




# Procedure file

| Basic information   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)<br>Decision  | 1997/0153(COD)<br>Procedure completed |
| Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases<br>Amended by <a href="#">2000/0192(COD)</a> |                                       |
| Subject<br>4.20.01 Medicine, diseases   |                                       |

| Key players                          |  |   |            |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|------------|
| <b>European Parliament</b>           |  |   |            |
|                                      | Former committee responsible                                   |   |            |
|                                      | <b>ENVI</b> Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection |   | 02/07/1997 |
|                                      |  | UPE <a href="#">CABROL Christian E.A.</a> |            |
|                                      | <b>ENVI</b> Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection |   | 02/07/1997 |
|                                      |  | UPE <a href="#">CABROL Christian E.A.</a> |            |
|                                      | Former committee for opinion                                   |   |            |
| <b>BUDG</b> Budgets                  |  | 30/06/1997                                |            |
|                                      |  | PSE <a href="#">HAUG Jutta</a>            |            |
| <b>Council of the European Union</b> |  |   |            |
| Council configuration                |  | Meeting                                   | Date       |
| Telecommunications                   |  | <a href="#">2172</a>                      | 22/04/1999 |
| Fisheries                            |  | <a href="#">2152</a>                      | 17/12/1998 |
| Social Affairs                       |  | <a href="#">2102</a>                      | 04/06/1998 |
| Health                               |  | <a href="#">2086</a>                      | 30/04/1998 |
| Health                               |  | <a href="#">2056</a>                      | 04/12/1997 |
| Health                               |  | <a href="#">2013</a>                      | 05/06/1997 |

| Key events |   |                              |         |
|------------|---|------------------------------|---------|
| 04/06/1997 | Legislative proposal published                          | COM(1997)0266                | Summary |
| 05/06/1997 | Debate in Council                                       | <a href="#">2013</a>         |         |
| 13/06/1997 | Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading |                              |         |
| 04/12/1997 | Debate in Council                                       | <a href="#">2056</a>         |         |
| 25/02/1998 | Vote in committee, 1st reading                          |                              | Summary |
| 25/02/1998 | Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st                | <a href="#">A4-0075/1998</a> |         |

|            |  |   |         |
|------------|--|---|---------|
|            | reading  |   |         |
| 10/03/1998 | Debate in Parliament                                     |     | Summary |
| 11/03/1998 | Decision by Parliament, 1st reading                      | T4-0137/1998  | Summary |
| 15/04/1998 | Modified legislative proposal published                  | COM(1998)0231   | Summary |
| 30/04/1998 | Council position published                               | <a href="#">07147/1/1998</a>  | Summary |
| 18/06/1998 | Committee referral announced in Parliament, 2nd reading  |   |         |
| 23/09/1998 | Vote in committee, 2nd reading                           |   | Summary |
| 23/09/1998 | Committee recommendation tabled for plenary, 2nd reading | <a href="#">A4-0333/1998</a>  |         |
| 07/10/1998 | Debate in Parliament                                     |    |         |
| 08/10/1998 | Decision by Parliament, 2nd reading                      | T4-0565/1998  | Summary |
| 17/12/1998 | Parliament's amendments rejected by Council              |   |         |
| 04/02/1999 | Formal meeting of Conciliation Committee                 |   |         |
| 04/02/1999 | Final decision by Conciliation Committee                 |   | Summary |
| 10/03/1999 | Joint text approved by Conciliation Committee co-chairs  | <a href="#">3603/1999</a>   |         |
| 25/03/1999 | Report tabled for plenary, 3rd reading                   | <a href="#">A4-0167/1999</a>  |         |
| 13/04/1999 | Debate in Parliament                                     |  |         |
| 14/04/1999 | Decision by Parliament, 3rd reading                      | T4-0300/1999  | Summary |
| 22/04/1999 | Decision by Council, 3rd reading                         |   |         |
| 29/04/1999 | Final act signed   |   |         |
| 29/04/1999 | End of procedure in Parliament                           |   |         |
| 22/06/1999 | Final act published in Official Journal                  |   |         |

