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Basic information	
COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Directive	2016/0402(COD) Awaiting committee decision
Legal and operational framework of the European services e-card	
See also Directive 2006/123/EC 2004/0001(COD) See also 2016/0403(COD)	
Subject 2.40 Free movement of services, freedom to provide	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Internal Market and Consumer Protection	 LØKKEGAARD Morten	25/01/2017
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 ROSATI Dariusz	
		 ROZIÈRE Virginie	
		 VAN BOSSUYT Anneleen	
		 DE JONG Dennis	
		 DURAND Pascal	
		 ZULLO Marco	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
 Budgetary Control	The committee decided not to give an opinion.		
 Economic and Monetary Affairs		29/05/2017	
	 LUDVIGSSON Olle		
 Employment and Social Affairs		14/03/2017	
	 ŠOJDROVÁ Michaela		
 Environment, Public Health and Food Safety	The committee decided not to give an opinion.		
 Industry, Research and Energy		15/03/2017	
	 SPYRAKI Maria		
 Legal Affairs		22/03/2017	

Council of the European Union	PETI Petitions	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
European Commission	Competitiveness (Internal Market, Industry, Research and Space)	3519	20/02/2017
	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Internal Market, Industry, Entrepreneurship and SMEs	BIENKOWSKA Elzbieta	

Key events

10/01/2017	Legislative proposal published	COM(2016)0823	Summary
01/02/2017	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		
20/02/2017	Debate in Council	3519	
21/03/2018	Vote in committee, 1st reading/single reading		

Technical information

Procedure reference	2016/0402(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Directive
	See also Directive 2006/123/EC 2004/0001(COD) See also 2016/0403(COD)
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 062; Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 053-p1
Stage reached in procedure	Awaiting committee decision
Committee dossier	IMCO/8/09040

Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal		COM(2016)0823	10/01/2017	EC	Summary
Document attached to the procedure		SWD(2016)0437	11/01/2017	EC	
Document attached to the procedure		SWD(2016)0438	11/01/2017	EC	
Reasoned opinion	DE_BUNDESTAG	PE602.785	31/03/2017	NP	
Reasoned opinion	AT_BUNDESRAT	PE602.790	31/03/2017	NP	
Economic and Social Committee: opinion, report		CES0729/2017	31/05/2017	ESC	
Committee of the Regions: opinion		CDR1195/2017	11/10/2017	CofR	
Committee draft report		PE609.534	20/11/2017	EP	
Committee opinion	ITRE	PE601.268	30/11/2017	EP	

Amendments tabled in committee		PE615.306	01/12/2017	EP
Amendments tabled in committee		PE615.307	04/12/2017	EP
Committee opinion	ECON	PE610.734	08/12/2017	EP
Committee opinion	JURI	PE610.820	23/02/2018	EP
Committee opinion	EMPL	PE606.162	28/02/2018	EP

2016/0402(COD) - 10/01/2017 Legislative proposal

PURPOSE: to set the legal and operational framework of the European services e-card.

PROPOSED ACT: Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the European Parliament decides in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure and on an equal footing with the Council.

BACKGROUND: with services accounting for around 70% of EU GDP and employment, promoting the competitiveness of EU services markets is central for the creation of jobs and growth in the EU. The [Services Directive](#), adopted in 2006, set general provisions facilitating the establishment of service providers and their ability to offer services cross-border in the single market.

Service providers trying to establish a permanent presence in another Member State or to provide cross-border services on a temporary basis often find it difficult to understand which rules to apply and how. Administrative formalities in different Member States are often complicated and costly for service providers to complete. As a consequence, service providers face multiple and disproportionate compliance costs when going cross-border.

Following on from the [Single Market Strategy](#), the Commission presented a proposal for a [Regulation](#) introducing a European services e-card (ESC) which can be used by service providers to carry out activities in other Member States. This proposal for a Directive concerns the operational framework applicable to ESC introduced by the proposed Regulation.

According to the Commission, cost savings related to the formalities covered by the e-card procedure would be significant compared to the existing situation, potentially going up to 50% or even more.

IMPACT ASSESSMENT: the combination of options withheld would allow the service provider to make use of an EU-level procedure to facilitate access to the market of another Member State, including an advanced electronic mechanism connected to the [Internal Market Information System](#) (IMI) to facilitate compliance with formalities for posted staff which the host Member State can choose to make use of. In addition, it would address practical obstacles related to insurance in cross-border situations.

CONTENT: the proposed Directive lays down a legal and operational framework for the European services e-card, introduced by the ESC Regulation, setting out the rules governing access and exercise of service activities by holders of an e-card.

The proposal:

- sets the scope of this Directive as including the business and construction services listed in its Annex;
- clarifies the evidentiary value, throughout the Union, of a European services e-card in relation to establishment in the home Member States of the provider, from where it expands operations by making use of the e-card;
- details the effects of the European services e-card as proof of the ability of the e-card holder to provide services in the territory of the host Member State, either temporarily or through a branch, agency or office located therein;
- determines the validity of the European services e-card to be indefinite in time, unless suspended, revoked or cancelled, and encompassing all of the territory of the host Member State;
- determines that the application for an e-card should be submitted to the coordinating authority of the home Member State;
- safeguards the right of Member States to invoke those overriding reasons of public interest;
- describes procedural steps for issuing a European services e-card for providing services through establishment in the form of branches, agencies or offices. The coordinating authority of the host Member State informs of requirements applicable on its territory in order for access to be granted. The applicant needs to prove the necessary compliance. If no decision is taken by the coordinating authority of the host Member State after a proper due process with the applicant and despite of an alert to react, the e-card is issued;
- provides the right of redress against decisions by coordinating authorities of the home or host Member States;
- introduces a once-only principle at domestic level, under which information and documents in the possession of home Member State authorities need not be supplied again by the applicant for a European services e-card;
- lists events occurring in the host Member State which must trigger suspension or revocation of a European services e-card.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS: the proposal is expected to have implications for the EU budget to the extent that the future European services e-card will use the Internal Market Information System (IMI) as its operational backbone. Member States already have the experience with the system, as more than 5 000 competent authorities are already registered with IMI since 2011 and with the [European Professional Card](#) (EPC) since January 2016.

It is now necessary to adapt the IMI system to support the European services e-card procedure and storage requirements and supplemented with some additional functions. Any necessary allocations will be met through redeployment; no budgetary impact is expected on EU budget over and beyond the appropriations already foreseen in the official financial programming of the Commission.

DELEGATED ACTS: the proposal contains provisions empowering the Commission to adopt delegated acts in accordance with Article 290 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

