Procedure file

| Basic information | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|
| SYN - Cooperation procedure (historic) | 1993/0500(SYN) | Procedure completed |
| Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action | | |
| Subject 3.70.01 Protection of natural resources: fauna, f countryside; biodiversity 6.30 Development cooperation | lora, nature, wildlife, | |

Key players

| European Parliament | Committee responsible | Rapporteur | Appointed |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------|
| Luiopean Faniament | | Rapponeur | |
| | DEVE Development and Cooperation | | 26/07/1994 |
| | | PSE VAN PUTTEN Maartje | |
| | | J.A. | |
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| Council of the European Union | Council configuration | Meeting | Date |
| Council of the European Onion | | - | |
| | Development | 1897 | 20/12/1995 |
| | General Affairs | 1825 | 23/01/1995 |
| | Development | 1805 | 25/11/1994 |
| | | | |

| Key events | | | |
|------------|---|---------------------|---------|
| 26/02/1993 | Legislative proposal published | COM(1993)0053 | Summary |
| 19/04/1993 | Committee referral announced in Parliament | | |
| 13/10/1993 | Vote in committee | | Summary |
| 13/10/1993 | Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading | A3-0304/1993 | |
| 29/10/1993 | Debate in Parliament | 10 | Summary |
| 29/10/1993 | Decision by Parliament | T3-0604/1993 | Summary |
| 10/06/1994 | Modified legislative proposal published | COM(1994)0153 | Summary |
| 23/01/1995 | Council position published | 12006/1/1994 | Summary |
| 15/03/1995 | Committee referral announced in Parliament, 2nd reading | | |
| 31/05/1995 | Vote in committee, 2nd reading | | Summary |
| 31/05/1995 | Committee recommendation tabled for plenary, 2nd reading | <u>A4-0137/1995</u> | |

| 14/06/1995 | Debate in Parliament | 1 | Summary |
|------------|---|---------------|---------|
| 15/06/1995 | Decision by Parliament, 2nd reading | T4-0294/1995 | Summary |
| 05/09/1995 | Modified legislative proposal published | COM(1995)0408 | |
| 20/12/1995 | Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament | | |
| 20/12/1995 | End of procedure in Parliament | | |
| 30/12/1995 | Final act published in Official Journal | | |

Technical information

| Procedure reference | 1993/0500(SYN) |
|----------------------------|---|
| Procedure type | SYN - Cooperation procedure (historic) |
| Procedure subtype | Legislation |
| Legal basis | EC before Amsterdam E 130S-p1; EC before Amsterdam E 130W |
| Stage reached in procedure | Procedure completed |
| Committee dossier | DEVE/4/06391 |

Documentation gateway

| Legislative proposal | COM(1993)0053 OJ C 078 19.03.1993, p. 0008 | 26/02/1993 | EC | Summary |
|---|---|------------|-----|---------|
| Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report | <u>CES0707/1993</u> OJ C 249 13.09.1993, p. 0003 | 30/06/1993 | ESC | Summary |
| Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading | A3-0304/1993 OJ C 315 22.11.1993, p. 0004 | 13/10/1993 | EP | |
| Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading | T3-0604/1993 OJ C 315 22.11.1993, p. <u>0625-0644</u> | 29/10/1993 | EP | Summary |
| Modified legislative proposal | COM(1994)0153 OJ C 201 23.07.1994, p. 0015 | 10/06/1994 | EC | Summary |
| Council position | <u>12006/1/1994</u> OJ C 160 26.06.1995, p. 0001 | 23/01/1995 | CSL | Summary |
| Commission communication on Council's position | SEC(1995)0369 | 09/03/1995 | EC | |
| Committee recommendation tabled for plenary, 2nd reading | <u>A4-0137/1995</u> OJ C 166 03.07.1995, p. 0005 | 31/05/1995 | EP | |
| Text adopted by Parliament, 2nd reading | T4-0294/1995 OJ C 166 03.07.1995, p. <u>0080-0098</u> | 15/06/1995 | EP | Summary |
| Modified legislative proposal | COM(1995)0408 | 05/09/1995 | EC | |

Final act

Regulation 1995/3062 OJ L 327 30.12.1995, p. 0009 Summary

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

The proposal for a regulation defined the objectives and procedures of a Community initiative designed to contribute to the conservation of tropical forestry resources. The Community would provide financial and technical support for activities (studies, field projects, publications, films and seminars) intended to encourage developing countries and their regional organisations to conserve tropical forests. The following were to be priority objectives: - safeguarding forestry resources (analysing the causes of deforestation and initiating activities with the aim of slowing down the rate of deforestation); - sustainable management of designated forests for the production of timber and other products; - involving local populations in the preparation and implementation of the activities to be financed in the framework of the Community initiative; - creating infrastructure to satisfy the need for training, research, legislation and the reinforcement of institutions dedicated to the conservation of forestry resources. The Commission would submit an annual report to the Council and the European Parliament. ?

