


# Procedure file

Basic information		
COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic)	<a href="#">2001/2218(COS)</a>	Procedure completed
European Investment Bank. Annual report 2000		
Subject 8.40.07 European Investment Bank (EIB)		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<b>ECON</b> Economic and Monetary Affairs	ELDR <a href="#">SCHMIDT Olle</a>	10/07/2001
Council of the European Union			

Key events			
15/04/2001	Non-legislative basic document published	N5-0541/2001	Summary
06/11/2001	Vote in committee		Summary
06/11/2001	Committee report tabled for plenary	<a href="#">A5-0392/2001</a>	
12/11/2001	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
05/02/2002	Debate in Parliament		
05/02/2002	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T5-0034/2002</a>	Summary
05/02/2002	End of procedure in Parliament		
21/11/2002	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2001/2218(COS)
Procedure type	COS - Procedure on a strategy paper (historic)
Procedure subtype	Commission strategy paper
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 142
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ECON/5/15378

Documentation gateway

Non-legislative basic document		N5-0541/2001	15/04/2001	OS	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		<a href="#">A5-0392/2001</a>	06/11/2001	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		<a href="#">T5-0034/2002</a> <a href="#">OJ C 284 21.11.2002, p. 0025-0111 E</a>	05/02/2002	EP	Summary

## European Investment Bank. Annual report 2000

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**PURPOSE :** to present the European Investment Bank's (EIB) report for the year 2000. **CONTENT:** Following the Lisbon European Council in March 2000, which called for increased support for operations to assist SMEs, the EIB Group was set up. The report describes the Group's role in boosting the competitiveness of European industry. Lending activity - in 2000, EIB lending for projects to encourage the attainment of EU objectives totalled EUR 36 billion, a 13% increase on the previous year. The EIB provided EUR 30.6 billion for projects in the Member States, EUR 2.9 billion for the Central European Accession Countries and EUR 2.4 billion for loans in the Partner Countries: - EUR 13.7 billion was granted in individual loans (73% of this type of finance) for support for economic and social cohesion within the Union. If the impact of global loans in the less favoured regions is included, this contribution amounts to some EUR 20 billion. A substantial proportion went to the Cohesion Countries and the Germany's Eastern Lander. On the "Innovation 2000 Initiative", operations totalling EUR 1.6 billion have been signed since May 2000. In the Central European Accession Countries, EUR 1.6 billion of the total lent came from the Pre-Accession Facility at the EIB's own risk, with the focus on transport and telecommunications projects (EUR 959 million) and projects aimed at compliance with European environmental standards (EUR 746 million). The loan for Partner Countries breaks down into: EUR 1.2 billion for the Euro-Mediterranean Partnership; EUR 401 million for the ACP States; EUR 140 million for South Africa; EUR 532 million for Asia and Latin America and EUR 154 million for the Balkans. Loans for environmental projects came to EUR 6.4 billion and support for investment by SMEs totalled EUR 6.2 billion. Lending remained buoyant for trans-European networks and major infrastructure (EUR 7.5 billion.) Operations involving human capital amounted to EUR 1.2 billion. Aggregate activity is dominated by loans for transport and telecommunications infrastructure (32%) and backing for investment in SMEs (35%). There was also a sharp upturn in lending for environmental projects. Borrowing activity - By virtue of its position as the leading non-sovereign AAA issuer worldwide, the Bank borrowed EUR 29 billion in 2000. The EUR, GBP and USD accounted for over 90% of the EIB's borrowings. Transactions in GBP, the leading currency among the Bank's borrowings, consolidated the Bank's position as a major benchmark issuer. Also launched was the Bank's maiden euro-market Polish zloty borrowings, a debt-issuance programme in PLN, to facilitate EIB's access to the domestic Polish market. Liquidity management - at 31 December 2000 liquid funds totalled some EUR 16 billion, i.e, EUR 13 billion net of short-term commitments. The operational money market portfolio of EUR 13.2 billion constituted the bulk of liquid funds. The investment bond portfolio of EUR 2.5 billion represents the second line of liquidity. Liquidity management results - operations generated gross interest income (excluding the hedging portfolio of EUR 869 million, corresponding to an overall book return of 5.59%.?

## European Investment Bank. Annual report 2000

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The committee adopted the report by Olle SCHMIDT (ELDR, S) on the EIB's 2000 annual report. It welcomed the Bank's activities, in particular the financial assistance given to the candidate countries preparing to join the EU. In future, the committee would like the Bank to concentrate on health- and education-related projects in these countries. As far as lending activities in the EU were concerned, the committee wanted to see the Bank contributing to the Lisbon process and backing innovation and knowledge-based projects. It also felt that the profile of the EIB and opportunities for loans to small businesses should be enhanced. It would, however, like to see publicity about the EIB expanded to include information given in more than three languages. Furthermore, information on the EIB's evaluation of projects should be made more widespread. On the question of supervising the EIB's borrowing and lending activities, the committee insisted on proper prudential supervision by a competent body. This could be the European Central Bank but if Council could agree on this, then the issue should be taken up at the forthcoming Inter-Governmental Conference. The report also emphasised the importance of providing financial assistance for environmental projects and the need for a proper environmental impact assessment study to be taken into account before loans for projects were approved. The committee would also like to see employment impact studies. ?

## European Investment Bank. Annual report 2000

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The European Parliament adopted the resolution by Mr Olle SCHMIDT (ELDR, S). (Please refer to the summary dated 06/11/01).?