

# Procedure file

Basic information	
CNS - Consultation procedure Regulation	2000/0314(CNS) Procedure completed
Agricultural products: measures for the benefit of Azores and Madeira for milk and milk products  Amended by <a href="#">2003/0006(CNS)</a> Amended by <a href="#">2003/0244(CNS)</a> Amended by <a href="#">2004/0051(CNS)</a>  Subject 3.10.05.02 Milk and dairy products 4.70.06 Outlying and outermost regions, overseas countries and territories  Geographical area Portugal	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<b>AGRI</b> Agriculture and Rural Development		05/12/2000
		PSE <a href="#">MARTÍNEZ MARTÍNEZ Miguel Angel</a>	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	<b>BUDG</b> Budgets		24/01/2001
		PPE-DE <a href="#">COSTA NEVES Carlos</a>	
	<b>JURI</b> Legal Affairs and Internal Market		20/03/2001
		V/ALE <a href="#">MACCORMICK Professor Sir Neil</a>	
	<b>RETT</b> Regional Policy, Transport and Tourism		24/01/2001
		ELDR <a href="#">SÁNCHEZ GARCÍA Isidoro</a>	
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	<a href="#">Transport, Telecommunications and Energy</a>	<a href="#">2364</a>	28/06/2001
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	<a href="#">Agriculture and Rural Development</a>		

Key events			
29/11/2000	Legislative proposal published	COM(2000)0791	Summary
15/01/2001	Committee referral announced in		

	Parliament		
14/03/2001	Modified legislative proposal published	COM(2001)0156	Summary
28/05/2001	Vote in committee		Summary
28/05/2001	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A5-0197/2001</a>	
14/06/2001	Debate in Parliament		
14/06/2001	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T5-0344/2001</a>	Summary
28/06/2001	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
28/06/2001	End of procedure in Parliament		
21/07/2001	Final act published in Official Journal		

### Technical information

Procedure reference	2000/0314(CNS)
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
	Amended by <a href="#">2003/0006(CNS)</a> Amended by <a href="#">2003/0244(CNS)</a> Amended by <a href="#">2004/0051(CNS)</a>
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 036; EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 299-p2; EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 037
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

### Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal	COM(2000)0791	29/11/2000	EC	Summary
Modified legislative proposal	COM(2001)0156 <a href="#">OJ C 180 26.06.2001, p. 0247 E</a>	14/03/2001	EC	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A5-0197/2001</a>	28/05/2001	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">T5-0344/2001</a> OJ C 053 28.02.2002, p. 0242-0357 E	14/06/2001	EP	Summary

### Additional information

European Commission	<a href="#">EUR-Lex</a>
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### Final act

[Regulation 2001/1453](#)  
[OJ L 198 21.07.2001, p. 0026](#) Summary

**PURPOSE** : to adopt specific measures for certain agricultural products for the Azores and Madeira. **CONTENT** : this draft Regulation follows the implementation since 1992 of the agricultural sections of the POSEI programmes in the Azores and Madeira which was stated in the communication adopted by the Commission in 2000, together with proposals to amend Council Regulations where justified. With regard to the agricultural sector of the POSEI programmes, the Council adopted programmes for options specific to the remote and insular nature of certain Community regions (POSEI), in 1991 for the Azores and Madeira. The Common Agricultural Policy applies fully to the agricultural production of the most remote regions through the common organisations of the market and a substantial package of agricultural measures under Council Regulations 3763/91/EEC (POSEIDOM), 1600/92/EEC (POSEIMA) and 1601/92/EEC (POSEICAN), the goal of which is to adapt the common policies to take account of the specific conditions of those regions. The Agricultural section of the POSEI programmes addresses the permanent handicaps (difficult terrain, particular climate, distance, small size holdings) and specific constraints (lack of economies of scale, dependency, very high production costs). It is financed by the EAGGF Guarantee Section (around EUR 200 million/year) and provides, in particular for two types of measure: specific supply arrangements and specific measures to assist local agricultural production. It also includes derogations from veterinary, plant health and structural measures, as well as a graphic symbol. This proposal for a regulation is a recasting of the arrangement currently in force. As in the past, all derogations are to be grouped together in a single regulation for each region. This proposed regulation therefore contains a Title IV dealing with the structural derogations. That Title contains a provision with wording which is identical to that used in the proposal submitted to the Council for a regulation amending the three abovementioned Regulations. Adoption of the structural derogations is a matter of some urgency because of the deadlines for effective implementation of the programming structural measures. It is therefore essential to propose that the Council adopt these derogations in a preliminary regulation amending the current arrangements, and to include these amendments subsequently in the recasting of the regulations introducing specific measures for certain agricultural products in the Azores and Madeira. Lastly, Portugal shall present to the Commission an annual report on the implementation of the measures provided for in the Regulation. At the end of the fifth year of application of the system the Commission shall submit to Parliament and the Council a general report showing the impact of the action taken under this Regulation. ?

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## Agricultural products: measures for the benefit of Azores and Madeira for milk and milk products

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To find a solution to the problems in the milk sector in the Azores and Madeira and create conditions conducive to the restructuring of the sector in that region, where agricultural activity is highly dependent on milk production, and in view of that dependence, which in combination with other handicaps linked to its extreme remoteness is detrimental to its economic development, the Commission proposes this proposal to introduce specific measures for certain agricultural products for the Azores and Madeira. Based on the figures currently available, this measure, strictly limited to the Azores, will involve a maximum of 73 000 tonnes of milk, i.e. 3.86% of the Portuguese quota. The Commission is presenting this draft provision to resolve the above problem within the framework of the proposal for a Council Regulation introducing specific measures for certain agricultural products for the Azores and Madeira in the form of an amended proposal. The Council is requested to examine this together with the original proposal.?

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## Agricultural products: measures for the benefit of Azores and Madeira for milk and milk products

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The European Parliament adopted the report by Mr Miguel Angel MARTINEZ MARTINEZ (PES, E) on providing, in particular, aid for cattle farmers in the Azores and Madeira. (Please refer to the previous document).?

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## Agricultural products: measures for the benefit of Azores and Madeira for milk and milk products

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**PURPOSE** : to introduce specific measures for certain agricultural products for the Azores and Madeira. **COMMUNITY MEASURE** : Council Regulation 1453/2001/EC repealing Regulation 1600/2001/EEC (Poseima). **CONTENT** : the Council agreed on certain agricultural aspects to implement the measures of Article 299 paragraph 2 of the EC Treaty relating to outermost regions. These specific measures concern certain agricultural products in favour of the French overseas departments (see CNS/2000/0313), the Azores and Madeira and the Canary Islands (see CNS/2000/0316) as well as amending the organisation of the market in beef and veal (CNS/2000/0317). The measures aim to consolidate and to adapt the acquis, and to improve the current agricultural framework in favour of these regions, by remaining in the framework of the credits provided by the financial perspective. They provide to simplify the management of the regimes, by improving the transparency and the cost-effectiveness and, at the same reinforce the follow-up and control of the provisions. **ENTRY INTO FORCE** : 24/07/2001.?