### Technical information

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Procedure reference        | 1997/0153(COD)   |
| Procedure type             | COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) |
| Procedure subtype          | Legislation  |
| Legislative instrument     | Decision   |
|                            | Amended by <a href="#">2000/0192(COD)</a>                      |
| Legal basis                | EC before Amsterdam E 129                                      |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed  |
| Committee dossier          | CODE/4/10661   |

### Documentation gateway

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|   |   |            |        |         |
|---|---|------------|--------|---------|
| Legislative proposal  | <a href="#">COM(1997)0266</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 214 16.07.1997, p. 0007</a> | 04/06/1997 | EC     | Summary |
| Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report  | <a href="#">CES1172/1997</a>  | 29/10/1997 | ESC    | Summary |
| Committee of the Regions: opinion   | <a href="#">CDR0287/1997</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 064 27.02.1998, p. 0091</a>  | 19/11/1997 | CofR   |         |
| Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading                           | <a href="#">A4-0075/1998</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 104 06.04.1998, p. 0005</a>  | 25/02/1998 | EP     |         |
| Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading                                    | T4-0137/1998<br><a href="#">OJ C 104 06.04.1998, p. 0099-0136</a>             | 11/03/1998 | EP     | Summary |
| Modified legislative proposal   | <a href="#">COM(1998)0231</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 156 21.05.1998, p. 0021</a> | 15/04/1998 | EC     | Summary |
| Council position  | <a href="#">07147/1/1998</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 227 20.07.1998, p. 0010</a>  | 30/04/1998 | CSL    | Summary |
| Commission communication on Council's position  | SEC(1998)0998   | 11/06/1998 | EC     | Summary |
| Committee recommendation tabled for plenary, 2nd reading                                  | <a href="#">A4-0333/1998</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 328 26.10.1998, p. 0005</a>  | 23/09/1998 | EP     |         |
| Text adopted by Parliament, 2nd reading   | T4-0565/1998<br><a href="#">OJ C 328 26.10.1998, p. 0135-0145</a>             | 08/10/1998 | EP     | Summary |
| Commission opinion on Parliament's position at 2nd reading                                | COM(1998)0658   | 15/01/1999 | EC     | Summary |
| Joint text approved by Conciliation Committee co-chairs                                   | <a href="#">3603/1999</a>   | 10/03/1999 | CSL/EP |         |
| Report tabled for plenary by Parliament delegation to Conciliation Committee, 3rd reading | <a href="#">A4-0167/1999</a><br><a href="#">OJ C 219 30.07.1999, p. 0009</a>  | 25/03/1999 | EP     |         |
| Text adopted by Parliament, 3rd reading   | T4-0300/1999<br><a href="#">OJ C 219 30.07.1999, p. 0173-0215</a>             | 14/04/1999 | EP     | Summary |

#### Additional information

European Commission

[EUR-Lex](#)

#### Final act

[Decision 1999/1296](#)  
[OJ L 155 22.06.1999, p. 0007](#) Summary

## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

**OBJECTIVE:** the purpose of the proposal is to establish a programme on diseases caused, provoked or aggravated by environmental pollution, for the period from 01.01.1999 to 31.12.2003. The programme aims to contribute towards ensuring a high level of human health protection in relation to these diseases by improving knowledge and understanding of the associated health risks and the way to tackle some of them (especially asthma and allergies). **SUBSTANCE:** the following actions are eligible under the programme: 1) Actions to improve information on pollution-related diseases (better understanding of the role of pollutants in the causation or aggravation of diseases): .identification of diseases in which pollutants play a role; comparison of prevalence and/or incidence; examination of quality of existing data and identification of any gaps in knowledge; studying the toxicology of pollutants; comparison of data and definition of criteria used, including informing the public, .improving the comparability of data used in preventive actions by means of exchanges of information; 2) Actions concerned with risk perception with respect to pollution-related diseases: .support for actions aimed at achieving better public understanding of risks, their assessment and management; promoting work on the public perceptions of pollution-related risks to health, .promoting actions

