

# Procedure file

Basic information		
DCE - Written declaration (historic)	<a href="#">2012/2120(DCE)</a>	Procedure completed
Declaration on establishing a European cardiac arrest awareness week		
Subject 4.20.01 Medicine, diseases 4.20.06 Health services, medical institutions		

Key players	
European Parliament	

Key events			
14/06/2012	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T7-0266/2012</a>	Summary
14/06/2012	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2012/2120(DCE)
Procedure type	DCE - Written declaration (historic)
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136_
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway					
Written declaration		<a href="#">T7-0266/2012</a>	14/06/2012	EP	Summary

## Declaration on establishing a European cardiac arrest awareness week

The European Parliament adopted a declaration on establishing a European cardiac arrest awareness week signed by 395 members.

Parliament recalls that in Europe approximately 400 000 people suffer an out-of-hospital sudden cardiac arrest every year, with a survival rate of less than 10%. It underlines that the survival of many apparently healthy victims depends on cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) administered by bystanders and early defibrillation (an intervention within 3-4 minutes may increase the chance of survival to more than 50%).

Recalling that in Europe, automated external defibrillator (AED) programmes are only partially implemented, Parliament calls on the Commission and the Council to encourage:

- the adoption of common programmes for implementing AED in public places and training lay people in all Member States,
- the adjustment of legislation in order to facilitate CPR and defibrillation by non-medical persons,
- systematic data collection for feedback and quality management in every programme.

Parliament also calls on the Commission and the Member States to establish a European cardiac arrest awareness week aimed at improving the awareness and education of the general public, physicians and healthcare professionals.

In addition, the Commission is called upon to:

- support the Member States in adopting and implementing national strategies for equal access to high-quality CPR;
- enact harmonised legislation across the EU in order to provide immunity from liability to non-medical first responders who offer voluntary assistance in cardiac emergencies.