

Procedure file

Basic information		
RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	2017/2723(RSP)	Procedure completed
Resolution on Pakistan, notably the situation of human rights defenders and the death penalty		
Subject 6.10.08 Fundamental freedoms, human rights, democracy in general		
Geographical area Pakistan		

Key players	
European Parliament	

Key events			
15/06/2017	Results of vote in Parliament		
15/06/2017	Debate in Parliament		
15/06/2017	Decision by Parliament	T8-0268/2017	Summary
15/06/2017	End of procedure in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2017/2723(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Urgent debate or resolution
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 144
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway					
Motion for a resolution		B8-0419/2017	14/06/2017	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0421/2017	14/06/2017	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0422/2017	14/06/2017	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0423/2017	14/06/2017	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0427/2017	14/06/2017	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B8-0429/2017	14/06/2017	EP	

Joint motion for resolution		RC-B8-0419/2017	14/06/2017		
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0268/2017	15/06/2017	EP	Summary

Resolution on Pakistan, notably the situation of human rights defenders and the death penalty

The European Parliament adopted a resolution on Pakistan, notably the situation of human rights defenders and the death penalty.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled by the EPP, S&D, ECR, ALDE, Greens/EFA and EFDD groups.

Parliament expressed deep concern at the reports of the use of the death penalty in Pakistan following flawed trials, the execution of minors and persons with mental disorders, and allegations of torture. Pakistan now has one of the largest death row populations in the world.

Reiterating the EUs strong opposition to the death penalty, Members called on Pakistan to reinstate the moratorium, with the longer-term objective of full abolition of the death penalty.

Parliament is deeply concerned at the continued use of the blasphemy law, which carries a mandatory death sentence. It called on the Pakistani Government to put in place effective procedural and institutional safeguards to prevent the misuse of blasphemy charges.

In general, Members deplored the roll-back in Pakistan over respect for human rights and the rule of law, and in particular the increase in extrajudicial killings and the intimidation of and use of force against journalists, human rights defenders, NGOs and critics of the government. They called on the government to:

- take urgent action to protect the lives and rights of journalists and bloggers;
- amend the Prevention of Electronic Crimes Act 2016 and to remove the overly wide-ranging provisions for monitoring and retaining data and shutting down websites on the basis of vague criteria.

Parliament also recalled that the granting of GSP+ status is conditional and that the effective implementation of international conventions is an essential requirement under the scheme. It urged the Commission and the EEAS to raise these issues with the Pakistani authorities during the regular Human Rights Dialogue.