

# Procedure file

Basic information	
NLE - Non-legislative enactments	2019/0090M(NLE)
EC/Guinea-Bissau Fisheries Partnership Agreement: implementation of the Agreement 2019-2024. Protocol	
Accompanying procedure <a href="#">2019/0090(NLE)</a>	
Subject 3.15.15.02 Fisheries agreements with African countries	
Geographical area Guinea-Bissau	

Key players			
European Parliament	<p>Committee responsible</p> <p> <a href="#">Fisheries</a></p>	<p>Rapporteur</p> <p>Shadow rapporteur</p> <p> <a href="#">VAN DALEN Peter</a></p> <p> <a href="#">GONZÁLEZ CASARES Nicolás</a></p> <p> <a href="#">BILBAO BARANDICA Izaskun</a></p> <p> <a href="#">GUERREIRO Francisco</a></p> <p> <a href="#">TOMAŠIĆ Ruža</a></p>	Appointed
	<p>Committee for opinion</p> <p> <a href="#">Development</a></p>	<p>Rapporteur for opinion</p> <p> <a href="#">ROOSE Caroline</a></p>	Appointed 04/09/2019
	<p> <a href="#">Budgets</a></p>	<p>The committee decided not to give an opinion.</p>	
Council of the European Union European Commission	<p>Commission DG</p> <p><a href="#">Maritime Affairs and Fisheries</a></p>	<p>Commissioner</p> <p>VELLA Karmenu</p>	

Key events	
24/10/2019	Committee referral announced in Parliament
21/01/2020	Vote in committee

27/01/2020	Committee report tabled for plenary	<a href="#">A9-0013/2020</a>	Summary
17/06/2020	Results of vote in Parliament		
17/06/2020	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T9-0137/2020</a>	Summary

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2019/0090M(NLE)
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments
Procedure subtype	Motion for a resolution under consent procedure
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 107-p2
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	PECH/9/01450

Documentation gateway					
Committee draft report		<a href="#">PE642.938</a>	21/10/2019	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		<a href="#">PE644.740</a>	21/11/2019	EP	
Committee opinion	<b>DEVE</b>	<a href="#">PE642.937</a>	11/12/2019	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		<a href="#">A9-0013/2020</a>	27/01/2020	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		<a href="#">T9-0137/2020</a>	17/06/2020	EP	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		<a href="#">SP(2020)427</a>	14/12/2020	EC	

## EC/Guinea-Bissau Fisheries Partnership Agreement: implementation of the Agreement 2019-2024. Protocol

The Committee on Fisheries adopted the report by João FERREIRA (GUE/NGL, PT) containing a motion for a non-legislative resolution on the draft Council Decision on the conclusion of the Protocol on the implementation of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Republic of Guinea-Bissau (2019-2024).

Stressing the importance of the Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreement (SFPA) between the European Union and Guinea-Bissau, Members called on the Commission to take all the necessary steps to ensure that the new Protocol to the SFPA is more ambitious than the previous ones, in order to ensure that the SFPA:

- leads to satisfactory levels of development of the local fisheries sector to be achieved, and
- be consistent with the objectives referred to in the UN Sustainable Development Goal (SDO) 14 to conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.

Supporting the need to make significant progress in the development of Guinea-Bissau's fisheries sector, including related industries and activities, Members called on the Commission to take all necessary measures, including a possible strengthening of the sectoral support component of the agreement so that it contributes to the full implementation of the national strategy for fisheries and the blue economy by pursuing the following objectives:

- strengthening institutional capacity, including regional and global fisheries governance strategies;
- supporting the strengthening of marine protected areas;
- developing key fisheries infrastructure, such as ports (industrial and artisanal), landing sites, fish storage and processing facilities, markets, distribution and marketing structures, or quality analysis laboratories;
- contribute to the good ecological condition of the marine environment, in particular by supporting the collection of waste and fishing gear by local actors;
- supporting small-scale fisheries, building the capacity of local operators in the fisheries sector by supporting fishermen's organisations, training professionals and enhancing the role of women and young people in fisheries.

Members considered that the European Development Fund (EDF) and the sectoral support provided for in the EU-Guinea-Bissau DPA should complement each other and be fully coordinated. They called on the Commission and the authorities of Guinea-Bissau to strengthen their cooperation in order to establish the conditions for the export of Guinea-Bissau fishery products to the EU, in particular as regards the verification of the required sanitary conditions and certification of the analytical laboratory (CIPA).

