


# Procedure file

Basic information	
COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic) <a href="#">1997/2049(COS)</a>	Procedure rejected
Free movement of persons: report by the High-Level Panel chaired by Mrs Simone Veil	
Subject 2.20 Free movement of persons	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<b>LIBE</b> Civil Liberties and Internal Affairs		19/06/1997
		UPE <a href="#">SCHAFFNER Anne-Marie</a>	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	<b>ECON</b> Economic and Monetary Affairs, Industrial Policy	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
	<b>JURI</b> Legal Affairs, Citizens' Rights		21/05/1997
		ELDR <a href="#">THORS Astrid</a>	
	<b>PETI</b> Petitions		24/06/1997
		PSE <a href="#">NEWMAN Edward</a>	
Council of the European Union			

Key events			
18/03/1997	Non-legislative basic document published	N4-0181/1997	Summary
14/05/1997	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
18/03/1998	Vote in committee		Summary
02/04/1998	Debate in Parliament		Summary
16/09/1998	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">A4-0108/1998</a>	
16/09/1998	End of procedure in Parliament		
16/09/1998	Additional information		Summary

Technical information	
Procedure reference	1997/2049(COS)

Procedure type	COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic)
Procedure subtype	Commission strategy paper
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure rejected
Committee dossier	LIBE/4/08746

### Documentation gateway

Non-legislative basic document	N4-0181/1997	18/03/1997	EC	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading	<a href="#">A4-0108/1998</a> <a href="#">OJ C 138 04.05.1998, p. 0005</a>	18/03/1998	EP	
Document attached to the procedure	COM(1998)0403	01/07/1998	EC	

## Free movement of persons: report by the High-Level Panel chaired by Mrs Simone Veil

**OBJECTIVE:** to put forward a series of concrete and balanced measures, presented in the form of recommendations, to improve the application of the right of free movement for persons in the EU. **SUBSTANCE:** The main conclusion is that, apart from a few exceptions, the legislative framework is, on the whole, satisfactory. However, cooperation between Member States needs to be improved (notably in border regions) to devote more attention to the protection of individual rights. The recommendations of the High Level Panel, chaired by Mrs Simone VEIL, focus the rights and responsibilities of European citizenship and include: - better information to raise people's awareness of their rights: this means stepping up and putting on a permanent basis the Commission's 'Citizens First' campaign in order to inform the people of their rights in the Community and find out where there are gaps in the legislation; - a new type of residence card for people temporarily in another Member State: the idea is to create a one-year card, which would be genuinely European. It would be issued by the Member State of origin, stating that the holder is covered by health insurance and has sufficient resources to cover his or her needs. It would be designed for European citizens who are neither tourists nor seeking to establish themselves. It would not give holders further rights, except social security cover for emergency health care for the duration of their stay; - more flexible interpretation by Member States of rules on residence requirements: issuing temporary residence cards which will limit access to social rights and therefore to acquiring a permanent right to stay is strongly discouraged in the report. The requirement to provide proof of sufficient resources should be made more flexible. It is proposed that a new less piecemeal and sectoral approach to citizenship be introduced. The objective is eventually to treat all European citizens (whether or not they are workers) as equal; - easier access to employment in other Member States: EURES (European Employment Services) should be developed in order to reach more citizens with more job offers across borders. Measures are also needed with regard to recognition of diplomas: people should be better informed of their rights and mutual trust between professional bodies and Member States' authorities should be strengthened. The report also recommends rapid adoption of the lawyers' directive and legislation to enable recognition of professional experience; - narrower definition of public service posts reserved for nationals: an agreement should be concluded between Member States on what constitutes a 'reserved' post and which state activities should be open to nationals from other Member States; - a need to modernize social rights (regulation 1408/71/EEC), in particular with regard to pensioners: the report recommends the 'exportability' of pre-retirement benefits (in particular by adopting a proposal which has been pending before the Council for 12 years, in the absence of unanimous decision). Social security provisions should not only concern people permanently working, living or retiring to other Member States, but also tourists, students and elderly people on short stays abroad. The report also proposes a more flexible approach to the system of forms for access to health care in another Member State (E111, E112) and advocates the development of interoperable 'smart' national social security cards; - more flexible rules to allow regrouping of families: the report recommends filling two main gaps in the existing legislation: there is no reason to deny children of more than 21 years of age or dependent relatives in the ascending line the right to join their family in another Member State, family reunification should cover new forms of 'cohabitation' (new definition of 'spouse'); - more emphasis on language training and cultural exchanges: learning other Community languages is the key to fully applying freedom of movement. Exchange programmes should be improved and made more accessible to young people, in particular by creating the new one-year residence card which will help facilitate mobility; - greater equality in tax treatment: tax matters governed by bilateral agreements should be consistent with cross-border social security rights at Community level (in particular to avoid double taxation). The report also recommends defining a legal basis to eliminate tax barriers and a common definition of residence for tax purposes. The taxation of frontier workers also needs to be clarified; - improving the situation of legally resident third country nationals: irrespective of Member States' immigration policies, certain provisions of Regulation 1408/71/EEC should be extended to legally resident third country nationals in a Member State. Their families should be treated in the same way as the families of Community citizens as regards family reunification and a right of residence should be recognized for a divorced spouse who is a third country national; - new means of redress for individuals with problems applying their rights and improved access to existing channels: the report suggests including in the Treaty an article on the right to information. To help citizens become aware of the means of redress available, the report suggests setting up contact points providing information and appropriate help. Specific training should be provided for officials responsible for free movement in the Member States and the legal profession. Citizens should also be better informed of the existence of the European Parliament's Committee on Petitions and the Ombudsman; - a single Commissioner responsible for freedom of movement: all the services dealing directly with the free movement of persons (including complaints) should be brought under a single Commissioner in order to clarify the situation and avoid unnecessary division of responsibilities. ?

