






Procedure file

Basic information		
RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	2007/2560(RSP)	Procedure completed
Resolution on the Middle East		
Subject 6.10.04 Third-country political situation, local and regional conflicts 6.40.05.06 Relations with the countries of the Middle East		

Key players			
European Parliament			
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	General Affairs	2817	23/07/2007
	General Affairs	2809	18/06/2007
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	External Relations	FERRERO-WALDNER Benita	

Key events			
22/05/2007	Debate in Parliament		
06/06/2007	Debate in Parliament		Summary
18/06/2007	Resolution/conclusions adopted by Council		
19/06/2007	Debate in Parliament		
11/07/2007	Debate in Parliament		Summary
12/07/2007	Results of vote in Parliament		
12/07/2007	Decision by Parliament	T6-0350/2007	Summary
12/07/2007	End of procedure in Parliament		
23/07/2007	Resolution/conclusions adopted by Council		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2007/2560(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 123-p2

Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Documentation gateway	
Motion for a resolution	B6-0268/2007 11/07/2007 EP
Motion for a resolution	B6-0270/2007 11/07/2007 EP
Motion for a resolution	B6-0272/2007 11/07/2007 EP
Motion for a resolution	B6-0273/2007 11/07/2007 EP
Motion for a resolution	B6-0274/2007 11/07/2007 EP
Motion for a resolution	B6-0275/2007 11/07/2007 EP
Joint motion for resolution	RC-B6-0268/2007 11/07/2007
Text adopted by Parliament, topical subjects	T6-0350/2007 12/07/2007 EP Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2007)4170 29/08/2007 EC

Resolution on the Middle East

The House held a debate on the statements by Javier Solana, High Representative for CFSP, and by the Commission, on the Middle East. This will be the subject of a further debate at the July 2007 part-session.

Resolution on the Middle East

The House held a debate, following on the Commission and the Council statements, on Palestine.

The resolution winding up this debate was due to be put to the vote on 12 July 2007.

Resolution on the Middle East

Following the debate which took place during the sitting of 11 July 2007, the European Parliament adopted a resolution on the Middle East.

Firstly, it expresses deep concern about the possible grave consequences of the current crisis in the Middle East, including further military and terrorist attacks, and increased radicalisation undermining the fragile political situation in the region. It condemns Hamas's seizure of military control over the Gaza Strip and calls for the resumption of the internal political dialogue between Palestinians, in a spirit of reconciliation and national unity, in order to prevent the geographical and political division of the West Bank and Gaza.

The Parliament stresses that the support of the international community for President Abbas must be accompanied by a concrete and realistic political plan leading to a permanent status agreement. It believes that the current crisis is not an excuse to undermine the prospect of peace and may provide a new basis for re-launching a clear agenda to reach a comprehensive agreement between Israel and the Palestinian Authority based on the existence of two democratic, sovereign and viable states whose people live peacefully side by side within secure and internationally recognised borders in accordance with the relevant UN Security Council resolutions.

The Council decision of 18 June 2007 is welcomed to resume normal relations with the Palestinian Authority immediately and, to this end, to develop the conditions for urgent practical and financial assistance including direct financial support to the new government, as well as to ensure the provision of emergency and humanitarian assistance to the population of Gaza.

The Commission and the Council are called upon to involve the Palestinian authorities and all sides in efforts to facilitate emergency humanitarian aid and enable it to reach people living in the Gaza Strip.

As regards tax and customs revenues, the Parliament welcomes the decision of the Israeli Government to partially restart the transfer of the withheld tax and customs revenues. It calls for the complete and proper transfer of these revenues.

The Parliament stresses that a series of confidence-building measures should be taken by both Israelis and Palestinians with the assistance of the international community, including the immediate release of all imprisoned Palestinian former ministers, legislators and mayors and the Israeli corporal Gilad Shalit. It welcomes the release of the BBC journalist Alan Johnston and appreciates it as a positive step forward. On the other hand, it calls for a sign of life from the two abducted Israeli soldiers, Eldad Regev and Ehud Goldwasser, to be given by their kidnappers, and calls for their immediate release.

The EU, Israel and Egypt are called upon to take all the necessary immediate measures to reopen the Rafah border crossing, particularly as 6 000 Palestinians are stranded there in appalling conditions, and to facilitate the movement of people and goods between Gaza and Israel.

The UN Security Council resolution setting up the international tribunal to try those responsible for the assassination of the former Lebanese

Prime Minister Rafik Hariri and other politically motivated assassinations in Lebanon has been welcomed. Parliament calls on the Council and the Commission to provide all necessary means to enable this Tribunal to work effectively and carry out its mandate.

The terrorist attack on the Spanish contingent of UNIFIL, which killed 6 soldiers and injured others, has been strongly condemned by the European Parliament. The Lebanese authorities are called upon to do their utmost to undertake a clear and prompt investigation in order to prosecute those responsible.

Parliament stresses that political stability in Lebanon can be built neither on violence nor on external influence. It calls, in this regard, for a re-launch of the dialogue for national unity in order to reconcile differences and prevent a governmental vacuum in the run-up to the presidential elections scheduled for autumn this year.

The Lebanese Government is urged to make every effort to put an end to all discrimination against Palestinian refugees. The prompt reaction of the Commission, which has decided to allocate EUR 370 000 to the provision of humanitarian support to them in order to help meet vital needs has been welcomed.

The role of, and the dialogue with, Syria is classed as one of the key factors to improve regional cooperation and to secure lasting peace in the Middle East.

The Council is urged to ensure that the EU finds its voice, also in the framework of the Quartet, in the efforts aimed at restarting genuine negotiations on the various tracks of the peace process in the Middle East. The report stresses that, in this political context, moving towards an international peace conference for the Middle East should become a viable prospect; calls on the Council to move in this direction in the framework of the Quartet.

The Parliament expresses its support for future intensified actions to be taken by the Quartet in the region. It considers the letter of the Foreign Ministers of Mediterranean EU Member States of 6 July 2007, addressed to the recently appointed Quartet representative Tony Blair, an encouraging message and support for his mission.