## Procedure file

## Basic information COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic) 1997/2121(COS) Structural Funds: financial control, net financial corrections procedure Subject 4.70.01 Structural funds, investment funds in general, programmes

Key players					
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed		
	CONT Budgetary Control		16/06/1997		
		PSE COLOMINAVAL J	oan		
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed		
	REGI Regional Policy		<b>FI</b>		
Council of the European U	nion				

Key events					
12/05/1997	Non-legislative basic document published	N4-0246/1997	Summary		
09/06/1997	Committee referral announced in Parliament				
02/07/1997	Vote in committee				
02/07/1997	Committee report tabled for plenary	A4-0230/1997			
17/07/1997	Debate in Parliament				
18/07/1997	Decision by Parliament	T4-0414/1997	Summary		
18/07/1997	End of procedure in Parliament				
22/09/1997	Final act published in Official Journal				

Technical information		
Procedure reference	1997/2121(COS)	
Procedure type	COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic)	
Procedure subtype	Commission strategy paper	
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142	
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed	
Committee dossier	CONT/4/08978	

Documentation gateway							
Non-legislative basic document	N4-0246/1997	12/05/1997	EC	Summary			
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading	<u>A4-0230/1997</u> OJ C 286 22.09.1997, p. 0007	02/07/1997	EP				
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading	T4-0414/1997 OJ C 286 22.09.1997, p. 0325-0341	18/07/1997	EP	Summary			

## Structural Funds: financial control, net financial corrections procedure

OBJECTIVE: to introduce a net financial correction procedure for the structural funds. CONTENT: the European Commission and a group of personal representatives (GPR) of the ministers of finance is dealing with problems affecting shared budget management (Community/Member States) within the framework of the SEM 2000 programme (Sound and Efficient financial Management). The Commission and the GPR have agreed to introduce a financial correction procedure for the structural funds. The Commission plans to implement this procedure by August 1997 and has therefore submitted a document on: - a draft Commission regulation detailing the control obligations of the Member States (Article 23 of Regulation (EEC) No 4253/88); - a text containing guidelines on the application of financial corrections under Article 24 of Regulation (EEC) No 4253/88. The financial corrections for the EAGGF-Guarantee will henceforth constitute a coherent and consolidated system, albeit with lacunae. However, no such complete regulation exists in the field of the structural funds and clearance will therefore need to based on Regulation (EEC) No 4253/88, as amended by Regulation (EC) No 2082/93 (regulation on the coordination of the funds) and, more importantly on: - Article 23 (financial control) which makes provision for Member States to: . take measures to prevent, identify and prosecute irregularities and recover lost funds; . inform the Commission on the above measures, on administrative and judicial proceedings and on the control and management systems established. - Article 24 (reduction, suspension and cancellation of assistance). This article allows the Commission to reduce or suspend assistance in respect of an irregular operation if the nature or conditions for the implementation of the operation have changed significantly. This sanction is applied following an examination within the framework of the partnership and requires any unduly received sums to be repaid to the Commission.?

## Structural Funds: financial control, net financial corrections procedure

In adopting the report by Mr Joan COLOM I NAVAL (PSE, E), the European Parliament expressed the view that the procedure for applying financial corrections to the financing activities of the Structural Funds might be introduced on the basis of the pragmatic framework proposed by the Commission. However, it considered that certain shortcomings detracted from both the effectiveness and the transparency of the procedure, and reduced the clarity of relations with the discharge authority: - the Commission should be able to examine the accounts underpinning the declaration by the national body responsible for certifying the validity of the request for final payment and the legality and regularity of the underlying operations; to that end, it should be able to accredit the paying agencies and audit their accounts; - the procedure should be defined more clearly, particularly as regards the exchanges of views with Member States prior to the application of corrections; a conciliation committee might be envisaged; - the criteria for applying flat-rate corrections should be clarified, particularly as regards the scale of the correction, and the period to which it applied; - the relationship between the decision to make a correction and the decision to grant a discharge relating to the same period should be clarified. Parliament called on the Commission, if these shortcomings were not rectified within the current legal framework, to undertake to submit future proposals relating to the regulations governing the Funds and the Financial Regulation.?