






Procedure file

Basic information	
INI - Own-initiative procedure	2004/2138(INI)
Assessment of the Doha Round following the WTO agreement on 1 August 2004	
Subject 6.20.01 Agreements and relations in the context of the World Trade Organization (WTO)	
Procedure completed	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 International Trade		14/09/2004
		PSE MORENO SÁNCHEZ Javier	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	 Development		06/10/2004
		PPE-DE DEVA Nirj	
	 Agriculture and Rural Development		21/09/2004
		PPE-DE DAUL Joseph	

Key events			
28/10/2004	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
18/04/2005	Vote in committee		
21/04/2005	Committee report tabled for plenary	A6-0095/2005	
11/05/2005	Debate in Parliament		
12/05/2005	Results of vote in Parliament		
12/05/2005	Decision by Parliament	T6-0182/2005	Summary
12/05/2005	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2004/2138(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Initiative
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 54
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	INTA/6/23549

Documentation gateway					
Committee draft report		PE355.377	21/02/2005	EP	
Committee opinion	AGRI	PE350.099	15/03/2005	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE355.691	18/03/2005	EP	
Committee opinion	DEVE	PE355.617	22/03/2005	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A6-0095/2005	21/04/2005	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T6-0182/2005 OJ C 092 20.04.2006, p. 0302-0397 E	12/05/2005	EP	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2005)2482/2	16/06/2005	EC	
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2005)2765/2	22/07/2005	EC	

Assessment of the Doha Round following the WTO agreement on 1 August 2004

The House adopted by 437 votes in favour, to 94 against with 12 abstentions, an own-initiative report on the Doha Round following the WTO agreement on 1 August 2004.

Firstly, Parliament reiterates its resolute support for a free and fair multilateral trade system to promote trade and to contribute to sustainable development and to the effective management of globalisation for the benefit of all.

The Commission is requested to call for rapid progress in all the areas covered by the Decision, so as to enable it to go to Hong Kong in December 2005 with a balanced, far-reaching proposal which will place development at the forefront of the debate.

Parliament asks for the state of play report scheduled by the WTO General Council for July 2005 to be strictly factual, so as not to raise false expectations amongst the public, and asks that a date be set for concluding the work of the Doha Round, taking due account of the time required for all the negotiators to prepare themselves, particularly those of the developing countries.

The Commission is asked to consider the possibility of introducing a "development box" for the LDCs into the agriculture negotiations, so that they can tackle food safety and rural employment, which are major issues when it comes to eradicating poverty.

Members of the WTO are urged to devote equal attention to the three pillars (export subsidies, domestic aids and market access). It asks for these measures to be applied in parallel by all developed-country WTO members, so as to avoid unilateral disarmament on the part of the EU, while applying special and differential treatment to the developing countries.

As regards the CAP reform, Parliament urges the Commission to continue with the planned reform. It states that agriculture is indeed the most important chapter within these negotiations, but points out that this must be the driving force and that progress in this field must be used as leverage and as a negotiating asset in order to make progress in other areas, particularly on trade in services and better access to industrial goods for all WTO members, by effectively reducing import duties and other trade barriers.

It stresses the high level of EU market access for agricultural products from developing countries and calls on other developed partners and emergent countries to proceed to further opening up their markets towards the LDCs.

The Commission is called upon to step up negotiations on NAMA, defining an appropriate formula for eliminating or reducing high tariffs, tariff peaks and tariff escalation, and likewise to study the possibility of partial reciprocity on the part of the developing countries, taking due account of the flexibility they require and applying to them, as to the LDCs, the special and differential treatment principle. It stresses, furthermore, that important trade and development benefits will be ensured through South-South market opening, particularly on the part of the more advanced developing economies. It equally points out the need for the removal of non-tariff barriers, where justified, by all trading partners.

Lastly, Parliament reiterates the need, acknowledged in the Millennium Declaration, to establish closer relations between the WTO and other international organisations, as an essential stage in the process of achieving a different, more sustainable type of globalisation, which will work in the service of common goals and with a view to achieving fully coordinated criteria with regard to the problems of development; believes that in this connection. All WTO Member States should of necessity respect the rules of the International Labour Organization.