

# Procedure file

Basic information		
CNS - Consultation procedure Regulation	<a href="#">2002/0203(CNS)</a>	Procedure completed
Access to documents: opening to the public of the historical archives of the Community and the EAEC		
See also <a href="#">2012/0221(APP)</a>		
Subject 1.20.05 Public access to information and documents, administrative practice		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<b>LIBE</b> Citizens' Freedoms and Rights, Justice and Home Affairs		
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	<b>JURI</b> Legal Affairs and Internal Market	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
	<b>ITRE</b> Industry, External Trade, Research, Energy	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
Council of the European Union	<b>AFCO</b> Constitutional Affairs		04/11/2002
		PPE-DE <a href="#">MAIJ-WEGGEN</a> <a href="#">Hanja</a>	
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	<a href="#">Competitiveness (Internal Market, Industry, Research and Space)</a>	<a href="#">2525</a>	22/09/2003
	<a href="#">General Affairs</a>	<a href="#">2522</a>	21/07/2003
European Commission	Commission DG <a href="#">Secretariat-General</a>	Commissioner	

Key events			
19/08/2002	Legislative proposal published	<a href="#">COM(2002)0462</a>	Summary
23/09/2002	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
18/02/2003	Vote in committee		Summary
18/02/2003	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A5-0035/2003</a>	
11/03/2003	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T5-0076/2003</a>	Summary
30/04/2003	Modified legislative proposal published	<a href="#">COM(2003)0244</a>	Summary

22/09/2003	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
22/09/2003	End of procedure in Parliament		
27/09/2003	Final act published in Official Journal		

### Technical information

Procedure reference	2002/0203(CNS)
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
	See also <a href="#">2012/0221(APP)</a>
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 308
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	LIBE/5/16605

### Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal		<a href="#">COM(2002)0462</a> <a href="#">OJ C 331 31.12.2002, p. 0169 E</a>	19/08/2002	EC	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		<a href="#">A5-0035/2003</a>	18/02/2003	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		<a href="#">T5-0076/2003</a> OJ C 061 10.03.2004, p. 0025-0098 E	11/03/2003	EP	Summary
Modified legislative proposal		<a href="#">COM(2003)0244</a>	30/04/2003	EC	Summary

### Additional information

European Commission	<a href="#">EUR-Lex</a>
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### Final act

<a href="#">Regulation 2003/1700</a> <a href="#">OJ L 243 27.09.2003, p. 0001-0004</a> Summary
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## Access to documents: opening to the public of the historical archives of the Community and the EAEC

PURPOSE : to amend amending Regulation 354/83/EEC, Euratom concerning the opening to the public of the historical archives of the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community. CONTENT : the general principles and the limits governing the public's right of access to documents of the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission were laid down in European Parliament and Council Regulation 1049/2001/EC. The exceptions to public right of access provided for in Regulation 1049/2001/EC are applicable for a maximum period of thirty years. The exceptions relating to protection of privacy or commercial interests and the specific provisions on sensitive documents may, however, apply beyond that period if necessary. Council Regulation 354/83/ EEC, Euratom provides that the public will not be given access to certain categories of documents thirty years after the documents were created. It is necessary to bring these exceptions into line with the exceptions to right of access provided for in Regulation 1049/2001/EC.?

## Access to documents: opening to the public of the historical archives of the Community and the EAEC

The committee adopted the report by Marcelino OREJA ARBURÚA (EPP-ED, E) amending the proposal under the consultation procedure. It wanted it to be clearly stated that, before the expiry of the 30-year period after which the historical archives are opened to the public, access to these documents should be governed by Regulation 1049/2001 on public access to documents. Moreover, it wanted the proposed regulation to apply also to the "agencies and similar bodies created by the institutions". MEPs also adopted a number of drafting amendments aimed at ensuring that the exceptions provided for in the proposal referred explicitly to Regulation 1049/2001 so that they would be interpreted in the same way. The committee made a number of other recommendations: - where possible, the historical archives should be made available either in electronic form or through a register and also in a format enabling people with sensory difficulties to use them; - each institution should send Parliament an annual report on their part of the Community archives, and the annual report drawn up by the European University Institute in Florence should be formally sent to Parliament; - two years after the Regulation's entry into force, the Commission should conduct a thorough review of the Community archives and of the historical archives, followed by legislative proposals where appropriate, with a view to increasing transparency and improving access for citizens.?

