



Procedure file

Basic information		
RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	2010/2736(RSP)	Procedure completed
Resolution on the situation in the Korean Peninsula		
Subject 6.10.04 Third-country political situation, local and regional conflicts		
Geographical area North Korea South Korea		

Key players	
European Parliament	

Key events			
16/06/2010	Debate in Parliament		
17/06/2010	Results of vote in Parliament		
17/06/2010	Decision by Parliament	T7-0237/2010	Summary
17/06/2010	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2010/2736(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 132-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway					
Motion for a resolution		B7-0358/2010	16/06/2010	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0359/2010	16/06/2010	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0361/2010	16/06/2010	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B7-0366/2010	16/06/2010	EP	
Joint motion for resolution		RC-B7-0358/2010	16/06/2010		
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T7-0237/2010	17/06/2010	EP	Summary

Resolution on the situation in the Korean Peninsula

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on the situation in the Korean Peninsula.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled in the form of a joint resolution by the S&D, ALDE, ECR and EPP groups.

The resolution notes tensions in the Korean Peninsula have dramatically increased since the sinking of the Cheonan on 26 March 2010, with the tragic loss of 46 lives. It states that an inquiry carried out by an international Joint Civilian-Military Investigation Group (JIG) showed clear, indisputable evidence that the Cheonan was sunk as the result of an external underwater explosion caused by a torpedo made in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK).

The High Representative/Vice-President, Catherine Ashton, has condemned the sinking of the Cheonan as a heinous and deeply irresponsible action.

Parliament acknowledges the conclusions of the Joint Investigation Group's final report, according to which the sinking of the vessel was caused by a North Korean torpedo, and firmly condemns the sinking as a provocative act against peace and stability in the Korean Peninsula. It conveys its sympathy to the ROK Government, the families of the deceased, and the Korean and commends the restraint shown by the Republic of Korea.

Parliament expresses disappointment that the governments of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation have still not taken a clear position on the conclusions of the Joint Investigation Group's final report. It calls on China (a permanent member of the UN Security Council and the main trading partner of the DPRK) to exert an appropriate positive influence on the DPRK and to attempt to ensure that the conflict does not escalate further.

Parliament expresses its support for the ROK Government's referral of the matter to the UN Security Council.

The resolution calls on both parties to exercise restraint, to use every possible means to improve inter-Korean relations and to step up their efforts to promote lasting peace and security in the Korean Peninsula.

Lastly, Parliament calls on the Commission to maintain existing humanitarian aid programmes and keep communication channels with the DPRK open, as these aid programmes directly affect people's living conditions in the DPRK.