

# Procedure file

Basic information		
DEC - Discharge procedure	<a href="#">2016/2187(DEC)</a>	Procedure completed
2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)		
Subject 8.70.03.05 2015 discharge		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	<b>CONT</b> Budgetary Control	 <a href="#">AYALA SENDER Inés</a>	05/08/2016
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 <a href="#">ZDECHOVSKÝ Tomáš</a>	
		 <a href="#">FITTO Raffaele</a>	
		 <a href="#">ALI Nedzhmi</a>	
		 <a href="#">JÁVOR Benedek</a>	
		 <a href="#">VALLI Marco</a>	
		 <a href="#">KAPPEL Barbara</a>	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	<b>ECON</b> Economic and Monetary Affairs	 <a href="#">LOONES Sander</a>	15/09/2016
	<b>EMPL</b> Employment and Social Affairs	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
European Commission	Commission DG <a href="#">Budget</a>	Commissioner GEORGIEVA Kristalina	

Key events			
11/07/2016	Non-legislative basic document published	COM(2016)0475	Summary
04/10/2016	Committee referral announced in		

	Parliament		
22/03/2017	Vote in committee		
29/03/2017	Committee report tabled for plenary	<a href="#">A8-0101/2017</a>	Summary
26/04/2017	Debate in Parliament		
27/04/2017	Results of vote in Parliament		
27/04/2017	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T8-0170/2017</a>	Summary
27/04/2017	End of procedure in Parliament		
29/09/2017	Final act published in Official Journal		

### Technical information

Procedure reference	2016/2187(DEC)
Procedure type	DEC - Discharge procedure
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	CONT/8/07504

### Documentation gateway

Non-legislative basic document		COM(2016)0475	11/07/2016	EC	Summary
Court of Auditors: opinion, report		N8-0122/2016 <a href="#">OJ C 449 01.12.2016, p. 0107</a>	13/09/2016	CofA	Summary
Committee draft report		<a href="#">PE593.867</a>	03/02/2017	EP	
Supplementary non-legislative basic document		<a href="#">05873/2017</a>	07/02/2017	CSL	Summary
Committee opinion	<b>ECON</b>	<a href="#">PE595.631</a>	06/03/2017	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		<a href="#">PE599.889</a>	06/03/2017	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		<a href="#">A8-0101/2017</a>	29/03/2017	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		<a href="#">T8-0170/2017</a>	27/04/2017	EP	Summary

### Final act

Budget 2017/1675  
[OJ L 252 29.09.2017, p. 0237](#) Summary

## 2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)

**PURPOSE:** presentation by the Commission of the consolidated annual accounts of the European Union for the financial year 2015, as part of the 2015 discharge procedure.

**Analysis of the accounts of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA).**

**CONTENT:** the organisational governance of the EU consists of institutions, agencies and other EU bodies whose expenditure is included in the general budget of the Union.

The EU's operational expenditure of these institutions takes different forms, depending on how the money is paid out and managed.

From 2014 onwards, the Commission classifies its expenditure as follows:

- Direct management: the budget is implemented directly by the Commission services.
- Indirect management: the Commission confers tasks of implementation of the budget to bodies of EU law or national law, such as the EU agencies.
- Shared management: under this method of budget implementation tasks are delegated to Member States. About 80 % of the expenditure falls under this management mode covering such areas as agricultural spending and structural actions.

This Commission document concerns the EU's consolidated accounts for the year 2015 and details how spending by the EU institutions and bodies was carried out. The consolidated annual accounts of the EU provide financial information on the activities of the institutions, agencies and other bodies of the EU from an accrual accounting and budgetary perspective.

It is the responsibility of the Commission's Accounting Officer to prepare the EU's consolidated annual accounts and ensure that they present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position, the result of the operations and the cash flows of the EU institutions and bodies, including the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA), with a view to granting discharge.

Discharge procedure: the final step of a budget lifecycle is the discharge of the budget for a given financial year. It represents the political aspect of the external control of budget implementation and is the decision by which the European Parliament, acting on a Council recommendation, "releases" the Commission (and other EU bodies) from its responsibility for management of a given budget by marking the end of that budget's existence. The European Parliament is the discharge authority within the EU.

The discharge procedure may produce three outcomes: (i) the granting; (ii) postponement or; (iii) the refusal of the discharge.

The final discharge report including specific recommendations to the Commission for action is adopted in plenary by the European Parliament and are subject to an annual follow up report in which the Commission outlines the concrete actions it has taken to implement the recommendations made.

Each agency is subject to its own discharge procedure, including the EIOPA.

