## Procedure file

Basic information				
RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	2007/2580(RSP)	Procedure completed		
Resolution on the situation in Ethiopia				
Subject 6.10.09 Human rights situation in the world				

Key players			
European Parliament			

Key events				
21/06/2007	Results of vote in Parliament	<u> </u>		
21/06/2007	Debate in Parliament	-	Summary	
21/06/2007	Decision by Parliament	<u>T6-0289/2007</u>	Summary	
21/06/2007	End of procedure in Parliament			

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2007/2580(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Urgent debate or resolution
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 135
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway				
Motion for a resolution	B6-0246/2007	19/06/2007	EP	
Motion for a resolution	B6-0247/2007	19/06/2007	EP	
Motion for a resolution	B6-0252/2007	19/06/2007	EP	
Motion for a resolution	B6-0254/2007	19/06/2007	EP	
Motion for a resolution	B6-0257/2007	19/06/2007	EP	
Motion for a resolution	B6-0259/2007	19/06/2007	EP	
Joint motion for resolution	RC-B6-0246/2007	19/06/2007		
Text adopted by Parliament, topical subjects	<u>T6-0289/2007</u>	21/06/2007	EP	Summary

Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2007)3798/2	18/07/2007	EC	
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## Resolution on the situation in Ethiopia

The European Parliament adopted a joint resolution on Ethiopia, and called on the Ethiopian Government to release immediately and unconditionally all political prisoners, including elected members of parliament, CUD leaders, human rights activists, journalists, teachers, students, trade union activists and ordinary citizens. It deplored the recent decision by an Ethiopian court to find guilty 38 opposition leaders, human rights activists and journalists, and strongly condemned the fact that this occurred without defence proceedings in a judicial process that did not respect international standards and had been widely condemned by international human rights organisations.

The Ethiopian judicial authorities must reconsider their verdict. Parliament called on the Ethiopian Government to repeal possible death and/or prison sentences and to guarantee the independence of the judicial system. Among a range of demands on the Ethiopian authorities in their resolution, Members called for the establishment of an international independent Commission of Inquiry, and for a free press.

Parliament went on to ask the Commission and the Council strongly to condemn the Ethiopian Government for the brutal repression that followed the May 2005 elections and for the serious breaches of human rights and democracy perpetrated by the authorities ever since, and to monitor the situation in Ethiopia. The Commission and the Council must pursue a coherent post-electoral policy in Ethiopia, and consider the application of targeted sanctions against senior government officials, as well as support victims of human rights atrocities and relatives of political prisoners.

Furthermore, the Commission and the Council were asked to take concrete action to put the derailed democratic process back on track and to avoid further deterioration of the human rights situation in Ethiopia, which might have far-reaching consequences in the region if not addressed properly and without delay. They must take a coordinated stance consistent with Article 96 of the Cotonou Agreement. Parliament stressed that the development cooperation programmes under the Cotonou Agreement should depend on respect for human rights and good governance. It called on the UN to appoint a "special rapporteur" to conduct an investigation in Ethiopia into judicial independence and arbitrary detentions, the human rights situation, including minority rights, post-election violence and killings, and charges of treason and outrage against the constitutional order directed at opposition leaders, journalists and civil-society activists.

## Resolution on the situation in Ethiopia

The House held a debate on the situation in Ethiopia pursuant to Rule 115 of the Rules of Procedure (debates on cases of breaches of human rights, democracy and the rule of law).

The debate was followed by a vote on a joint motion for a resolution.