concerning methods of increasing the level of knowledge of the general public and opinion-formers about pollution-related risks; 3) Actions concerned with respiratory diseases and allergies (support for activities aimed at reducing the prevalence and/or incidence of these diseases); .improving the provision of information to the general public and to specific groups on these diseases and the agents that play a role in them; contributing to the development of ways of improving the coordination of information campaigns; contributing to the efforts of self-help or support groups active in the field of respiratory diseases and allergies, .contributing to the comparison of various education and training initiatives used to combat these diseases, with a view to promoting best practice; reviewing the effectiveness of the preventive measures taken. Implementation: the Commission is to implement the programme in close cooperation with Member States. It will cooperate with institutions active in the field in question. It will be assisted by an advisory committee consisting of representatives of the Member States; Consistency and complementarity: the programme must be implemented so as to complement other relevant Community actions and to be consistent with them; International cooperation: the programme is open for participation by the associated countries of Central Europe and Cyprus and Malta. Cooperation with third countries and international organizations with a public health remit is also to be sought; Monitoring and assessment: the Commission is responsible for monitoring and assessing the programme continuously. It is to submit an evaluation report to Parliament and the Council during the 3rd year of operation. A final report will also be submitted to Parliament and the Council at the end of the programme; Budget: ECU 1.3 m for the first year (1999) (the financial framework for the four subsequent years will be decided after the adoption of the next financial perspective).?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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The Committee endorses the action programme because it is well reasoned and the proposed measures are clearly set out. It is also timely, well-founded and provides for a major Community contribution to the measures being taken in the field of public health. In addition, and even if there is already a large body of information on pollution-related diseases, the programme will yield necessary added value. The Committee would highlight the importance of cooperation with national authorities, the European Environment Agency, the WHO and third countries; and to acknowledge the work that the USA Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has carried out in the field of risk assessment and management with respect to pollution related-diseases. In order to avoid unnecessary duplication of work, the Committee urges the Commission to ensure that the proposed measures are consistent with and complementary to actions envisaged under the health monitoring programme and any other Community action relevant to pollution-related diseases. In the view of the Committee, it would be desirable if the Commission could put forward at least an outline of the funding requirements for the years 2000-2003, and if the budgetary authorities could ensure that such requirements were subsequently met. ?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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The report on pollution-related diseases was adopted by large majorities in the Committee. The report, all drafted by doctor MEPs, involves first reading, under the codecision procedure, of Commission proposals for Community action programmes for the five-year period 1999-2003. The report by Mr Christian CABROL (UFE, F) welcomes the programme to combat pollution-related diseases but takes the view that its scope is too restrictive. The Commission had singled out respiratory diseases and allergies, but the committee wants the programme to deal also with pollution from other sources, eg noise, food, water and waste. Members called for Community-wide coordinated epidemiological studies and want information directed at the public (rather than opinion-formers), particularly as regards ways of life and eating habits that could reduce the health risks caused by pollution. The committee adopted an amendment common to all three reports (CABROL and TRAKATELLIS (EPP,G) on injury prevention - COD97132 and VICECONTE (UFE,I) on rare diseases - COD97146 concerning budgetary provisions. For each programme, the Commission had specified a budget (ECU 1.3 million) for the first year only (1999), but the committee followed the rapporteurs in seeking an indicative framework of ECU 14 million for the whole of each five-year programme. The contention is that money could be recouped, eg through lower medical costs, if the programmes' aims are achieved. The Commission representative said his institution could only accept the ECU 14 million figure in the case of the Trakatellis report and then only if it came within the ceiling of the Community's financial perspective and included the existing EHLASS data collection system.?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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Commissioner Flynn said that he could accept only five of the 16 amendments tabled: Amendment No 7 in full and Amendments Nos 3, 8, 9 and 10 in part. The following amendments therefore had to be rejected: No 5 for budgetary reasons (Mr Flynn recalled that the current financial perspectives did not allow for the sum requested by Parliament), Nos 4, 11, 12 and 13 which exceeded the scope of the proposed action, Nos 1 and 2 referring to the Treaty of Amsterdam which was not as yet ratified and Nos 6, 14, 15 and 16 because the last three would reduce the duration of the programme to the three years needed for the preparatory work alone. Mr Flynn said that the Commission wanted to pay more attention to respiratory disease and allergies which had significantly increased over the last few years. In this respect, he proposed that the Commission should undertake to make widely available the experience acquired by some Member States in this area and to support the work of self-help groups for asthma and allergy sufferers.