The European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA): the EIOPA, which is located in Frankfurt (DE), was set up by [Regulation \(EU\) No 1094/2010 of the European Parliament and of the Council](#) with a view to protecting the public interest by contributing to the short, medium and long-term stability and efficiency of the financial system for the economy of the European Union.

As regards the EIOPA's accounts, these are presented in detail in the document on the consolidated annual accounts of the European Union for 2015:

Commitment appropriations:

- committed: EUR 20 million;
- paid: EUR 20 million;
- carried-over: 0.

Payment appropriations:

- committed: EUR 26 million;
- paid: EUR 22 million;
- carried-over: EUR 3 million.

For further details on expenditure, please refer to the [final accounts of the Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority](#).

## 2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)

---

**PURPOSE:** presentation of the EU Court of Auditors report on the annual accounts of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA) for the year 2015, together with the EIOPA's reply.

**CONTENT:** in accordance with the tasks conferred on the Court of Auditors by the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, the Court presents to the European Parliament and to the Council, in the context of the discharge procedure, a Statement of Assurance as to the reliability of the annual accounts of each institution, body or agency of the EU, and the legality and regularity of the transactions underlying them, on the basis of an independent external audit.

This audit focused on the annual accounts of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA). To recall, the Authority's task is to contribute to the establishment of high-quality common regulatory and supervisory standards and practices, to contribute to the consistent application of legally binding Union acts, to stimulate and facilitate the delegation of tasks and responsibilities among competent authorities, to monitor and assess market developments in the area of its competence and to foster the protection of policyholders, pension scheme members and beneficiaries.

**Statement of assurance:** pursuant to the provisions of Article 287 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU), the Court has audited:

- the annual accounts of the Agency, which comprise the financial statements and the reports on the implementation of the budget for the financial year ended 31 December 2015, and
- the legality and regularity of the transactions underlying those accounts.

**Opinion on the reliability of the accounts:** in the Court's opinion, the Authority's annual accounts present fairly, in all material respects, its financial position as at 31 December 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the provisions of its Financial Regulation and the accounting rules adopted by the Commission's accounting officer.

**Opinion on the legality and regularity of the transactions underlying the accounts:** in the Court's opinion, the transactions underlying the annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2015 are legal and regular in all material respects.

The report made a series of observations on the budgetary and financial management of the Authority, accompanied by the latter's response. The main observations may be summarised as follows:

The Courts observations:

- budgetary management: the Court noted that the level of committed appropriations carried over is high for operational expenditure at EUR 2.3 million. These carry-overs are mainly related to specific contracts for operational information and data management (EUR 1.9 million), whereby contracts amounting to EUR 900 000 were signed late in the year, mainly for services to be provided in 2016.

The Authority's reply:

- budgetary management: the Authority noted that the relatively high carry-over percentage was mainly due to the execution of EIOPAs multiannual IT programme supporting the Solvency II implementation. Improvements have been made in the past years which have substantially decreased the carry over levels from 2013 to 2016.

Lastly, the Court of Auditors report also contained a summary of the Authority's key figures in 2015:

- Budget: EUR 20.2 million (payment appropriations).
- Staff: 133 including officials, temporary and contract staff and seconded national experts.

## 2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)

---

Having examined the revenue and expenditure accounts for the financial year 2015 and the balance sheet as at 31 December 2015 of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA), as well as the Court of Auditors' report on the annual accounts of the Authority for the financial year 2015, accompanied by the Authority's replies to the Court's observations, the Council recommended the European Parliament to give a discharge to the Executive Director of the Authority in respect of the implementation of the budget for the financial year 2015.

The Council welcomed the Court's opinion that, in all material respects, the Authority's annual accounts present fairly its financial position as at 31 December 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the provisions of the Authority's Financial Regulation, and that the underlying transactions for 2015 are legal and regular in all material respects.

Nevertheless, one observation was made:

- financial programming: the Council noted that a high level of commitment appropriations was carried over to 2016. It encouraged the Authority to continue improving its financial programming and monitoring of the budget implementation, in order to reduce the level of commitments carried over to the following financial year to the minimum strictly necessary.

## 2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)

---

The Committee on Budgetary Control adopted the report by Inés AYALA SENDER (S&D, ES) on discharge in respect of the implementation of the budget of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA) for the financial year 2015.

The committee called on the European Parliament to grant the Executive Director of the Authority discharge in respect of the implementation of the Authority's budget for the financial year 2015.

