


Basic information	
<b>2024/2840(RSP)</b> RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects  Resolution on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1828 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of feed containing, consisting of and of food and feed products produced from genetically modified maize MON 810 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/1207  <b>Subject</b>  3.10.09.06 Agro-genetics, GMOs	Procedure completed

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<div style="border: 1px solid red; display: inline-block; padding: 2px;">ENVI</div> Environment, Climate and Food Safety	BORZAN Biljana (S&D)	12/09/2024
		HÄUSLING Martin (Greens /EFA)	12/09/2024
		HAZEKAMP Anja (The Left)	12/09/2024

Key events			
Date	Event	Reference	Summary
26/11/2024	Decision by Parliament	T10-0041/2024	Summary
26/11/2024	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
<b>Procedure reference</b>	2024/2840(RSP)
<b>Procedure type</b>	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
<b>Procedure subtype</b>	Resolution on implementing act or powers
<b>Legal basis</b>	Rules of Procedure EP 115-p2-3
<b>Stage reached in procedure</b>	Procedure completed
<b>Committee dossier</b>	ENVI/10/01013

Documentation gateway				
European Parliament				
Document type	Committee	Reference	Date	Summary
Motion for a resolution		B10-0146/2024	23/10/2024	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T10-0041/2024	26/11/2024	Summary

# Resolution on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1828 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of feed containing, consisting of and of food and feed products produced from genetically modified maize MON 810 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/1207

2024/2840(RSP) - 26/11/2024 - Text adopted by Parliament, single reading

The European Parliament adopted by 464 votes to 163, with 27 abstentions, a resolution **objecting** to the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1828 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of feed containing, consisting of and of food and feed products produced from genetically modified maize MON 810 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/1207.

On 6 October 2022, Bayer Agriculture BV, based in Belgium, submitted on behalf of Bayer CropScience LP, based in the United States, an application concerning the renewal of the marketing authorisation for animal feed containing genetically modified maize MON 810. EFSA adopted a favourable opinion, which was published on 19 January 2024.

The GM maize has been modified to produce **insecticides** ('Bt toxins').

According to Parliament, questions remain concerning Bt toxins and the effects on non-target organisms of the use of genetically modified Bt crops.

**Member States** submitted many critical comments to EFSA, including that the compositional data for the GM maize should be checked and re-analysed and that the analysis should fulfil the present EFSA requirements, inter alia equivalence testing, and that the literature review did not include studies on the fate of Cry1Ab in the environment or on potential effects of Bt-crop residues on non-target organisms.

Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 requires the Commission to take into account, when drafting its decision, legitimate factors should include the Union's obligations under the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) and the UN Convention on Biological Diversity (UN CBD).

Members also insisted on the need to **reduce the dependency** on imported feed.

On a **procedural** note, Parliament recalled that it adopted 38 resolutions objecting to the placing GMOs on the market. Despite its own acknowledgement of the democratic shortcomings, the lack of support from Member States and the objections of Parliament, the Commission continues to authorise GMOs.

On the basis of these considerations, Parliament considered that the Implementing Decision is **not consistent with Union law**, which is to provide the basis for ensuring a high level of protection of human life and health, animal health and welfare, and environmental and consumer interests, in relation to GM food and feed, while ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market.

Therefore, Parliament called on the Commission to:

- **repeal Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1828;**

- **take into account the Union's obligations under international agreements**, such as the Paris Climate Agreement, the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. The draft implementing acts should be accompanied by an explanatory memorandum explaining how they uphold the principle of 'do no harm'.