


Procedure file

Basic information		
INI - Own-initiative procedure	1994/2183(INI)	Procedure completed
EC/Armenia agreement: partnership and cooperation agreement		
Subject 6.40.04.04 Relations with Caucasus countries		
Geographical area Armenia		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	RELA External Economic Relations		04/02/1997
		PPE KITTELMANN Peter	

Key events			
30/11/1994	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
05/02/1997	Vote in committee		Summary
05/02/1997	Committee report tabled for plenary	A4-0031/1997	
13/03/1997	Debate in Parliament		
13/03/1997	Decision by Parliament	T4-0125/1997	Summary
13/03/1997	End of procedure in Parliament		
14/04/1997	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	1994/2183(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 114
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	RELA/4/06137

Documentation gateway					
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A4-0031/1997	05/02/1997	EP	

		OJ C 085 17.03.1997, p. 0004			
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T4-0125/1997 OJ C 115 14.04.1997, p. 0124-0190	13/03/1997	EP	Summary

EC/Armenia agreement: partnership and cooperation agreement

Following the endorsement by the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Partnership and Cooperation Agreements between the EU and its Member States on the one part and the Transcaucasian Republic - Armenia on the other part, the Committee on External Economic Relations (Chair: Ms Luciana CASTELLINA (GUE/NGL,I)) delivered a positive assessment of the economic and commercial aspects of the agreement with Armenia (consultation procedure; Rapporteur: Peter KITTELMANN (EPP, D)). The committee beleives that it is urgent and essential for the European Union to step up its presence in the Transcaucasian region and contribute to the political stabilisation and economic development of the region and of Armenia in particular. The motion for a resolution that accompanies the report acknowledges the progress made by Armenia as far as the respect for the principles of a free market economy is concerned and calls upon the Armenian government to fight corruption and the organised criminal cartels that might hamper further progress. It expresses concern for the irregularities identified by international observers during the presidential elections of last September, but welcomes the constructive response of the Armenian authorities. The European Commission is called upon to ensure the smooth transition from relief to structural aid (TACIS). The Agreement confirms the EU-s commitment to support Armenia-s independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity. The committee is calling for the immediate termination of the occupation of part of Azerbaijan-s national territory by Armenia as well as of the economic blockade imposed on Armenia by Turkey and Azerbaijan. ?

EC/Armenia agreement: partnership and cooperation agreement

The report by Mr Peter KITTELMANN (PPE, D) on the economic and commercial aspects of the partnership agreement, which was adopted by the European Parliament, considered that it was urgent and essential for the European Union to step up its presence in the Transcaucasian region and to contribute to the political stabilisation and economic development of the region, and of Armenia in particular. Respect for the principles of a free market economy comprised one of the essential elements of the partnership and cooperation agreement. However, the progress achieved by this country in applying the principles of a free market economy was threatened by the rise in the power of organised criminal cartels. Consequently, Parliament urged Armenia to combat corruption, illegal dealings in industrial waste, counterfeiting, money laundering, drug trafficking and illegal immigration. Regretting the re-opening of the Mezdamor nuclear plant, Parliament underlined the need for the European Union to provide aid, by way of the TACIS programme, for the implementation of an energy strategy which would permit the use of alternative energy sources. Furthermore, noting the strategic importance of the Transcaucasian region as an energy supplier, Parliament called for a level playing field for the transit and export of energy products and for the development of investment projects in this sector (construction and repair of oil and gas pipelines). It also advocated developing a complete package of measures designed to promote good relations and regional cooperation and called on the Commission to arrange for a smooth transition between its humanitarian aid and its structural aid (TACIS). In the political sphere, while welcoming the cease-fire observed by Armenia, Azerbaijan and Upper Karabakh since May 1994, Parliament expressed concern about the economic blockade imposed on Armenia by Turkey and Azerbaijan and called for this to be lifted. It also called for Armenian troops to be withdrawn from the territory of Azerbaijan. Parliament also urged the EU to play a more decisive role in the region in order to settle existing conflicts and promote peace and prosperity in Transcaucasia. Finally, Parliament stressed that the development of Armenia was inseparable from that of the entire region and for this reason advocated that partnership agreements with this part of the world should be signed simultaneously. ?