The report also stresses the need to improve:

- the contribution of the SFPAs to the local creation of direct and indirect jobs;
- the quantity and quality of data on all catches (target and by-catches), the state of conservation of fishery resources in Guinea-Bissau's fishing zone and, in general, the impact of the SFPAs on ecosystems;
- the governance, control and surveillance of the Guinea-Bissau fishing zone and to combat IUU fishing, in particular by stepping up vessel monitoring (through the VMS system), with a view to improving the sustainability of fishing activities.

The report called for the inclusion of transparency provisions, including the publication of all agreements concluded with States or private entities granting foreign vessels access to Guinea-Bissau's EEZ. It also recalled that the landings of fish in Guinea-Bissau ports contribute to local processing activities and food security, both in terms of species and quality.

## EC/Guinea-Bissau Fisheries Partnership Agreement: implementation of the Agreement 2019-2024. Protocol

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The European Parliament adopted by 620 votes to 44, with 22 abstentions, a non-legislative resolution on the draft Council Decision on the conclusion of the Protocol on the implementation of the Fisheries Partnership Agreement between the European Community and the Republic of Guinea-Bissau (2019-2024). It also adopted a [legislative resolution](#) giving its consent to the conclusion of the Protocol.

Objectives of the Protocol

Stressing the importance of the Sustainable Fisheries Partnership Agreement (SFPAs) between the European Union and Guinea-Bissau, Members called on the Commission to take all the necessary steps to ensure that the new Protocol to the SFPAs is more ambitious than the previous ones, in order to ensure that the SFPAs:

- leads to satisfactory levels of development of the local fisheries sector to be achieved, and
- be consistent with the objectives referred to in the UN Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 14 to conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.

While the Agreement has provided significant fishing opportunities for EU vessels in Guinea-Bissau's fishing zone, Members felt that the development of the local fisheries sector remains unsatisfactory overall.

Strengthening support for the development of the fisheries sector

In order to achieve significant progress in the development of Guinea-Bissau's fisheries sector, including related industries and activities, Parliament called on the Commission to take all necessary measures, including a possible revision and strengthening of the sectoral support component of the Agreement, as well as measures to increase the absorption rate of the financial contribution.

With a view to contributing to the full implementation of the national strategy for fisheries and the blue economy, the Union should mobilise as a priority its technical and financial assistance in order to:

- strengthen institutional capacity, including regional and global fisheries governance strategies;
- support the strengthening of marine protected areas;
- develop key fisheries infrastructure, such as ports (industrial and artisanal), landing sites, fish storage and processing facilities, markets, distribution and marketing structures, or quality analysis laboratories;
- contribute to the good ecological condition of the marine environment, in particular by supporting the collection of waste and fishing gear by local actors;
- support small-scale fisheries, building the capacity of local operators in the fisheries sector by supporting fishermen's organisations, training professionals and enhancing the role of women and young people in fisheries.

The European Development Fund (EDF) and the sectoral support provided for in the EU-Guinea-Bissau SFPAs should complement each other and be fully coordinated in order to contribute to the strengthening of the local fisheries sector. Members stressed the contribution of the SFPAs to the local creation of direct and indirect employment. They also recalled that fish landings in Guinea-Bissau's ports should contribute to local processing activities and food security, both in terms of species and quality.

Improving the quality and reliability of catch data

The resolution stressed the need to improve:

- the quantity and quality of data on all catches (target species and by-catches), the conservation status of fishery resources in the Guinea-Bissau fishing zone and, in general, the impact of the SFPAs on ecosystems;
- the governance, control and surveillance of the Guinea-Bissau fishing zone and to combat IUU fishing, in particular by stepping up vessel monitoring (through the VMS system), with a view to improving the sustainability of fishing activities.

Improving cooperation in the certification process

Members recalled that trade in fishery products from Guinea-Bissau had been banned by the EU for many years because of the country's failure to comply with the sanitary measures required by the EU. The delay in the analytical laboratory's certification process (CIPA) is the main

barrier to the exporting of fishery products from Guinea-Bissau to the EU.

Parliament called on the Commission and the Guinea-Bissau authorities to strengthen their cooperation in order to establish the conditions for the export of fishery products from Guinea-Bissau to the Union, in particular as regards the control of the sanitary conditions required and the certification of the analytical laboratory (CIPA) with a view to lifting the current ban.