Procedure file

| Basic information | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------|
| COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic) | 2000/2055(COS) | Procedure completed |
| Sport: safeguarding current structures, maintening social function. Helsinki report | | |
| Subject 4.10.13 Sport | | |

| Key players | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|------------|
| uropean Parliament | Committee responsible | Rapporteur | Appointed |
| | CULT Culture, Youth, Education, Media and Sport | | 27/01/2000 |
| | | ELDR MENNEA Pietro-Paolo | |
| | Committee for opinion | Rapporteur for opinion | Appointed |
| | ECON Economic and Monetary Affairs | The committee decided not to give an opinion. | |
| | JURI Legal Affairs and Internal Market | PPE-DE LEHNE Klaus-Heiner | 29/02/2000 |
| | | FFE-DE LETINE Maus-Heiner | • |
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| council of the European Uni | ion | | |
| uropean Commission | Commission DG | Commissioner | |

| Key events | | | |
|------------|--|---------------------|---------|
| 10/12/1999 | Non-legislative basic document published | COM(1999)0644 | Summary |
| 18/02/2000 | Committee referral announced in Parliament | | |
| 13/07/2000 | Vote in committee | | Summary |
| 13/07/2000 | Committee report tabled for plenary | A5-0208/2000 | |
| 07/09/2000 | Debate in Parliament | - | Summary |
| 07/09/2000 | Decision by Parliament | <u>T5-0378/2000</u> | Summary |
| 07/09/2000 | End of procedure in Parliament | | |
| 07/05/2001 | Final act published in Official Journal | | |

| Technical information | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| Procedure reference | 2000/2055(COS) |
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| Procedure type | COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic) |
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| Procedure subtype | Commission strategy paper |
| Legal basis | Rules of Procedure EP 142 |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed |
| Committee dossier | CULT/5/12335 |

| Documentation gateway | | | | |
|---|--|------------|----|---------|
| Non-legislative basic document | COM(1999)0644 | 10/12/1999 | EC | Summary |
| Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading | A5-0208/2000 OJ C 135 07.05.2001, p. 0012 | 13/07/2000 | EP | |
| Text adopted by Parliament, single reading | <u>T5-0378/2000</u> OJ C 135 07.05.2001, p. <u>0200-0274</u> | 07/09/2000 | EP | Summary |

Sport: safeguarding current structures, maintening social function. Helsinki report

PURPOSE: To present a report on safeguarding current sports structures and suggesting ways in which the social function of sport may be maintained. CONTENT: The social function of sport has been affected by the emergence of new phenomena which sometimes call into question the ethics of sport and the principles on which it is organised. This report gives pointers for reconciling the economic dimension of sport with its popular educational and social dimensions. It makes the following points: - the European approach to sport has been affected by several phenomena. These include the rise in popularity of sport, its internationalisation, and the unprecedented development of its economic dimension. One of the first signs of these developments is the overloading of sporting calenders, which is linked to the expansion in doping. The others include the temptation for some sporting operators and certain large clubs to leave the federations in order to derive the maximum benefit from the economic potential of sport for themselves alone, and the hazardous future facing young people who are being led into top level sport increasingly young, with no other vocational training. - the Community, its Member States and the sporting movement need to reaffirm and stregthen the educational and social function of sport. With regard to he educational aspects, the Community could, amongst other things, promote the subsequent switch to other employment and future integration of sportspersons into the labour market. All institutions must join forces to combat doping. The integrity and autonomy of sport must be preserved. The purchase of sporting clubs by commercial bodies, such as communication groups, must, if permitted, be governed by clear rules, out of a concern for the preservaion of ethics.?

Sport: safeguarding current structures, maintening social function. Helsinki report

The committee adopted the report by Pietro-Paolo MENNEA (ELDR, I), on safeguarding current sports structures and maintaining the social function of sport within the Community framework. The committee stressed that sport was an ideal platform for social cohesion and democracy. It called for encouragement to be given to the establishment of sporting associations intended to support amateur sport and show solidarity with the less- advantaged sections of society, and called on the IGC to incorporate an explicit reference to sport in Article 151 of the Treaty so that the EU could recognise the cultural, economic and social phenomenon that sport represents. The committee also agreed that the subjects of vocational training and qualifications for sportsmen and women should be included in the Socrates and Leonardo programmes and that support should be given to the reintegration of sportsmen and women in the labour market at the end of their sporting careers. These programmes should also include education and vocational training to complement the sports training undergone by young athletes. In addition, the committee called on the Commission to draft a report on the position of sports education on the school curricula of the Member States and said that, since sport had a positive impact on health, the Commission should take it into account in the context of a Community health policy. It also said that particular attention should be paid to the funding and promotion of sport for the disabled under Community programmes. To improve the situation of women, the committee called on sports organisations to strengthen women's role in the decision-making process and develop gender equality plans for their members.?

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In her speech following the debate on the social dimension of sport, Ms. Viviane REDING, on behalf of the European Commission, agreed with the proposals and suggestions made by the Members, but stressed that it was no longer simply an ethical problem but, first and foremost, a problem of public health. The Commission's action must firstly consist in gathering opinions of experts, then involving itself in the world conference on doping in sport, and, lastly, harmonising Community actions in the various fields, in particular health and research. No action would be feasible without the support of the Member States and without dialogue with the sports federations, whether at national, EU or world level. She affirmed that the reports that had been presented by the European parliament would serve as vital leads to Community action in the future. She also announced her wish to organise a European Year of Sport in 2004.?

Sport: safeguarding current structures, maintening social function. Helsinki report

In approving the report drafted by Mr Pietro-Paolo MENNEA (ELDR, I), the European Parliament adopted the resolution on the Commission report to the European Council with a view to safeguarding current sports structures and maintaining the social function of a sport within the Community framework - the Helsinki Report on Sport. The European Parliament calls on the Commission to involve the existing work of the European Network of Sport Sciences in Higher Education (ENSSHE) and the subject of vocational training and qualifications for sportspersons in the EU's Socrates and Leonardo Programmes, together with the reintegration of sportspersons in the labour market when their sporting activity comes to an end. The Parliament underlines the importance of sport education at school and it calls on the Member States to attach due importance to the teaching of physical education in the curricula of all schools and to encourage young people to take part in amateur sports. Furthermore, the Parliament calls on the Intergovernmental Conference to include an explicit reference to sport in Article 151 of the Treaty, so that in its action the EU can recognise the cultural, economic and social phenomenon that sport represents. With regard to sporting associations, these should be encouraged, wherever this is intended to support amateur sport and show solidarity with the less-advantaged sections of society. In addition, the Parliament calls on the Commission to collect and disseminate widely best practice developed by local and regional authorities as community leaders and key players in local regeneration partnerships, as well as providers and enablers of services to all people in the community. Member States are urged to establish a sporting federation for disabled people, both the physically disabled and those with learning difficulties. Particular attention should be paid to the development, funding and promotion of sport for disabled people and to safeguard their special needs as part of sports culture and to provide exchanges between disabled and non-disabled sportspersons. Finally, to improve the situation of women, the European Parliament calls on sports organisations to share out responsibilities in sport between women and men and develop gender equality plans for their members. ?