


# Procedure file

Basic information	
COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Directive	Procedure lapsed or withdrawn
Noise pollution: noise classification of civil subsonic aircraft, calculation of noise charges	
Subject 3.20.01 Air transport and air freight 3.40.05 Aeronautical industry, aerospace industry 3.70.07 Noise pollution	

Key players	
European Parliament	
Council of the European Union European Commission	Commission DG Energy and Transport
	Commissioner

Key events			
19/12/2001	Legislative proposal published	COM(2001)0074	Summary
17/01/2002	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
10/07/2002	Vote in committee, 1st reading		Summary
09/07/2002	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading	<a href="#">A5-0269/2002</a>	
03/09/2002	Debate in Parliament		
03/09/2002	Decision by Parliament, 1st reading	<a href="#">T5-0396/2002</a>	Summary
28/11/2002	Modified legislative proposal published	<a href="#">COM(2002)0683</a>	Summary
06/08/2004	Additional information		Summary

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2001/0308(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Directive
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 080-p2; Rules of Procedure EP 57
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure lapsed or withdrawn

## Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal	<a href="#">COM(2001)0074</a> <a href="#">OJ C 103 30.04.2002, p. 0221 E</a>	20/12/2001	EC	Summary
Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report	<a href="#">CES0677/2002</a> <a href="#">OJ C 221 17.09.2002, p. 0017</a>	29/05/2002	ESC	
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A5-0269/2002</a>	10/07/2002	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">T5-0396/2002</a> <a href="#">OJ C 272 13.11.2003, p. 0031-0356 E</a>	03/09/2002	EP	Summary
Modified legislative proposal	<a href="#">COM(2002)0683</a>	29/11/2002	EC	Summary

## Additional information

European Commission

[EUR-Lex](#)

## Noise pollution: noise classification of civil subsonic aircraft, calculation of noise charges

**PURPOSE :** to establish a Community framework for noise classification of civil subsonic aircraft for the purposes of calculating noise charges.

**CONTENT :** the aim of this proposed Directive is to enhance the environmental effectiveness of noise charges levied at airport level by ensuring that common criteria based on the noise performance of aircraft are used when calculating the level of these charges for environmental purposes. Community airport charging systems differ from one Member State to another. There may also be differences within Member States. In 8 Member States the charging system incorporates an environmental component, such as a specific noise charge or as part of the landing charge modulated according to the noise of the aircraft. At a large number of airports, which currently apply noise related airport charges, the charging system only differentiates between Chapter 2 and Chapter 3 aircraft, as defined by Annex 16 - volume 1 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation. Other airport charging systems, which classify aircraft in a larger number of noise groups than just Chapter 2 and Chapter 3 and which use either noise certification data or operational noise levels. The Commission has addressed the current lack of harmonisation in airport charging systems in general and presented on 23 April a Proposal for a Council Directive on airport charges. The aim was to establish a common framework to ensure fair and equitable treatment of users. It would also allow airports to adapt the use of the charging system to be compatible with environmental constraints. In relation to the environmental component, the proposal allowed for the modulation of airport charges on the basis of the environmental costs due to air traffic, provided that it was revenue neutral and applied in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner. However, the proposal did not contain any guidelines on the criteria to be used for this modulation. So far, it has not been possible to reach a common position in the Council on this proposal. The present proposal for a Directive addresses that shortcoming and provides a common framework for aircraft noise classification. The framework could usefully complement the proposed airport charges directive or could stand-alone, as the introduction of a common framework would enhance convergence, transparency and predictability in the noise component of charging systems. The proposed common classification of aircraft is based on the principle that an aircraft operator should pay a fair price that should be proportional to its noise impact, independently of the weight of the aircraft or of the transport service rendered. However, additional data reflecting the 'noise productivity' (i.e. the noise emitted per passenger or tonne of cargo) could usefully complement the aircraft classification. Such data would make it possible to recognise the environmental merits or larger aircraft, even if these aircraft are noisier in absolute terms when compared to lighter aircraft. Therefore, the proposal contains a discretionary provision on information to the public concerning the noise productivity of heavier aircraft.?

## Noise pollution: noise classification of civil subsonic aircraft, calculation of noise charges

The committee adopted the report by Hans BLOKLAND (EDD, NL) amending the proposal under the codecision procedure (1st reading). It wanted to ensure that, under the formula retained for calculating noise charges, a wider range of decibels was covered so that "the culprits responsible for the most noise will pay more". The committee also felt that it should be possible to levy different noise charges for different times of the day. The report further called for consideration to be given, in future, to the possibility of measuring noise levels in situ near aerodromes to reflect the actual operating conditions and thus the noise nuisance actually perceived by people living close by. Lastly, the committee wanted to extend the deadline for implementing the new system of noise charges from 1 April 2003 to 1 April 2004, to allow airport operators more time in which to adjust to the new legal framework.?

## Noise pollution: noise classification of civil subsonic aircraft, calculation of noise charges

The European Parliament adopted a resolution drafted by Hans BLOKLAND (EDD, NL) on the Commission's proposal on noise charges. (Please refer to the document dated 10/07/02.) Parliament stated that environmental charges that are levied with the specific purpose of financing environmental mitigation measures in the area surrounding airports, such as sound insulation, are compatible with ICAO charging

principles and should be allowed under the Directive. Another amendment stated that existing, alternative systems of noise charges at airports may be retained, provided that they go further and are more advanced, than the system provided for in the Directive.?

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Out of the 12 amendments proposed by the European Parliament, the Commission can accept 5. The remaining amendments cannot be accepted. As regards the 5 amendments adopted by the European Parliament and accepted by the Commission, these concern : - changes to the title of the Proposal. By deleting the reference to "noise classification" the title of the Proposal reflects more accurately the proposed methodology which is based on a continuous formula and not on a discrete classification of aeroplanes; - the possibility to use different unit noise charges for different times of the day; - postponing the proposed date of 1 April 2003 by one year to 1 April 2004; - confirming that the proposal is fully compatible with relevant ICAO guidelines; - limiting the number of time periods to three compensates for the possible effect of doubling the ratio to 1-40. The amendment establishes also compatibility with the environmental noise Directive 2002/49/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 June 2002 relating to the assessment and management of environmental noise, which also uses three time periods (day, evening and night).?

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As this proposal is no longer of topical interest, it has been withdrawn by the Commission.