

# Procedure file

Basic information		
DCE - Written declaration (historic)	<a href="#">2008/2089(DCE)</a>	Procedure completed
Declaration on the murder of the human rights activist Munir Said Thalib		
Subject 6.10.09 Human rights situation in the world		
Geographical area Indonesia		

Key players	
European Parliament	

Key events			
10/04/2008	Decision by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">T6-0126/2008</a>	Summary
10/04/2008	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2008/2089(DCE)
Procedure type	DCE - Written declaration (historic)
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway					
Text adopted by Parliament, topical subjects		<a href="#">T6-0126/2008</a>	10/04/2008	EP	Summary

## 2008/2089(DCE) - 10/04/2008 Text adopted by Parliament, topical subjects

The European Parliament adopted a Declaration on the murder of the human rights activist Munir Said Thalib.

It recalled that in September 2004 leading Indonesian human rights activist Munir Said Thalib, founder of human rights organisations, died from arsenic poisoning on Garuda flight GA974 from Singapore to Amsterdam. The report by an independent fact-finding team into the Munir Said Thalib case, ordered by the Indonesian President, has never been made public. Furthermore, the only person to have been prosecuted in connection with the case, former Garuda co-pilot Pollycarpus Budihari Priyanto, had his conviction overturned by the Indonesian Supreme Court in October 2006.

Stating that this murder was also meant to intimidate and threaten all other Indonesian human rights defenders and journalists, the European Parliament:

- calls on the Indonesian authorities to take all necessary action to ensure that those responsible for the murder at all levels are brought to trial and justice is delivered as quickly as possible;
- calls on the Commission and the Council to monitor the investigation into the murder of Munir Said Thalib, including the ongoing trials of

former Garuda executives Indra Setiawan and Rohainil Aini, as well as the review of the Supreme Court's decision in the Pollycarpus case.