


Basic information	
2007/2286(INI) INI - Own-initiative procedure	Procedure completed
Treaty amending the Treaty on the European Union and the Treaty establishing the European Community Subject 8.10 Revision of the Treaties, intergovernmental conferences	

Key players																															
European Parliament	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Committee responsible</th> <th>Rapporteur</th> <th>Appointed</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>AFCO Constitutional Affairs</td> <td>MÉNDEZ DE VIGO Íñigo (PPE-DE) CORBETT Richard (PSE)</td> <td>12/11/2007 12/11/2007</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed	AFCO Constitutional Affairs	MÉNDEZ DE VIGO Íñigo (PPE-DE) CORBETT Richard (PSE)	12/11/2007 12/11/2007																								
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Commission	Secretariat-General	BARROSO José Manuel
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Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
13/12/2007	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
23/01/2008	Vote in committee		Summary
29/01/2008	Committee report tabled for plenary	A6-0013/2008	
20/02/2008	Decision by Parliament	T6-0055/2008	Summary
20/02/2008	Results of vote in Parliament		
20/02/2008	Debate in Parliament	CRE link	
20/02/2008	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2007/2286(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Nature of procedure	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 55
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	AFCO/6/55735

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Committee draft report		PE398.367	03/12/2007	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE398.507	05/12/2007	
Committee opinion	LIBE	PE398.443	18/12/2007	
Committee opinion	ITRE	PE398.298	19/12/2007	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE398.491	20/12/2007	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE398.716	20/12/2007	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE400.283	07/01/2008	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE400.320	09/01/2008	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE400.309	09/01/2008	
Committee opinion	INTA	PE398.481	11/01/2008	
Committee opinion	DEVE	PE398.683	15/01/2008	
Committee opinion	AFET	PE398.493	22/01/2008	
Committee opinion	BUDG	PE398.706	23/01/2008	

Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading	A6-0013/2008	29/01/2008	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading	T6-0055/2008	20/02/2008	Summary

Treaty amending the Treaty on the European Union and the Treaty establishing the European Community

2007/2286(INI) - 20/02/2008 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution based on the own-initiative report drafted by Iñigo **MENDEZ DE VIGO** (EPP-ED, ES) and Richard **CORBETT** (PES, UK) on the Lisbon Treaty. The resolution was adopted by 525 votes for, 115 against and 29 abstentions.

Parliament concludes that, taken as a whole, the Treaty of Lisbon is a substantial improvement on the existing Treaties, which will bring more democratic accountability to the Union (through a strengthening of the roles of the European Parliament and the national parliaments), enhance the rights of European citizens vis-à-vis the Union and improve the effective functioning of the Union's institutions.

More democratic accountability: Members welcome the fact that democratic accountability and decision-making powers will be enhanced will be enhanced, allowing citizens to have greater control over the Union's action, notably due to the following improvements: a) all European legislation will, with a few exceptions, be submitted to the dual approval, in equal terms, of the Council and of the European Parliament; b) the prior scrutiny by national parliaments of all legislation of the Union will be reinforced; c) a simpler and more democratic budgetary procedure with a single reading is established: the distinction between compulsory and non-compulsory expenditure is abolished, thus ensuring full parity between Parliament and Council as regards approval of the whole annual budget, while Parliament is also granted the right of consent to the legally binding Multiannual Financial Framework; d) the President of the Commission shall be elected by the European Parliament, on the proposal of the European Council, bearing in mind the elections to the European Parliament; e) the Council will meet in public when deliberating or voting on draft legislative acts, thus allowing citizens to see how their governments act in the Council; f) agencies, notably Europol and Eurojust, will be subject to greater parliamentary scrutiny.

Strengthening rights of citizens and improving clarity: Parliament welcomes the fact that the rights of citizens will be strengthened, as a result of the following improvements: a) the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights, setting out a complete list of up-to-date civil, political, economic and social rights, will become legally binding; b) the Union is to apply to accede to the European Convention on Human Rights; c) new provisions will facilitate participation by citizens and representative associations of civil society in the deliberations of the Union; d) the introduction of an EU citizens' initiative; e) judicial protection of citizens will be enhanced, since the jurisdiction of the Court of Justice will extend to matters relating to freedom, security and justice as well as to acts of the European Council, the European Central Bank and agencies of the Union, while provision will also be made to facilitate access for natural and legal persons to proceedings of the Court.

The confusion between the "European Community" and "European Union" will end as the EU becomes one single legal entity and structure, and a solidarity clause between Member States provides citizens with an expectation of receiving support from all parts of the Union in the event of a terrorist attack or a natural or man-made disaster.

Greater effectiveness: Members highlight: a) the increased use of qualified majority voting rather than unanimity; b) a new system of double majority voting, which will facilitate reaching decisions in the Council; c) that the six-month rotating presidency of the Council will be replaced by a President elected by its members for a two-and-a-half-year term; d) the enhanced visibility of the Union and its capacity as a global actor, notably due to: i) the creation of a Vice President of the Commission/High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy who will chair the Foreign Affairs Council, and be able to speak for the Union on those subjects where the latter has a common position; ii) the reinforcement of the Union's capacity to develop common structures in the field of security and defence policy.

Parliament also highlights that action in the area of justice and home affairs will have more ambitious goals and more effective procedures, no longer using separate intergovernmental instruments and procedures, and will be subject to judicial review, thus promising tangible progress with regard to justice, security and immigration issues. Lastly, the Union's objectives and competencies in the fields of climate change, children's rights, European Neighbourhood Policy, humanitarian aid, energy (including a reference in the Treaty to solidarity between Member States in this domain), space, research, tourism, sport, public health and civil protection are defined more clearly. Common commercial policy is recognised as an exclusive competence of the Union.

Concerns: Members are aware of the widespread regrets that, following the results of the referendums in France and the Netherlands, it was necessary, in order to secure a fresh agreement amongst the 27 Member States, to: a) abandon the constitutional approach and certain of its features, such as a single and structured text; b) postpone the entry into force of the new voting system in the Council; c) incorporate into the Treaty, measures specific to particular individual Member States, in relation to cooperation in police and criminal matters and the Charter of Fundamental Rights; d) modify the wording of several passages of the Treaty entailing an unjustified shift to a negative tone, which gives an impression of mistrust vis-à-vis the Union and its institutions and thus sends a wrong signal to the public.

Conclusions: Members endorse the Treaty and stress the need to achieve its ratification in good time for its entry into force on 1 January 2009. Parliament believes that the Treaty of Lisbon will provide a stable framework which will allow further development of the Union in future. It is aware that an amending treaty is inevitably less clear and readable than a codified treaty, and calls, therefore, for the immediate publication of the consolidated Treaties as revised by the Treaty of Lisbon, which would provide citizens with a clearer basic text of the Union.