## Procedure file

| Basic information  |                |                     |
|--|----------------|---------------------|
| COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic)           | 1995/2269(COS) | Procedure completed |
| European Community gas supply and prospects              |                |                     |
| Subject<br>3.60.03 Gas, electricity, natural gas, biogas |                |                     |

| Key players                  |   |                        |            |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------|
| European Parliament          | Committee responsible                                 | Rapporteur             | Appointed  |
|                              | ENER Research, Technological Development and          |                        | 06/02/1996 |
|                              | Energy  | PPE CHICHESTER Giles   |            |
|                              |   | TTE OFFICIENCE         |            |
|                              |   |                        |            |
|                              | Committee for opinion                                 | Rapporteur for opinion | Appointed  |
|                              |   | rapported for opinion  |            |
|                              | Econ Economic and Monetary Affairs, Industrial Policy |                        | 31/01/1996 |
|                              |   | PSE RÖNNHOLM Mikko     |            |
|                              | TRAN Transport and Tourism                            |                        |            |
|                              |   |                        |            |
|                              |   |                        |            |
|                              |   |                        |            |
| Council of the European Unio | - Council configuration                               | Meeting                | Date       |
| council of the European Unio |   |                        |            |
|                              | Energy  | <u>1921</u>            | 07/05/1996 |
|                              | Energy  | 1894                   | 20/12/1995 |

| Key events |  |               |         |
|------------|--|---------------|---------|
| 18/10/1995 | Non-legislative basic document published   | COM(1995)0478 | Summary |
| 13/11/1995 | Committee referral announced in Parliament |               |         |
| 20/12/1995 | Debate in Council                          | 1894          |         |
| 07/05/1996 | Resolution/conclusions adopted by Council  |               |         |
| 09/07/1996 | Vote in committee                          |               | Summary |
| 09/07/1996 | Committee report tabled for plenary        | A4-0235/1996  |         |
| 14/11/1996 | Debate in Parliament                       | <b>F</b>      |         |
| 14/11/1996 | Decision by Parliament                     | T4-0618/1996  | Summary |
| 14/11/1996 | End of procedure in Parliament             |               |         |
| 02/12/1996 | Final act published in Official Journal    |               |         |

| Technical information      |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Procedure reference        | 1995/2269(COS)                                 |
| Procedure type             | COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic) |
| Procedure subtype          | Commission strategy paper                      |
| Legal basis                | Rules of Procedure EP 142                      |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed                            |
| Committee dossier          | ENER/4/07202                                   |

| Documentation gateway                               |  |            |    |         |  |  |
|---|--|------------|----|---------|--|--|
| Non-legislative basic document                      | COM(1995)0478  | 18/10/1995 | EC | Summary |  |  |
| Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading | A4-0235/1996<br>OJ C 261 09.09.1996, p. 0004         | 09/07/1996 | EP |         |  |  |
| Text adopted by Parliament, single reading          | T4-0618/1996<br>OJ C 362 02.12.1996, p.<br>0234-0291 | 14/11/1996 | EP | Summary |  |  |

## European Community gas supply and prospects

OBJECTIVE: the Commission communication forms part of the framework set out in the Commission's Green Paper and White Paper, in which the security of supply of natural gas is designated as one of the three pillars of the common energy policy. It has a dual objective: - to provide a basis for discussing the future direction of the Community gas sector; - to examine the question of security of supply and evaluate how the EU can strengthen it in the long term. CONTENT: the Commission points out in its document that natural gas is increasing its market share in nearly all the Member States and will rise from around 19% today to some 26% by 2010. At the same time, while Community production is falling, the EU's dependency on imports from third countries may well rise considerably from nearly 40% today to 60% in 2010 and perhaps 75% in 2020. The Commission therefore: - considers it essential to integrate the Community gas network and calls for optimum cooperation in the event of serious crisis, in order to improve the overall security of supply of the EU. There is already short-term security since, according to the Commission, the EU could withstand an interruption of supplies from its main non-OECD suppliers (Russia and Algeria) for 9 and 20 months respectively. However, by 2010, it could have a shortfall of 20% in external supplies; - considers it crucial to interconnect the networks in order to obtain and maintain long-term security: several additional interconnections could improve security. Developing the TENs will allow the list of projects of common interest to be extended to include the "missing links" in the gas pipeline network and storage projects which include the needs of the more vulnerable Member States; - recommends a cost/benefit analysis of the creation of additional prospects with a view to dealing with increased dependency on third countries: the real volume of supplies which can withstand interruption in industry and in electricity generation in the Member States needs to be studied in order to determine the current level of supplies which can withstand interruption and the implications for security of supply in the event of a serious crisis; - points out that diversified gas supply sources are essential to the long term security of supply of the EU and suggests that closer links should be forged with suppliers who might, in the medium term, come from the Middle East, Latin America, central Asia and western Africa.?

## European Community gas supply and prospects

The establishment of a genuine internal market in Europe in the natural gas sector ensuring security of supply, public interest responsibilities and consumer rights was the objective of the report tabled under the consultation procedure by Mr CHICHESTER and adopted by the research and energy committee. To achieve this, there was a need for a trans-European network in gas supply linking up Baltic and Mediterranean countries, the UK and Ireland with the aim of achieving greater integration of the European economy. The research and energy committee called on the European Commission and the Council to take the necessary measures to achieve this. The committee believed that, given growing EU dependence on imports from third countries, mainly Russia, Norway and Algeria, one such measure should be a detailed risk analysis in relation to supplies. Moreover, with a view to concluding long-term, stable contracts, it called for an examination of social and political measures for supplier countries. Furthermore, the European Energy Charter could be extended to embrace countries to the south and even the Middle East. Other measures should concern the removal of obstacles caused by certain national prospecting and production policies. The European Commission and the industry were asked to support research work or programmes covering differing techniques or systems aimed at boosting energy output and ensuring a diversification of supply sources and types of fuel (hybrid systems, renewable gas/energy, co-generation etc.).?

## European Community gas supply and prospects

In adopting the report by Mr Giles CHICHESTER (PPE, UK), Parliament called on the Commission and Council to make progress with measures with a view to establishing a true internal market for natural gas ensuring security of supply, public interest responsibilities and consumers' rights and guaranteeing a high level of research and development. It considered that, in view of the EU's growing dependency on imports from third countries, one such measure should be a detailed risk analysis in relation to supply security. Moreover, with a view to

concluding long-term, stable contracts it called for a package of social and political measures for the supplier countries. Furthermore, the European Energy Charter could be extended to embrace countries to the south and possibly in the Middle East. Other measures should concern the removal of obstacles caused by certain national prospecting and production policies. The Commission and the industry were asked to support research work or programmes covering differing techniques or systems aimed at boosting energy output and ensuring a diversification of supply sources and types of fuel (hybrid systems, utilization of associated gases, systems for co-generation, reduction of serious gas pipeline leakage, natural gas liquefaction ). The EP considered that the Union and Member States should be aware of the risks associated with overdependence on any one energy source, and suggested that 25% of total energy supply constitutes the threshold which should trigger a review by the Commission. ?