



Procedure file

Basic information		
CNS - Consultation procedure Decision	2007/0169(CNS)	Procedure completed
Environmental impact in a transboundary context: approval of the first and second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention		
Subject 3.70.09 Transfrontier pollution		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Environment, Public Health and Food Safety		13/09/2007
		PPE-DE OUZKÝ Miroslav	
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	Transport, Telecommunications and Energy	2835	29/11/2007
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Environment	DIMAS Stavros	

Key events			
14/08/2007	Legislative proposal published	COM(2007)0470	Summary
24/09/2007	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
03/10/2007	Vote in committee		Summary
16/10/2007	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	A6-0395/2007	
23/10/2007	Results of vote in Parliament		
23/10/2007	Decision by Parliament	T6-0440/2007	Summary
29/11/2007	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
29/11/2007	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2007/0169(CNS)
Procedure type	CNS - Consultation procedure
Procedure subtype	Legislation

Legislative instrument	Decision
Legal basis	EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 300-p2-a1; EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 175-p1; EC Treaty (after Amsterdam) EC 300-p3-a1
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	ENVI/6/52375

Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal		COM(2007)0470	14/08/2007	EC	Summary
Committee draft report		PE394.211	26/09/2007	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		A6-0395/2007	16/10/2007	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		T6-0440/2007	23/10/2007	EP	Summary

Additional information

National parliaments	IPEX
European Commission	EUR-Lex

Environmental impact in a transboundary context: approval of the first and second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention

PURPOSE: to approve the first and second amendment of the UN/ECE Espoo Convention.

PROPOSED ACT: Council Decision.

CONTENT: in June 1997, the Community approved the UN/ECE Espoo Convention on environmental impact assessment in a transboundary context. This Convention has been amended twice since then. The first amendment, adopted in 2001, alters the definition of the 'public' in order to clarify that the public may participate in procedures under the Convention. The public includes civil society and non-governmental organisations in particular. It also opens the Convention to states from outside the UN/ECE Region.

The second amendment to the Convention allows affected Parties to participate in scoping, it revises the list of activities included in Appendix I of the Convention and addresses institutional issues under the Convention such compliance review, the powers of the Meeting of the Parties and the entry into force of amendments.

The purpose of this proposal, therefore, is to approve the first and second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention on environmental impact assessment in a transboundary context.

Environmental impact in a transboundary context: approval of the first and second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention

The Committee on the Environment, Public Health and Food Safety adopted the report by Miroslav OUZKÝ (EPP-ED, CZ) approving the proposal for a Council decision on the approval, on behalf of the European Community, of the first and the second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention on Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context.

Environmental impact in a transboundary context: approval of the first and second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention

The European Parliament adopted a resolution drafted by Miroslav OUZKÝ (EPP-ED, CZ) by 654 votes in favour to 9 against with 2 abstentions approving the proposal for a Council decision on the approval, on behalf of the EC, of the first and the second amendments to the UN/ECE Espoo Convention on Environmental Impact Assessment in a Transboundary Context.