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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In adopting the report by Mr Christian CABROL (UPE, F), the European Parliament welcomed the adoption of a programme to combat pollution-related diseases, but took the view that its scope was too limited. It called in particular for the programme not to be confined to respiratory diseases and allergies but to deal, more generally, with pollution-related diseases, stressing in particular that the diseases concerned must be defined clearly. Parliament called for the programme to pave the way for priority action by the Community in this field after the entry into force of the Amsterdam Treaty, and for the current programme to: -contribute to the realization of Community-wide epidemiological studies and the setting up in the Member States of a registration system for pollution-related health complaints to increase knowledge of the impact of certain pollutants, -improve knowledge of behaviour patterns, ways of life and eating habits that could reduce the

health risks caused by pollution, -promote actions to improve the level of knowledge of the general public about the impact of the various different policies on pollution and health. Parliament called for the appropriation for the programme for the period 1999-2003 to be increased to ECU 14 million.?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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The Commission's amended proposal adopting a programme of action on pollution-related diseases incorporated 4 of the 12 amendments adopted by Parliament at first reading. These concerned: -the definition of pollution-related diseases, -improving knowledge of the long-term effects of certain pollutants, -the way in which pollution-related diseases may be influenced by behaviour and life style, -the implementation of actions to improve the level of knowledge of specific groups about the impact of different policies on pollution and health. The amendments not incorporated concerned, in particular, the budgetary provisions proposed by Parliament (increasing the allocation) and extending the scope of the programme. The other amendments not incorporated made reference to the Amsterdam Treaty, which has not yet been ratified.?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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In its common position on the programme of action on pollution-related diseases, the Council substantially amended the Commission's proposal, limiting both the duration and the scope of the programme. It took the view that the current situation with regard to Community action in the field of public health and budgetary constraints made it necessary to proceed by stages in the field of pollution-related diseases, and therefore: -limited the programme to three years (1999-2001 rather than 2003), stating that the budget for it should be ECU 3.9 m for this period; -limited the general scope of the programme, confining the actions to be undertaken to efforts to improve public information and awareness concerning pollution-related diseases and the effectiveness of prevention in this field: the Commission's emphasis on training, information campaigns and assistance to autonomous groups active in the field of respiratory diseases and allergies vanished entirely from the programme. The Council inserted a reference to Article 228 of the TEU in connection with international cooperation under the programme - this Article implying the conclusion of international agreements rather than technical cooperation as called for by the Commission. The Council called for an evaluation report to be submitted at the end of the 3rd year - a point at which, according to the Council's own wish, the programme would barely have been completed. As regards the Council's treatment of Parliament's amendments, only 2 of the 4 which the Commission had included in its amended proposal survived: -one concerning improving knowledge of the long-term impact of certain pollutants, -one concerning the implementation of actions to improve work on public perception of health risks associated with pollution-related diseases and the impact of the policies adopted. Parliament's amendments concerning the definition of pollution-related diseases and seeking to extend the actions relating to the general public were rejected by the Council.?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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In its opinion on the common position of the Council concerning the programme of action on pollution-related diseases, the Commission indicates that it can only partially endorse the Council's text, for the following reasons: 1) the limits on the duration and scope of the programme: the Commission regrets that the Council has deleted from the programme the entire section concerning prevention of respiratory diseases and allergies despite the fact that millions of people in Europe suffer from such respiratory complaints or pollution-related allergies. The Commission considers it important to launch without delay a Community action to prevent these diseases, in relation to which policies, measures and good practices already exist. It particularly deplores the limiting of the programme to improving information and awareness of these diseases; 2) international cooperation: in the Commission's opinion, the reference to Article 228 of the TEU is not legally appropriate, as this article is the basis solely for the conclusion of international agreements and not for technical cooperation in the context of an agreed programme; 3) monitoring and evaluation: in the Commission's view, it is not possible to submit an evaluation report during the third year of the programme, given that according to the wishes expressed by the Council this would be its final year. The Commission considers that most of the actions which will have a genuine effect will take more than a year to make their mark. A proper evaluation would therefore need to be performed well after the end of the programme. By way of conclusion, the Commission says that, while accepting the common position of the Council, it wishes a statement to be entered in the minutes of the Council concerning these various points and the fact that the programme is of an evolutive character. The Commission believes that the programme ought rather to comprise a first series of actions in the field of pollution-related diseases.?