Noting that the Court of Auditors stated that it had obtained reasonable assurance that the annual accounts of the Authority for the financial year 2015 were reliable and that the underlying transactions were legal and regular, Members called on Parliament to approve the closure of the Authority's accounts. They made, however, a number of recommendations that needed to be taken into account when the discharge is granted, in addition to the general recommendations that appear in the [draft resolution on performance, financial management and control of EU agencies](#):

- Agency's financial statements: Members noted that the final budget of the Authority for the financial year 2015 was EUR 20 212 701, representing a decrease of 6.35 % compared to 2014.
- Budget and financial management: Members noted that budget monitoring efforts during the financial year 2015 resulted in a budget implementation rate of 99.97 %, reaching the Authority's planned target and representing a decrease of 0.03 % compared to 2014.
- Commitments and carry-overs: Members noted that the level of committed appropriations carried over for operational expenditure was at EUR 2.3 million (45 % of expenditure), compared to EUR 4.7 million (66 % of expenditure) in 2014. Those carryovers were predominantly related to specific contracts for the Authority's multi-annual IT programme supporting the implementation of Solvency II and to contracts signed late in the year.

Members also made a series of observations regarding transfers, procurement, recruitment procedures, the prevention and management of conflicts of interests and internal audits.

Lastly, Members noted that the Authority does not exercise all the prerogatives established in its legal framework. They underlined that it should ensure that resources are maximised in order to fully fulfil its legal mandate given to it by the European Parliament and the Council which could result in a more effective achievement of its objectives.

## 2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)

---

The European Parliament decided to grant the Executive Director of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA) discharge in respect of the implementation of Authority's budget for the financial year 2015. The vote on the decision on discharge covers the closure of the accounts (in accordance with Annex IV, Article 5 (1) (a) to Parliament's Rules of Procedure).

Noting that the Court of Auditors has stated that it has obtained reasonable assurances that the Authority's annual accounts for the financial year 2015 are reliable and that the underlying transactions are legal and regular, Parliament adopted by 509 votes to 113 with 9 abstentions, a resolution containing a series of recommendations, which form an integral part of the decision on discharge and which add to the general recommendations set out in the [resolution on performance, financial management and control of EU agencies](#).

These recommendations may be summarised as follows:

- Agencies financial statements: Parliament noted that the final budget of the Authority for the financial year 2015 was EUR 20 212 701, representing a decrease of 6.35 % compared to 2014.
- Budget and financial management: Parliament noted that budget monitoring efforts during the financial year 2015 resulted in a budget implementation rate of 99.97 %, reaching the Authority's planned target and representing a decrease of 0.03 % compared to 2014.
- Commitments and carry-overs: Parliament noted that the level of committed appropriations carried over for operational expenditure was at EUR 2.3 million (45 % of expenditure), compared to EUR 4.7 million (66 % of expenditure) in 2014. Those carryovers were predominantly related to specific contracts for the Authority's multi-annual IT programme supporting the implementation of Solvency II and to contracts signed late in the year.

Parliament also made a series of observations regarding transfers, procurement, recruitment procedures, the prevention and management of conflicts of interests and internal audits.

It noted that in 2016 the communication strategy was reviewed with the aim to provide more accessible and easily understandable information in particular for consumers and the public at large, with the review and redesign of the Authority's website being one of the key objectives.

Lastly, Parliament noted that the Authority does not exercise all the prerogatives established in its legal framework. It underlined that it should ensure that resources are maximised in order to fully fulfil its legal mandate given to it by the European Parliament and the Council with a view to contributing to the drafting of recommendations by including all parties concerned, and in particular consumer protection organisations.

## 2015 discharge: European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA)

---

**PURPOSE:** to grant discharge to the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority (EIOPA) for the financial year 2015.

**NON-LEGISLATIVE ACT:** Decision (EU) 2017/1675 of the European Parliament on discharge in respect of the implementation of the budget of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority for the financial year 2015.

**CONTENT:** with the present decision, the European Parliament grants discharge to the Executive Director of the European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority for the implementation of the latter's budget for the financial year 2015.

This decision is in line with the European Parliament's resolution adopted on 27 April 2017 and comprises a series of observations that form an integral part of the discharge decision (please refer to the summary of the opinion of 27 April 2017).

Amongst Parliament's main observations in the resolution accompanying the discharge decision, the latter wished to note that the Authority is working to develop more sophisticated and less output-focussed key performance indicators, which would provide a more valuable basis to assess whether the Authority is achieving its strategic ambitions.

Parliament recalled that the Authority was expected to establish internal rules on whistleblowing by the beginning of 2017. It asked the Authority to report to the discharge authority on the establishment and implementation of its whistleblowing rules.

Given that the Authority does not exercise all the prerogatives established in its legal framework, Parliament a closer focus on the mandate given to it by Parliament and the Council could result in a more effective achievement of its objectives. While carrying out its work and in particular when drafting implementing legislation, the Authority needs to inform Parliament and the Council about its activities in a regular and comprehensive manner.