
Document type	Commit	Committee Reference			Date	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A5-0016/2003			23/01/2003	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading			T5-0055/2003 OJ C 043 19.02.2004, p. 0072- 0260 E		12/02/2003	Summary
European Commission	'					
Document type	Referer		erence		e	Summary
Follow-up document	COM(20		2002)0301		06/2002	Summary

## Mobile communications system: full roll-out of third generation 3G

2002/2240(INI) - 12/02/2003 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution based on its own-initiative report drafted by Danielle AUROI (Greens/EFA, France) on third generation mobile communication. (Please refer to the document dated 23/01/02.) Parliament stressed that 3G must be rolled out fairly and in a non-discriminatory manner, and underlined the importance of compliance with competition rules, so that companies involved operate on the market on an equal footing, irrespective of their size. Only free competition will ensure affordable prices for consumers. Parliament called on the operators involved in the roll-out of 3G to commit themselves to a transparent policy of offering services so as to guarantee consumers the maximum amount of information, thereby creating a climate of confidence which can only encourage demand. Furthermore, Parliament stressed that any trading of spectrum must not be allowed to lead to distortion of competition in the European telecommunications market. It encouraged Member States to help support broadband initiatives by means of tax concessions and measures to stimulate demand for broadband applications such as e-health.

## Mobile communications system: full roll-out of third generation 3G

2002/2240(INI) - 11/06/2002

PURPOSE: to present a Communication concerning the way towards the full roll-out third generation mobile communications. CONTENT: this communication takes stock of the situation in Europe at the moment when nearly all Member States have issued licences for third generation (3G) mobile services and networks, as the first 3G networks are starting to be rolled-out and when the first commercial applications are being announced. The communication identifies the major challenges ahead which all actors involved needs to tackle if 3G is to fulfil the great expectations and its significant potential in building the EU information society which the Commission addresses through its eEurope 2005 Action Plan. In addition, the takeup of 3G is a continuous process which requires continued attention by public authorities. There are no simple answers to the challenges ahead but 3G has developed sufficient momentum to overcome the present difficulties. The report state that the Commission remains confidence in this respect. The Commission believes that commercially-viable advanced wireless systems, including 3G, are indispensable for Europe to attain the goals set in Lisbon with respect to a competitive knowledge-based economy and the realisation of the Information Society. After a continuous effort to develop 3G and to prepare for the deployment of a new wireless service generation, the roll-out of networks is finally under way while growing evidence for a significant market potential is emerging, albeit uncertainty as to its detailed evolution persists. Besides a general economic recovery, to which the mobile sector including 3G could considerably contribute, the sector is best served by letting the market drive the process ahead, and by allowing healthy competition to generate new products which consumers will want to buy. Administrations, including the Commission, can however contribute to confidence in the sector by ensuring a predictable and stable regulatory environment conducive to a competitive market serving the consumers' interests. For the immediate future, administrations can act to help overcome the difficulties encountered in the physical deployment of networks by harmonising the conditions and speeding up the procedures applicable for the acquisition of base stations sites. In addition, they can foster efforts to improve public awareness on safe usage of mobile equipment. In the longer run, the lack of harmonisation in licensing conditions and assignment across the European Union for 3G may represent a hindrance to integration in the Internal Market for telecommunications and may cause market distortions and uncertainty in the sector. This must be avoided as much as possible in the future, especially taking into account that new countries will shortly join the EU. The Commission intends to use the new regulatory framework in electronic communications to work together with the national administrations to develop new harmonised approaches to licensing and attribution of rights to use radio spectrum for new 3G licences and for other wireless applications. Until the market reaches cruising speed, the take-up of 3G is a continuous process which requires and deserves continued attention by public authorities. There are no simple answers to the challenges ahead,but 3G has developed sufficient momentum to overcome the present difficulties. The Commission remains confident in this respect.