





# Procedure file

Basic information	
NLE - Non-legislative enactments Decision	2018/0277(NLE) Procedure completed
Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (1980): accession of Ecuador and Ukraine; acceptance by Austria	
Subject 4.10.02 Family policy, family law, parental leave 4.10.03 Child protection, children's rights 7.40.02 Judicial cooperation in civil and commercial matters	
Geographical area Ecuador Ukraine	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Legal Affairs	 <a href="#">HONEYBALL Mary</a>	24/09/2018
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 <a href="#">RADEV Emil</a>	
		 <a href="#">DZHAMBAZKI Angel</a>	
Council of the European Union	Council configuration	Meeting	Date
	<a href="#">Competitiveness (Internal Market, Industry, Research and Space)</a>	<a href="#">3672</a>	18/02/2019
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	<a href="#">Justice and Consumers</a>	JOUROVÁ Věra	

Key events			
06/07/2018	Legislative proposal published	<a href="#">COM(2018)0527</a>	Summary
10/09/2018	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
06/12/2018	Vote in committee		
10/12/2018	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A8-0452/2018</a>	Summary
31/01/2019	Results of vote in Parliament		



31/01/2019	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T8-0050/2019</a>	Summary
18/02/2019	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament		
18/02/2019	End of procedure in Parliament		
22/02/2019	Final act published in Official Journal		

### Technical information

Procedure reference	2018/0277(NLE)
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments
Procedure subtype	Consultation of Parliament
Legislative instrument	Decision
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 081-p3; Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 218-p6b-ab
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	JURI/8/14025

### Documentation gateway

Legislative proposal	<a href="#">COM(2018)0527</a>	06/07/2018	EC	Summary
Committee draft report	<a href="#">PE630.368</a>	06/11/2018	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">A8-0452/2018</a>	10/12/2018	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading	<a href="#">T8-0050/2019</a>	31/01/2019	EP	Summary

### Final act

[Decision 2019/306](#)  
[OJ L 051 22.02.2019, p. 0011](#) Summary

## Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (1980): accession of Ecuador and Ukraine; acceptance by Austria

**PURPOSE:** to authorise Austria to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (the 1980 Convention).

**PROPOSED ACT:** Council Decision.

**ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT:** the Council adopts the act after consulting the European Parliament but without being obliged to follow its opinion.

**BACKGROUND:** the 1980 Convention has been ratified by 98 countries including all EU Member States. Its purpose is to restore the status quo by means of the prompt return of wrongfully removed or retained children through a system of cooperation among central authorities appointed by its Contracting Parties.

As the prevention of child abduction is an essential part of the EU policy to promote the rights of the child, the European Union is active at international level to improve the application of the 1980 Convention and encourages third States to accede it.

The 1980 Convention stipulates that the Convention applies between the acceding country and such Contracting States as will have declared their acceptance of the accession.

In its Opinion 1/13 of the Court of Justice of the European Union, it was stated that the exclusive competence of the European Union. The decision whether to accept the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine has to be taken at EU level by means of a Council Decision.

Ecuador and Ukraine deposited their accession instruments to the 1980 Convention on 22 January 1992 and 2 June 2006 respectively. The 1980 Convention is already in force between these two third countries and 26 EU Member States. Austria, consulted by the Commission, gave a favourable opinion on the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the Convention.

As regards parental abduction, the 1980 Convention is the international counterpart to [Council Regulation No 2201/2003](#) (Brussels IIa Regulation), one of the main objectives of which is to discourage parents from abducting their children to another Member State by establishing procedures which ensure the immediate return of the child to the Member State of his or her habitual residence.

14 Council Decisions have been already adopted between June 2015 and December 2017 in order to accept the accession to the 1980 Hague Convention on International Child Abduction of 20 third countries (Morocco, Singapore, the Russian Federation, Albania, Andorra, the Seychelles, Armenia, the Republic of Korea, Kazakhstan, Peru, Georgia, South Africa, Chile, Iceland, the Bahamas, Panama, Uruguay, Colombia, El Salvador and San Marino).

CONTENT: the Commission proposes that the Council adopt a decision authorising Austria to accept, in the interests of the Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention. The present proposal is evidently linked to the general objective enshrined in Article 3 of the Treaty on the European Union to protect the rights of the child.

Austria should submit its declaration of acceptance at the latest 12 months after the date of adoption of this Decision.

The United Kingdom and Ireland are bound by the Brussels IIa Regulation and are therefore taking part in the adoption and application of this Decision.

The acceptance of Austria would render the 1980 Convention applicable between Ecuador, Ukraine and all EU Member States except Denmark.

## Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (1980): accession of Ecuador and Ukraine; acceptance by Austria

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The Committee on Legal Affairs adopted the report by Mary HONEYBALL (S&D, UK) on the proposal for a Council decision authorising Austria to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

As the matter of international child abduction falls within the exclusive external competence of the European Union, the decision whether to accept the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine has to be taken at EU level by means of a Council Decision. Austria should thus make the declaration of acceptance concerning the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine in the interest of the European Union.

The acceptance of Austria would render the 1980 Convention applicable between Ecuador, Ukraine and all EU Member States except Denmark.

The committee called on the European Parliament to approve the proposal without amendment, in order to ensure that EU-wide protection is afforded to the children in question.

## Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (1980): accession of Ecuador and Ukraine; acceptance by Austria

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The European Parliament adopted by 613 votes to 17, with 15 abstentions, a legislative resolution on the proposal for a Council decision authorising Austria to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

Parliament approved the authorisation for Austria to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

Austria's acceptance would make the 1980 Convention applicable between Ecuador, Ukraine and all EU Member States with the exception of Denmark.

## Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (1980): accession of Ecuador and Ukraine; acceptance by Austria

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PURPOSE: to authorise Austria, to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (the 1980 Convention).

NON-LEGISLATIVE ACT: Council Decision (EU) 2019/306 authorising Austria to accept, in the interest of the European Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction.

CONTENT: under this Council Decision, Austria is hereby authorised to accept, in the interest of the Union, the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the 1980 Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction (the 1980 Convention).

The 1980 Hague Convention establishes, at the international level, a system of obligations and cooperation between Contracting States and between central authorities and aims to ensure the immediate return of wrongfully removed or retained children. All EU Member States are parties to the Convention.

[Regulation \(EC\) No 2201/2003](#) (Brussels II bis Regulation) complements and reinforces the 1980 Hague Convention. It aims to protect children from the harmful effects of wrongful removal or retention and to establish procedures to ensure their prompt return to the state of their habitual residence, as well as to secure the protection of rights of access and rights of custody.

The European Union has set as one of its aims the promotion of the protection of the rights of the child. Measures for the protection of children against wrongful removal or retention are an essential part of that policy. In this context, the Union encourages third States to accede to the 1980 Hague Convention and supports the proper implementation of the Convention.

In its Opinion 1/13 of the Court of Justice of the European Union, it was stated that the exclusive competence of the European Union. The decision whether to accept the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine has to be taken at EU level by means of a Council Decision.

Ecuador and Ukraine deposited their accession instruments to the 1980 Convention on 22 January 1992 and 2 June 2006 respectively. The 1980 Convention is already in force between these two third countries and 26 Member States of the European Union. Austria, consulted by the Commission, has issued a favourable opinion on the accession of Ecuador and Ukraine to the Convention.

Austria's acceptance shall make the 1980 Convention applicable between Ecuador, Ukraine and all EU Member States except Denmark.

The United Kingdom and Ireland are bound by the Brussels IIa Regulation and are therefore taking part in the adoption and application of this Decision.

ENTRY INTO FORCE: the decision shall take effect on the day of its notification.