## Access to documents: opening to the public of the historical archives of the Community and the EAEC

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The European Parliament adopted a resolution drafted by Marcelino OREJA ARBURUA (EPP-ED, Spain) and made some amendments to the Commission's proposal. (Please refer to the document dated 18/02/03.) Parliament also stated in the recitals that the exceptions to public right of access provided for in Regulation 1049/2001/EC are exhaustive and apply independently of the place in which documents are kept. Documents selected for keeping in special archives do not constitute a special category of documents in this respect. Parliament went on to call for initiation of the conciliation procedure under the joint declaration of March 1975 if the Council intends to depart from the Parliament's text. It also called on the European Convention to examine the possibility of including all agencies and bodies of the EU within the scope of Article 225 of the Treaty in order to facilitate the application of a constant regime on access to documents and on the historical archives.?

## Access to documents: opening to the public of the historical archives of the Community and the EAEC

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The Commission states that it has decided to accept a large proportion of the amendments proposed by the Parliament. It resents an amended proposal. On the question of Regulation 1049/2001, the proposal states: - the exceptions to public right of access provided for in Regulation 1049/2001 are applicable for a maximum period of 30 years. The exceptions relating to protection of privacy or commercial interest and the specific provisions on sensitive documents apply beyond that period if necessary; - Council Regulation 354/83 provides that the public will not be given access to certain categories of documents 30 years after the documents were created. Pursuant to Article 18(2) of Regulation 1049/2001, these exceptions must be brought into line with the exceptions to right of access provided for in that Regulation; - all documents available to the public before the expiry of 30 years will remain available without restriction; - the proposal goes on to make specific reference to the exceptions contained in Articles 4(1) and (2) of Regulation 1049/2001; - the Regulation will apply to "similar agencies and bodies"; - where possible, the institutions will make their archives available to the public by electronic means, and conserve documents in forms meeting special needs.?

## Access to documents: opening to the public of the historical archives of the Community and the EAEC

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PURPOSE : to amend Regulation 354/83/EC in order to align exceptions to the public's right of access with the exceptions in Regulation 1049/2001/EC. LEGISLATIVE ACT : Council Regulation 1700/2003/EC, Euratom amending Regulation 354/83/EEC, Euratom concerning the opening to the public of the historical archives of the European Economic Community and the European Atomic Energy Community. CONTENT : Article 255 of the Treaty gives any citizen of the Union and any natural or legal person residing or having its registered office in a Member State a right of access to European Parliament, Council and Commission documents. The general principles and the limits governing the public's right of access to documents of the European Parliament, the Council and the Commission were laid down in Regulation 1049/2001/EC. The exceptions to public right of access provided for in that Regulation are applicable for a maximum period of 30 years, irrespective of the place where the documents are stored. The exceptions relating to protection of privacy or commercial interests and the specific provisions on sensitive documents may, however, apply beyond that period if necessary. Council Regulation 354/83/EC, Euratom provides that the public will not be given access to certain categories of documents 30 years after the documents were created. Pursuant to Article 18(2) of Regulation 1049/2001/EC, this Regulation brings the exceptions into line with the exceptions to right of access provided for in Regulation 1049/2001/EC. The following additional points should be noted: -for the purposes of Regulation 354/83/EEC, Euratom, the European Economic and Social Committee, the Committee of the Regions and similar agencies and bodies set up by the Community legislature must establish its historical archives and open them to the public on the terms provided for by this Regulation after the expiry of a period of 30 years starting from the date of the creation of the document; -all documents available to the public before expiry of 30 years will remain available without restriction; -wherever possible, the institutions must make their archives available to the public by electronic means. They must also conserve documents which are available in forms meeting special needs (Braille, large text or recordings). Each institution will publish information annually on its historical archiving activities. ENTRY INTO FORCE : 17/10/03.?