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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The recommendation on pollution-related disease was adopted in the Committee. The recommendations, drafted by doctor MEPs, is on common positions of the Council relating to Commission proposals for Community action programmes for the five-year period 1999-2003. This recommendation by Christian CABROL (UFE, F) concerns a programme to combat pollution-related diseases. In its common position, the Council reduced the duration of the programme from five to three years (1999 to 2001) and proposed a budget of ECU 3.9 million. It also deleted a section on respiratory diseases and allergies on the grounds that it was inappropriate, at this stage, to refer to specific illnesses. In its amendments, the committee restored the five-year time frame, for which it proposed a budget of ECU 7 million. It also restored the section deleted by the Council and also called for Community-wide coordinated epidemiological studies. Another amendment urged the promotion of knowledge of behaviour patterns, including ways of life and eating habits that could reduce the health risks caused by pollution.

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## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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In adopting the recommendation for second reading by Mr Christian CABROL (UPE, F), the European Parliament amended the common position of the Council, reinstating most of the amendments adopted at first reading, particularly: -the financial framework: the Council had limited this to ECU 3.9 million for the period 1999-2001 (rather than 1999-2003); Parliament called for the amount to be increased to 7 million

for the same period; -the scope of the programme: the programme was to cover pollution-related diseases and allergies in order to improve knowledge and understanding of health risks; an annex was to be inserted indicating the actions to be supported in this context (information campaigns to prevent these diseases, health education, etc.); -specific measures: coordinated epidemiological studies to be carried out throughout the territory of the EU to improve knowledge of the specific impact of certain pollutants, support for measures to improve public understanding of pollution-related health risks, promotion of behaviour patterns, ways of life and eating habits that could reduce the health risks caused by various types of pollution. Parliament also stressed the forward-looking nature of the programme: on the basis of a final report evaluating the programme, the Commission was to submit to the Council and the European Parliament any appropriate proposals for combating pollution-related diseases.?

## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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In presenting its amended proposal, the Commission has incorporated 2 of the 14 amendments adopted by the European Parliament. These refer to: - changes in objectives on the basis of evaluating during the course of the programme; - introducing promotion of knowledge of behaviour and lifestyles to reduce health risks. The Commission has rejected the remaining amendments which: - delete the recital referring to "light comitology"; - change the focus of the programme away from development of policy to inter alia a public information programme. The Commission considers that this would weaken its impact greatly; - impose a requirement on the Commission to take necessary measures to ensure consistency and complementarity with other Community programmes and notify these after six months. The Commission considers that it would be virtually impossible to identify all the other policy areas concerned, and equally impossible to "take necessary measures" and to notify them six months afterwards; - increase the budget to 7 MECU from 3.9 MECU and require an evaluation report at the end of the programme, rather than in its third year. The Commission considers that these amendments imply that the programme might last beyond the 3-year period planned; - require the Commission, on the basis of the evaluation report, to submit proposals for specific measures to be taken as it imposes unjustified obligations on the Commission; - introduce the idea of a contribution to the realization of Community-wide epidemiological studies, as the nature, duration, financial resources and scope of the programme are not such as to allow the meaningful support of such studies; - shorten the title of an annex heading, as the suggested revised title would not correctly reflect its contents.?

## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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A compromise on the respective demands of Council and EP was reached when the joint Parliament/Council Conciliation Committee gave the green light to the programme for Community action to combat pollution-related diseases. The programme to combat pollution-related diseases covers the three-year period 1999 to 2001. Parliament negotiated changes to the text to include reference to further European epidemiological cooperation and the continuation of Community research. Council was also persuaded to agree on the need to improve both the effectiveness of preventive actions and assessment knowledge of pollution-related diseases. In accordance with Parliament's wishes, the text now also highlights the need to provide information to the public and to groups and voluntary organizations which support those affected, directly or indirectly, by such diseases. Parliament also got Council to agree on promoting (initially via professionals) knowledge of behaviour patterns, ways of life and eating habits that could reduce pollution-induced health risks. The programme will have a budget of EUR 3.9 million. Parliament's rapporteur is Christian CABROL (UFE, F), a cardiovascular surgeon. Although Parliament's delegation would have liked more funding for the programme, it was decided to concentrate attention on the forthcoming Commission proposal for a new framework programme on public health. In a joint statement by EP, Council and Commission, the three institutions declare that, among the priorities to be addressed in this future programme, they will pay particular attention to pollution-related diseases and will give careful consideration to the budgetary consequences. The Commission also undertook to inform the EP annually on the decisions taken to implement the programme approved. The Conciliation Committee was chaired by Mrs Nicole FONTAINE, an EP vice-president, and, for the Public Health Council, Mr Erwin JORDAN, German State Secretary for Health. The parliamentary committee responsible is the Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Consumer Protection chaired by Ken COLLINS (PES, UK).?

## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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At third reading under codecision procedure, the European Parliament approved the joint text, approved by the Conciliation Committee, and the relevant joint declaration, for a European Parliament and Council decision adopting a programme of Community action on pollution-related diseases in the context of the framework for action in the field of public health (1999-2001). The Parliament's rapporteur is Christian E.A. Cabrol (UPE,FR).?

## Public health: Programme of Community action 1999-2003 on pollution-related diseases

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**PURPOSE:** to establish a programme of Community action on pollution-related diseases in the context of the framework for action in the field of public health (1999-2001). **COMMUNITY MEASURE:** decision 1296/1999/EC of the European Parliament and the Council. **CONTENT:** the programme, which has a financial framework of EURO 3.9 million for the period 1999-2001 aims, in the area of health and the environment, to contribute to the establishment of strategies and policies to prevent pollution-related diseases by: 1) improving information on pollution-related diseases (establishing priorities for the identification of those diseases in which specific pollutants are thought to play a role, examining the quality of epidemiological data for these diseases and identifying where data are lacking, reviewing data currently available on the toxicology of pollutants involved in these diseases and identifying gaps in knowledge which need addressing); 2) improving knowledge and understanding of the assessment and management of pollution-related diseases (improving the comparability of data used in preventive actions against pollution-related diseases, supporting the exchange of information aimed at achieving better public understanding of pollution-related health risks, promoting actions and exchanges of information on the methods of increasing the level of knowledge of the general public and opinion-formers about pollution-related risks to health, their assessment and management and promoting knowledge of behaviour patterns, ways of life and eating habits that could reduce pollution-related health risks). The Commission will ensure the implementation of the programme in close cooperation with the Member States and will also cooperate with institutions and organisations active in the field. The Commission will also be assisted by a committee composed of representatives of the Member States and chaired by a representative of the

Commission. The programme will be carried out in consistency and complementarity with other Community actions in the field of public health, particularly the Community action programme on health monitoring (1997-2001) and actions in the environmental and research fields. The programme will be open to participation by the associated countries of Central Europe in accordance with the conditions laid down in the Association Agreements or Additional Protocols relating thereto concerning participation in Community programmes. The programme will also be open to Cyprus and Malta, in accordance with procedures to be agreed. Subject to Article 228 of the Treaty (conclusion of international agreements), the programme will also be implemented in cooperation with third countries and international organisations competent in the sphere of public health. The Commission will ensure continuous monitoring and assessment of the programme. In the final year of the programme's operation, it will submit a full evaluation report to the European Parliament and to the Council, together with its conclusions on the need for future actions. The report should contain information on Community financing in the various fields of action and should also address developments within the framework for Community action in the field of public health in respect of pollution-related diseases. ENTRY INTO FORCE: 29/04/1999. It should be noted that the decision is accompanied by 3 declarations: 1) the first (interinstitutional) declares that the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission will pay particular attention, among the priority issues to be addressed within the framework of the future programme on public health, to rare diseases and pollution-related diseases and will duly take account of the budgetary implications; 2) the second provides an undertaking from the Commission that, in implementing the aspects concerning the provision of information on the programme on pollution-related diseases, the Commission will endeavour to give priority support to initiatives embracing the competent authorities of the Member States and the professionals concerned; 3) the third declaration provides an undertaking from the Commission to inform the European Parliament annually on the decisions taken to implement the programme.?