


Basic information	
2019/2993(RSP) RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects Resolution on the violent crackdown on the recent protests in Iran Subject 6.10.04 Third-country political situation, local and regional conflicts Geographical area Iran	Procedure completed

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
18/12/2019	Debate in Parliament	CRE link	
19/12/2019	Decision by Parliament	T9-0112/2019	Summary
19/12/2019	Results of vote in Parliament		
19/12/2019	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2019/2993(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B9-0271/2019	18/12/2019	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0272/2019	18/12/2019	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0273/2019	18/12/2019	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0274/2019	18/12/2019	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0275/2019	18/12/2019	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0276/2019	18/12/2019	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T9-0112/2019	19/12/2019	Summary

Resolution on the violent crackdown on the recent protests in Iran

2019/2993(RSP) - 19/12/2019 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on the violent crackdown on the recent protests in Iran.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled as a joint resolution by the EPP, S&D, Renew, Greens/EFA and ECR groups.

Tens of thousands of people from all over Iran and representing all segments of society have exercised their fundamental right to freedom of assembly and expressed their economic grievances over the increase in fuel prices of at least 50 % in the largest scale unrest in 40 years.

Despite repeated international calls for restraint, the Iranian security forces used disproportionate means and force against protesters. According to civil society reports, Iranian security forces opened fire on unarmed protesters who did not pose any imminent risk, and allegedly shot to kill. According to reports, at least 304 people have been killed, including children, with many more wounded, and whereas thousands of protesters, as well as journalists, human rights defenders and students, have been arrested.

The Iranian authorities have not announced the official death toll and have refused to release the bodies of the victims to their families.

On 16 November 2019, the Iranian authorities implemented a five-day-long near-total shutdown of Internet communications, cutting almost all means of online communication for people inside Iran and preventing any flow of information in relation to the brutal crackdown. Shutting down internet communications is a violation of the fundamental right to access information, constituting a disproportionate limitation to freedom of expression, and has become an ongoing modus operandi for the authorities.

Parliament deplored the widespread and disproportionate use of force by Iran against non-violent protesters who were merely exercising their rights to freedom of expression, association and peaceful assembly. It urged the Iranian authorities to:

- announce the total number of deaths and detainees, conduct a prompt, impartial, independent and transparent investigation into allegations of excessive use of force, including direct targeting of protesters by security forces, and hold all perpetrators of violence accountable;
- unconditionally free all protesters, human rights defenders and journalists currently held under arrest in Iran for exercising their legitimate rights to freedom of expression and assembly;
- lift all online based communications and services blockages.

Parliament reiterated its full support for Sakharov Prize laureates Nasrin Sotoudeh and Jafar Panahi and deplored the fact that Nasrin Sotoudeh is still imprisoned, serving a sentence of 33 years and 148 lashes. It insisted on her immediate and unconditional release. It also called for the travel ban which has been placed on Jafar Panahi since 2010 to be lifted.