




Procedure file

Basic information		
CNS - Consultation procedure Regulation	2006/0162(CNS)	Procedure completed
Beef and veal: marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less		
Subject 3.10.05.01 Meat		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Agriculture and Rural Development		03/10/2006
		PSE BOURZAI Bernadette	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	 Environment, Public Health and Food Safety	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	Agriculture and Fisheries	2806	11/06/2007
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Agriculture and Rural Development	FISCHER BOEL Mariann	

Key events			
08/09/2006	Legislative proposal published	COM(2006)0487	Summary
12/10/2006	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
24/01/2007	Vote in committee		Summary
25/01/2007	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	A6-0006/2007	
13/03/2007	Debate in Parliament		
14/03/2007	Decision by Parliament	T6-0068/2007	Summary
11/06/2007	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
11/06/2007	End of procedure in Parliament		
22/06/2007	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2006/0162(CNS)
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Regulation
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 037-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	AGRI/6/40338

Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal		COM(2006)0487	08/09/2006	EC	Summary
Committee draft report		PE382.208	29/11/2006	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE382.264	21/12/2006	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		A6-0006/2007	25/01/2007	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		T6-0068/2007	14/03/2007	EP	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		SP(2007)1901/2	03/05/2007	EC	

Additional information

National parliaments	IPEX
European Commission	EUR-Lex

Final act

[Regulation 2007/700](#)
[OJ L 161 22.06.2007, p. 0001](#) Summary

Beef and veal: marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less

PURPOSE : to increase transparency in the marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less with a view to improving the functioning of the single market and provide better information for consumers.

PROPOSED ACT : Council Regulation.

CONTENT : the systems of production of bovine animals aged twelve months or less and their characteristics at the time of slaughter often differ from one Member State to another. Essentially, there are two major types of production system. In the first, the animals are fed mainly on milk and milk products and are slaughtered before the age of eight months, generally at around six or seven months. In the second, the animals are fed almost exclusively on cereals supplemented with fodder, and are slaughtered at an age of ten months and above.

The first type of production system exists in almost all the Member States, but has developed in five of them in particular (France, Italy, the Netherlands, Belgium and Germany). The second is known and has developed in only a small number of Member States, mainly the Netherlands, Denmark and Spain. Meat produced under these two systems may be marketed under various names, but generally it is marketed under one single sales description, at least on the main consumer markets in the Community. Consequently, it has a direct effect on the establishment and functioning of the single market. This practice could also cause confusion for consumers and is likely to mislead them.

In order to improve the functioning of the single market, the marketing of the meat of bovine animals aged twelve months or less should be organised in such a way as to make it as transparent as possible. This will also enable such production to be better organised.

The Commission, therefore, proposes the establishment of sales descriptions to be used in each Member State for the marketing of the meat of animals in each of the two sub-categories of animal defined, coupled with a requirement to indicate the age of the animals on slaughter.

Traders wishing to supplement the sales descriptions provided for in this Regulation by other voluntary information should be able to do.

In certain cases, the meat of bovine animals aged twelve months or less enjoys protection under Council Regulation 510/2006/EC on the protection of geographical indications and designations of origin for agricultural products and foodstuffs. It is marketed under the protected indication or designation and,

as a result, can be clearly identified by traders and consumers. Also, it is usually marketed at a local level. Accordingly, the provisions of this Regulation must not affect the designations protected under Regulation 510/2006/EC.

The Member States should designate the authorities competent to carry out checks relating to the conditions laid down in this Regulation and provision should be made for the Commission to ensure, where necessary by means of on-the-spot checks, that those conditions are met. Lastly, for the sake of consistency and in order to avoid any distortion of competition, meat imported from third countries should also be subject to the provisions of this Regulation.

Beef and veal: marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less

The committee adopted the report by Bernadette BOURZAI (PES, FR) broadly approving the proposed regulation under the consultation procedure, subject to a few amendments:

- MEPs specified that the use of the term "meat" in the regulation meant meat intended for human consumption. The provisions of the regulation should also apply to prepared, processed or cooked products which contain meat;
- the sales description listed in Annex II should appear in all commercial documents;
- the regulation should only apply "where the meat of bovine animals aged more than eight months is being marketed as other than "beef" (or the equivalent term for adult beef in other Community languages)";
- the choice of the letters X and Y as category identification letters could lead to confusion with the sex of the animals, and the letters V and Z should therefore be used instead;
- lastly, the committee introduced a new article providing for Member States to impose "effective, proportionate and dissuasive" penalties in the event of failure to comply with the rules laid down.

Beef and veal: marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less

The European Parliament adopted a resolution drafted by Bernadette BOURZAI (PES, FR) and made some amendments to the proposal. (Please refer to the summary dated 24/01/2007.)

Beef and veal: marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less

PURPOSE: to increase transparency in the marketing of the meat of animals aged twelve months or less with a view to improving the functioning of the single market and provide better information for consumers.

LEGISLATIVE ACT: Council Regulation (EC) No 700/2007 of 11 June 2007 on the marketing of the meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less.

CONTENT: the Council adopted by qualified majority (Ireland, Greece, Portugal and UK voted against and Austria abstained), a regulation introducing provisions on traceability and labelling of meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less all over the food chain. Greece and Portugal made statements.

The systems of production of bovine animals aged 12 months or less and their characteristics at the time of slaughter often differ from one Member State to another. Experience shows that this practice could disturb trade and encourage unfair competition. Consequently, it has a direct effect on the establishment and functioning of the internal market.

To improve the functioning of the internal market, the organization of production and consumer information, This Regulation lays down the conditions for the marketing in the Community of the meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less, in particular the sales descriptions to be used. It shall apply to the meat of bovine animals aged 12 months or less slaughtered after 1 July 2008, whether produced in the Community or imported from third countries.

According to the Regulation, bovine animals which are slaughtered:

- aged 8 months or less, will be identified by the letter 'V' at the abattoir and their meat will be marked 'veal' or its equivalent in the other Community languages in accordance with the annex, point A of the Regulation;
- aged more than 8 months but not more than 12 months will be identified by the letter 'Z' at the abattoir and their meat will be marked *rosé veal* (IRL) or *beef* (UK) or their equivalents in the other Community languages, in accordance with the annex, point B of the Regulation.

In addition to these sales descriptions, the animal's age (8 months or more, or between 8 and 12 months) will be marked on the label to inform consumers.

From now on, operators will record the age of all bovine animals in order to ensure the correct use of the sales designations, but the current registration system for bovine meat could be used for this purpose.

Provisions are also made to ensure that meat imported from third countries satisfy the Regulation's requirements. By 1 July 2008, the Member States should designate the authorities competent to carry out checks relating to the conditions laid down in this Regulation and inform the Commission thereof.

Member States should lay down rules on penalties applicable to infringements of the provisions of this Regulation and ensure that they are implemented. Those penalties should be effective, proportionate and dissuasive.

Meat originating from bovines aged 12 months or more that are slaughtered before 1 July 2008 can continue to be commercialized even if they do not satisfy the requirements of the Regulation.

ENTRY INTO FORCE: 29/06/2007. The Regulation applies from 01/07/2008.