## Free movement of persons: report by the High-Level Panel chaired by Mrs Simone Veil

The conclusions of the lengthy report by the High-Level Panel on the Free Movement of Persons, chaired by Ms Simone VEIL, received the seal of approval of the Committee. The main conclusion reached in Ms Veil's report is that, with a few exceptions, the free movement of

persons now exists and that most of the problems people encounter can be resolved without amending existing legislation. The Committee emphasised in this connection that the Commission should, where necessary, bring proceedings against Member States which are guilty of improper administrative practices. Parliament's rapporteur, Anne-Marie SCHAFFNER (UFE, F), stressed that freedom of movement should not be understood as applying purely to workers, as the Community originally intended, but should be seen as a basic principle applicable to all members of the public regardless of status. She welcomed the fact that the Commission responded swiftly to the conclusions of the Veil report by bringing forward proposals on issues relating to the free movement of persons, such as the question of supplementary pensions. According to Ms Schaffner, people who leave their country for another should enjoy exactly the same treatment as those who stay at home: they should neither be penalised nor derive any advantage from their situation ?

## Free movement of persons: report by the High-Level Panel chaired by Mrs Simone Veil

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As the report of the High-Level Panel on the free movement of persons chaired by Mrs Simone Veil was not available in all the official languages of the Community, the vote on the report by Mrs Anne-Marie SCHAFFNER (UPE, F) was held over to a later part-session. The report basically puts forward proposals to provide legal assistance to help citizens exercise their rights. Mrs SCHAFFNER also hopes that steps will be taken to facilitate the regrouping of families and calls for a distinction to be established between social security benefits, which can be exported, and social assistance which cannot be exported and is linked to the place of residence.

## Free movement of persons: report by the High-Level Panel chaired by Mrs Simone Veil

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The European Parliament rejected by 230 votes to 245 with 57 abstentions the report by Mrs Anne-Marie SCHAFFNER (UPE, F) on the report by the High Level Panel on the Free Movement of Persons chaired by Mrs Simone Veil. This vote was adjourned on 1 April 1998 for technical reasons.