


Procedure file

Basic information	
INI - Own-initiative procedure	1998/2163(INI)
Procedure completed	
Relations with the Overseas countries and Territories OCTs, the ACP and very remote regions	
Subject 4.70.06 Outlying and outermost regions, overseas countries and territories 6.40.06 Relations with ACP countries, conventions and generalities	
Geographical area ACP countries	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	DEVE Development and Cooperation		02/09/1998
		UPE ALDO Blaise	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	REGI Regional Policy		22/09/1998
		ARE CASTAGNÈDE Bernard	
	PECH Fisheries		02/09/1998
		I-EDN SOUCHET Dominique F.C.	

Key events			
17/07/1998	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
21/01/1999	Vote in committee		Summary
21/01/1999	Committee report tabled for plenary	A4-0036/1999	
10/02/1999	Debate in Parliament		
11/02/1999	Decision by Parliament	T4-0119/1999	Summary
11/02/1999	End of procedure in Parliament		
28/05/1999	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	1998/2163(INI)

Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 54
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	DEVE/4/10345

Documentation gateway

Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading	A4-0036/1999 OJ C 150 28.05.1999, p. 0004	21/01/1999	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading	T4-0119/1999 OJ C 150 28.05.1999, p. 0284-0439	11/02/1999	EP	Summary

Relations with the Overseas countries and Territories OCTs, the ACP and very remote regions

In various parts of the globe, three categories of territory linked to the EU can be found within a single region: ACP states, overseas countries and territories (OCTs) belonging to EU Member States and "ultraperipheral regions" (UPRs) (i.e. the outermost regions) which form an integral part of the EU. The 1984-89 Lomé Convention called for these three categories, which each have a different status, to cooperate with each other. The report by Blaise ALDO (UFE, F), which has been adopted by the Committee, calls for "strong partnership relations and lively cooperation between the ultraperipheral regions, the OCTs and the ACP States". It urges the Commission and Council to ensure that the ultraperipheral regions and the overseas countries and territories are closely involved" in "regional and subregional political, economic and commercial partnerships which the Union wishes to establish with its partners in Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific by 2005". It calls for the Joint Assembly be reorganised so as to involve representatives of neighbouring UPRs and OCTs. It proposes that a forum for EU-OCT political dialogue be established and calls for the establishment of a European Fund for Developing the OCTs (EFDOCT). It calls for regional cooperation between the ACP states, the OCTs and the UPRs to be allocated a separate budget, the funds for which should be drawn from appropriations available under the EDF, ERDF and, where appropriate, the OCTDF. It also calls for the setting-up of regional weather stations and a research fund to prevent natural disasters. Lastly, the committee is in favour of upholding both the current trade arrangements giving products from the OCTs total and unlimited free access, and the rule on ACP/OCT mixed origins, since this does not prejudice the interests of the UPRs.?

Relations with the Overseas countries and Territories OCTs, the ACP and very remote regions

The Parliament voted to endorse the resolution drafted by Mr. Aldo (GUE, F) which stresses the importance of the EU's ultra-peripheral regions, in particular in the context of EU-ACP relations. This should be seen in the context of the political and economic partnerships which the European Union is proposing to build with the sub-regions of Africa, the Caribbean and the Pacific, within the framework of the forthcoming ACP-EC Convention, with provisions in due course for the establishment of a free trade area. The Parliament called upon the Commission and the Council to use appropriate information and consultation procedures to involve both the outermost regions and the OCTs on a systematic basis whenever one or other group can provide value added for Community action or may be directly affected by an internal legal provision or an international agreement, in particular within the current negotiations for new co-operation agreements between the EU and the ACP States. Among other things, the EP also called : - on the negotiators of the future ACP-EU Convention to enshrine in the body of the future Convention an express reference to the specific situation of the outermost regions and the OCTs within the overall EU-ACP relationship and to incorporate therein Annexes 32 and 34 to the Fourth ACP-EC Convention which should be extended to cover all the outermost regions; - for regional co-operation between ACP States, OCTs and outermost regions to be allocated a separate budget, the funds for which should be drawn from appropriations available under the EDF, ERDF operational programmes, the new INTERREG III Community initiative, and, where appropriate, the OCTDF, and for it to operate in an independent and uniform manner with a view to alleviating the problems and delays arising from the difference in status between each of the three partners; - on the Commission to submit legislative proposals in order to give substance to the establishment of the specific legal status of the outermost regions pursuant to Article 299(2) of the EC Treaty (as amended by the Treaty of Amsterdam). - on the Commission to take greater account of specific regional characteristics in the common fisheries policy, in particular in the Multiannual Guidance Programmes (MGPs) with a view to putting into place a management structure differentiated on the basis of the level of the particular stock and to promote the development of fishing in maritime areas with great fisheries potential; with this in mind, it called on the Commission to study the possibility of regionalising the MGPs; - on the authorities concerned to be extremely vigilant in checking the place of origin of products so as to prevent the abuse of the system by third countries and deflections of trade that unleash safeguard measures which heavily penalise all Community, OCT and ACP producers and operators.?