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

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Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

The rapporteur, Mrs Van Putten, called on the Community to take any measures or initiatives within its power for the conservation and sustainable management of tropical forests and to encourage the efforts of developing countries, in cooperation with local authorities, to conserve their tropical forests in the context of the sustainable development of those regions. Sustainable forest management was understood as the planned utilisation of forests in a manner compatible with the conservation of forest eco-systems for present and future generations and without undesirable effects on the physical and social environment. She stressed participation by local populations and called for the creation of buffer zones to assist the conservation and regeneration of biological diversity in tropical forests. She called for a sustainable exploitation of timber and other forest products. With regard to the regulation of international trade, the rapporteur called on the Community: - with effect from 1995, to secure within the ITTO the limitation of trade to timber produced by sustainable means; if no decisions had been reached internationally, to introduce an eco-label for sustainably produced timber; - to support the developing countries during the process of switching to sustainable forest management by providing compensation for loss of revenue, providing financial and technical support, and by creating an eco-label for timber and timber products. She hoped for the creation within the Commission of a new Tropical Forest Unit and called for assistance to be given to activities which promoted the establishment of a worldwide convention on the protection of forests.

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

Adopting the report by Mrs Van Putten, Parliament approved the regulation, but it hoped that the Commission would shortly present proposals for a coherent policy from a global perspective, affording particular attention to the regulation and monitoring of timber imports. As far as trade regulation was concerned, Parliament proposed that the Community: - endeavour to secure by 1995, within the ITTO (International Tropical Timber Organisation) the limitation of international trade to timber 'produced by sustainable means'; - if no decisions had been reached internationally, to introduce, from 1995, an eco-label for sustainably produced timber; - to take measures to support the gradual and flexible process of switching to sustainable forest management. The activities carried out in developing countries had to be evaluated with the local people involved, be preceded by reports on their ecological, social and cultural aspects and must not cooperate in the removal of timber from primary tropical forests. Parliament advocated the creation within the European Commission of a new Tropical Forest Unit. ?

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

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Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

The amended proposal takes account of most of the amendments of the European Parliament. These amendments deal mainly with the biodiversity of tropical forests and safeguarding ecosystems and with the need to take better account of local dimensions and the need for the local people to be actively involved. A number of amendments relating to Commission structures and powers were rejected.?

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

The common position retains the basics of the Commission proposal and incorporates almost all Parliament's amendments included by the Commission in its amended proposal. However, the Council was unable to agree with the Commission on the following points: - the Council set an initial period of three years (1995-1997), with the facility for an extension in the light of an overall evaluation, to be carried out by the end of 1997; - for reasons of efficiency and coherence with other projects in the same region, the Council decided to make the ALA committee and the EDF committee responsible for giving an opinion on the projects proposed, using the IIIa (regulatory) committee procedure; - the Council inserted a reference to the amounts deemed necessary (ADN) for these projects: ECU 50 million per annum, which corresponds to the figures actually entered by the budgetary authority in previous years.?

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

Adopting the report by Mrs Maartje VAN PUTTEN (PSE, NL), the committee called for the adoption of measures to conserve tropical forests, trade regulations and controls on Community imports of wood and wood-based products. It called for the regulation to encourage developing countries to conserve and manage tropical forests to last five rather than three years. It also called for aid to be set at ECU 150 million for the first three years (1995-1997) and for at least 60% of appropriations to be earmarked for projects to conserve tropical forests supported by the local people or geared to sustainable forest management with assistance from the local authorities. The appropriations allocated by the Community would take the form of non-refundable aid. Community aid should be allocated primarily to: - conserving primary tropical forests and their biodiversity and renewing damaged tropical forests, the objective being to provide full protection for at least 10% of ecologically representative primary forest in each country and for compensation to be paid to these countries in order to protect these regions; sustainable management of forests designated for the production of timber; - the development and implementation of an independent assessment system which guarantees the reliability of the procedures and the guality of the criteria underlying certificates issued on the market; - the introduction of a monitoring system which guarantees the authenticity of certificates issued during transportation and marketing within the Union; - the provision of prior information to forest peoples, followed by their support in identifying, planning and implementing projects; - the development and implementation of forest management plans which also promote other wood products, mainly from forests other than primary forests; - aid for projects to promote a world convention on forest conservation; - the development of buffer zones to assist the conservation or regeneration of tropical forests. Annual reports summarizing the quality and quantity of projects funded should be submitted to the European Parliament.?

