Procedure file

Basic information		
RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	2014/2952(RSP)	Procedure completed
Resolution on the 2014 progress report on Bosnia and Herzegovina		
Subject 8.20 Enlargement of the Union		
Geographical area Bosnia and Herzegovina		

Kov playore			
Key players	1-		
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	AFET Foreign Affairs		27/11/2014
		Серр	
		PREDA Cristian Dan	
		Shadow rapporteur	
		KHAN Afzal	
		DZHAMBAZKI Angel	
		*	
		RADOŠ Jozo	
		ČOLTEC Incr	
		<u>ŠOLTES Igor</u>	
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	General Affairs	3362	16/12/2014
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Neighbourhood and Enlargement Negotiations	HAHN Johannes	

Key events			
16/12/2014	Debate in Council	3362	
14/04/2015	Vote in committee		
29/04/2015	Debate in Parliament	-	
30/04/2015	Results of vote in Parliament	<u> </u>	
30/04/2015	Decision by Parliament	T8-0182/2015	Summary
30/04/2015	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2014/2952(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 136-p2
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	AFET/8/02008

Documentation gateway				
Amendments tabled in committee	PE549.245	09/03/2015	EP	
Motion for a resolution	B8-0359/2015	27/04/2015	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading	T8-0182/2015	30/04/2015	EP	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary	SP(2015)461	22/09/2015	EC	

Resolution on the 2014 progress report on Bosnia and Herzegovina

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on the 2014 Progress Report on Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Members recalled that the EU has repeatedly stated its unequivocal commitment to BiHs European perspective and to its territorial integrity, sovereignty and unity. It urged the new BiH leaders to commit fully to carrying out the necessary institutional, economic and social reforms in order to improve the lives of BiH citizens and enable progress on the path to EU membership.

Reforms: Members strongly supported the European integration of BiH and believed that the EUs reinforced engagement should focus, inter alia, on socio-economic issues, the business environment, the institutional framework, the rule of law and governance, law enforcement policy, an independent judiciary, the fight against corruption, public administration reform, civil society and youth. They invited the new leaders of BiH to agree with the EU on a concrete roadmap for a broad and inclusive reform agenda to advance the country on its path towards the EU.

Enhanced democracy: Parliament considered it crucial to continue, in parallel, with political reforms and democratisation of the political system. It underlined the fact that economic prosperity is only possible if it is based on a democratic and inclusive society and state. According to the Parliament, BiH will not be a successful candidate for EU membership until appropriate institutional conditions have been established.

Members are seriously concerned that the public administration, which is supposed to help BiH advance towards EU membership and improve living conditions for its citizens, continues to be fragmented, politicised and dysfunctional.

Fight against corruption: Parliament urged the authorities to make the fight against corruption an absolute priority, given that it has not yet resulted in satisfactory improvements and that corruption affects all sectors, including health and education, and in particular the judicial system.

War crimes: Parliament called for steps to be taken to strengthen the protection of victims and improve the work of the BiH Prosecutors Office by reviewing the processing of Category II war crimes cases. It noted with concern that there are still 84 500 internally displaced persons (IDPs) and 6 853 refugees in BiH. It is concerned at the violation of the rights of returnees in the Republic of Serbia.

Fight against terrorism: Parliament urged the authorities to amend the Criminal Code in order to strengthen the criminalisation of the financing of terrorism. It welcomed the amendment to the Criminal Code seeking to ban and punish membership of foreign paramilitary groups, in order to prevent religious radicalisation.

It noted that BiH remains a country of origin, transit and destination for the trafficking of human beings. It recommended that the authorities take effective measures, including legislative measures, to combat trafficking in drugs and human beings and provide protection for the victims of human trafficking.

LGBTI people and Roms: Parliament considered it essential to foster an inclusive and tolerant society in BiH, protecting and promoting minorities and vulnerable groups. It encouraged the authorities to implement awareness-raising actions on the rights of LGBTI people among the judiciary, law enforcement agencies and the general public. It commended the progress made with regard to the housing needs of Roma and called for further steps to be taken to improve their living conditions by improving access to employment, health and education.

Economic development: Parliament considered that BiH has made little progress towards becoming a functioning market economy. It is concerned that considerable weaknesses in the business environment continue to negatively affect private-sector development and foreign direct investment. It highlighted the fact that economic prosperity and job prospects, especially for young people, are essential to the development of the country. It called on the governments to implement labour market reforms in order to tackle the very high unemployment rate.

egional cooperation: lastly, Parliament welcomed BiHs constructive and proactive stance in promoting regional cooperation. It stresses the ucial importance of good neighbourly relations and invited the new leaders to continue and enhance efforts to resolve outstanding borded property issues with neighbouring countries.	he Ier