


| Basic information | |
|---|---------------------|
| 2013/0021(NLE) NLE - Non-legislative enactments | Procedure completed |
| Subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures See also Decision 2005/387/JHA 2003/0215(CNS) | |
| Subject 7.30.30.04 Action to combat drugs and drug-trafficking | |

| Key players | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|------------------|
| European Parliament | Committee responsible | | Rapporteur | Appointed |
| | LIBE | Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs | BONI Micha (PPE) | 03/09/2015 |
| | Committee for opinion | | Rapporteur for opinion | Appointed |
| | ENVI | Environment, Climate and Food Safety | The committee decided not to give an opinion. | |
| Council of the European Union | | | | |
| European Commission | Commission DG | | Commissioner | |
| | Justice and Consumers | | JOUROVÁ Vra | |

| Key events | | | |
|------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Date | Event | Reference | Summary |
| 30/06/2015 | Legislative proposal published | 10010/2015 | Summary |
| 09/07/2015 | Committee referral announced in Parliament | | |
| 22/09/2015 | Vote in committee | | |
| 28/09/2015 | Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading | A8-0265/2015 | Summary |
| 06/10/2015 | Decision by Parliament | T8-0326/2015 | Summary |
| 06/10/2015 | Results of vote in Parliament |  | |
| 08/10/2015 | Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament | | |
| 08/10/2015 | End of procedure in Parliament | | |
| 20/10/2015 | Final act published in Official Journal | | |

| Technical information |
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| Procedure reference | 2013/0021(NLE) |
| Procedure type | NLE - Non-legislative enactments |
| Procedure subtype | Consultation of Parliament |
| | See also Decision 2005/387/JHA 2003/0215(CNS) |
| Legal basis | EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 039 |
| Other legal basis | Rules of Procedure EP 165 |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed |
| Committee dossier | LIBE/8/03853 |

| Documentation gateway | | | | |
|---|-----------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| European Parliament | | | | |
| Document type | Committee | Reference | Date | Summary |
| Committee draft report | | PE564.978 | 01/09/2015 | |
| Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading | | A8-0265/2015 | 28/09/2015 | Summary |
| Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading | | T8-0326/2015 | 06/10/2015 | Summary |
| Council of the EU | | | | |
| Document type | | Reference | Date | Summary |
| Legislative proposal | | 10010/2015 | 30/06/2015 | Summary |

| Final act | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Decision 2015/1874 OJ L 275 20.10.2015, p. 0035 | Summary |

Subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures

2013/0021(NLE) - 28/09/2015 - Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading

The Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs adopted the report by Micha BONI (EPP, PL) on the draft Council implementing decision on subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures.

The committee approved the Council draft which seeks to invite the Member States to subject the new psychoactive substance **4-methylamphetamine** to control measures across the Union.

In compliance with [Council Decision 2005/387/JHA](#) on the information exchange, risk-assessment and control of new psychoactive substances, the Scientific Committee of the European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA) assessed the risks on the new psychoactive substance **4-methylamphetamine**. The risk assessment report was subsequently submitted to the Commission and to the Council on 29 November 2012.

Subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures

2013/0021(NLE) - 06/10/2015 - Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 649 votes to 6, with 34 abstentions, a legislative resolution on the draft Council implementing decision on subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures.

In line with the Committee on Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs, the European Parliament **approved the Council draft** aiming to subject **4-methylamphetamine** to control measures.

Subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures

2013/0021(NLE) - 30/06/2015 - Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: to subject 4-methylamphetamine to control measures.

PROPOSED ACT: Implementing Council Decision.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the Council adopts the act after consulting the European Parliament but without being obliged to follow its opinion.

BACKGROUND: in compliance with [Council Decision 2005/387/JHA](#) on the information exchange, risk-assessment and control of new psychoactive substances, the Scientific Committee of the European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA) assessed the risks on the new psychoactive substance **4-methylamphetamine**. The risk assessment report was subsequently submitted to the Commission and to the Council on 29 November 2012.

4-methylamphetamine is a synthetic ring-methylated derivative of amphetamine. It has emerged on the illicit amphetamine market where it is sold and used as the controlled drug, amphetamine.

There has been one report of the substance being detected in a commercial product sold on the internet.

According to the limited data sources available, the acute toxicity of 4-methylamphetamine is similar to that of other stimulants. There have been a total of **21 fatalities** registered in four Member States where 4-methylamphetamine alone, or in combination with one or more substances, especially amphetamine, has been detected in post-mortem samples.

4-methylamphetamine has been detected in 15 Member States, while one Member State has reported the manufacture of the substance on its territory. Eight Member States control the substance under drug control legislation. The information available suggests that 4-methylamphetamine is produced and distributed by the same organised crime groups that are involved in the manufacture and trafficking of amphetamine.

The Risk Assessment Report reveals that there is limited scientific evidence available on the characteristics and risks of 4-methylamphetamine and points out that further studies are required on the overall health and social risks associated with the substance.

However, the evidence available provides sufficient grounds for subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures across the Union. As a result of the health risks it poses, as documented by its detection in several reported fatalities, especially when used in combination with other substances, of its strong resemblance in terms of appearance and effects with amphetamine, of the fact that users may unknowingly consume the substance, and of its limited medical value or use, 4-methylamphetamine should be subjected to control measures across the Union.

CONTENT: this proposal aims to invite the Member States to **subject the new psychoactive substance 4-methylamphetamine to control measures across the Union**.

[Decision 2013/129/EU](#) ceases to produce effects from the date of entry into force of this Decision, without prejudice to the obligations of the Member States relating to the time limit for subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures and criminal penalties in their national laws.

The United Kingdom shall not take part in the adoption of this Decision and is not bound by it or subject to its application.

Subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures

2013/0021(NLE) - 08/10/2015 - Final act

PURPOSE: to subject 4-methylamphetamine to control measures.

NON-LEGISLATIVE ACT: Council Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/1874 on subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures.

CONTENT: the Council adopted an **implementing decision** on subjecting **4-methylamphetamine** to control measures across the Union.

4-methylamphetamine is a synthetic ring-methylated derivative of amphetamine. It has emerged on the illicit amphetamine market where it is sold and used as the controlled drug, amphetamine.

[Decision 2005/387/JHA](#) confers upon the Council implementing powers with a view to giving a quick and expertise-based response at Union level to the emergence of new psychoactive substances detected and reported by the Member States, by subjecting those substances to control measures across the Union.

A risk assessment report on 4-methylamphetamine was drawn up in accordance with Decision 2005/387/JHA by a special session of the extended Scientific Committee of the **European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA)**.

The report revealed that there is limited scientific evidence available on the characteristics and risks of 4-methylamphetamine and points out that further studies are required on the overall health and social risks associated with the substance. However, the evidence available provides sufficient grounds for subjecting 4-methylamphetamine to control measures across the Union.

[Decision 2013/129/EU](#) ceases to produce effects as of the day of entry into force of this Decision, without prejudice to the obligations of the Member States relating to the time limit for subjecting that new psychoactive substance to control measures and criminal penalties in their national laws.

ENTRY INTO FORCE: 21.10.2015.