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

Mr KINNOCK considered that the ?tropical forests? budget line, established at the initiative of the EP, had become an important instrument of forest policy; spending under this line was used for the partnership with national parks and certification procedures. He also believed that the need to protect all forests had finally been recognised. As regards the EP?s amendments, the Commissioner accepted the amendments that strengthened the budget line in question: Amendments Nos 6, 7, 9, 25 and 31. However, he opposed the amendments calling for the unilateral recognition of the tropical wood market, as these contradicted the trade agreements. He supported the principle of voluntary certification, but felt that it was not appropriate to establish such a system at EU level before the publication of the results of the Ad Hoc Working Group of the United Nations Commission on Sustainable Development. He therefore rejected Amendments Nos 5, 16, 35 and 36. Finally, the Commission supported the amendments aimed at increasing the number of experts, but it considered that it could itself determine the arrangements for the referral to, and operation of, the groups of experts; Amendments Nos 4, 14, 19 and 23 were rejected.

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

Amending the Council's common position, the European Parliament called for the adoption of measures to support the conservation of tropical forests and trade rules and controls on Community imports of wood and wood-based products. The European Parliament called for aid totaling ECU 250 million for an initial five-year period (1995-1999), with the possibility of an extension following an overall assessment of the results. At least 60% of the appropriations would be earmarked for projects to conserve tropical forests supported by the local populace or geared to sustainable forest management with assistance from the local authorities. Community aid should be allocated primarily to: - conserving primary tropical forests and their biodiversity and renewing damaged tropical forests, the objective being to provide full protection for at least 10% of ecologically representative primary forest in each country and for compensation to be paid to these countries in order to protect these regions; - sustainable management of forests designated for the production of timber; - the implementation, by 1997, of an independent assessment system which guarantees the reliability of the procedures and the quality of the criteria underlying certificates issued on the market and the introduction of a monitoring system which guarantees the authenticity of certificates issued during transportation and marketing within the Union; - the provision of prior information to forest peoples, followed by their support in identifying, planning and implementing projects; - the development and implementation of forest management plans which also promote other wood products, mainly from forests other than primary forests; - aid for projects to promote a world convention on forest conservation; Annual reports summarizing the quality and quantity of projects funded should be submitted to the European Parliament committees. The European Parliament also called for: - a uniform position to be maintained during when discussing and planning forest conservation policy at international level; - the Commission to quickly present proposals to promote a coherent policy with a worldwide outlook; - a "forests" unit to be set up within the Commission.?

Protection of natural resources: promotion of tropical forests, Community action

OBJECTIVE: Laying down the objectives and rules for implementation of a Community operation in support of the conservation of tropical forest resources. COMMUNITY MEASURE: Council Regulation (EC) No 3062/95 on operations to promote tropical forests. SUBSTANCE: The Community will provide financial support (non refundable aid) or technical expertise for operations which encourage the efforts of developing countries and their regional organizations to conserve the tropical forests (studies, land projects, publications, films, seminars). - The financial reference amount for the implementation of the programme is ECU 200 m for a period of four years (1996-1999); - Priority will be given to operations aimed at promoting: .conservation of primary tropical forests and their biodiversity (analysis of the causes of deforestation and operations to slow deforestation); .sustainable management of forests designated for the production of timber and other products; .provision of prior information to forest peoples, followed by their support for the identification and planning of action to be funded; .capacity-building to address the needs for training, research, legislation and strengthening institutions which seek to safeguard forest resources; .a strategic research policy supplying the knowledge required for the conservation and sustainable management of forests; .development of buffer zones to be carried out shall be preceded by reports on their ecological, social and cultural impact, with qualitative or quantitative objects; this shall also apply to evaluation of the operations carried out; - funding guidelines will be published for organizations which intend to submit project proposals. - The Commission will submit to the EP and the Council an annual report with an assessment of the implementation of the regulation. ENTRY INTO FORCE: 1 January 1996. ?