Procedure file

Basic information		
DEC - Discharge procedure	2021/2138(DEC)	Procedure completed
2020 discharge: European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA)		
Subject 8.70.03.10 2020 discharge		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible CONT Budgetary Control	Rapporteur	Appointed 29/07/2021
		CHRISTOFOROU Lefteris Shadow rapporteur	
		S&D CHINNICI Caterina	
		BOYER Gilles	
		EICKHOUT Bas	
		CZARNECKI Rysza	ard
		KUHS Joachim	
		OMARJEE Younou	<u>s</u>
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	ECON Economic and Monetary Affairs	The committee decided no give an opinion.	t to
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Budget	HAHN Johannes	

Key events			
30/06/2021	Non-legislative basic document published	COM(2021)0381	
14/09/2021	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
31/03/2022	Vote in committee		
07/04/2022	Committee report tabled for plenary	A9-0108/2022	

04/05/2022	Debate in Parliament	F	
04/05/2022	Decision by Parliament	T9-0180/2022	Summary
05/10/2022	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information		
Procedure reference	2021/2138(DEC)	
Procedure type	DEC - Discharge procedure	
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 165	
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed	
Committee dossier	CONT/9/06722	

Documentation gateway				
Non-legislative basic document	COM(2021)0381	30/06/2021	EC	
Court of Auditors: opinion, report	N9-0044/2022 OJ C 439 29.10.2021, p. 0003	29/10/2021	CofA	
Committee draft report	PE698.980	17/01/2022	EP	
Supplementary non-legislative basic document	06003/2022	16/02/2022	CSL	
Amendments tabled in committee	PE704.739	03/03/2022	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading	<u>A9-0108/2022</u>	07/04/2022	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading	<u>T9-0180/2022</u>	04/05/2022	EP	Summary

Final act

Budget 2022/1779

OJ L 258 05.10.2022, p. 0341

2020 discharge: European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA)

The European Parliament decided to grant discharge to the Executive Director of the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) for the financial year 2020 and to approve the closure of the accounts for that year.

Noting that the Court of Auditors has stated that it has obtained reasonable assurance that the Authority's annual accounts for the financial year 2020 are reliable and that the underlying transactions are legal and regular, Parliament adopted, by 558 votes to 50, 35 abstentions, a resolution containing a series of recommendations which form an integral part of the discharge decision and which complement the general recommendations set out in the resolution on the performance, financial management and control of EU agencies.

Authoritys financial statements

The Authority's final budget for the financial year 2020 was EUR 56 246 722, representing an increase of 18.72 % compared to 2019. The Authority is financed by Union funds (29.81 % of the total budget), contributions from Member States' supervisory authorities (38.41 %) and fees received from supervised entities (27.67 %).

Budgetary and financial management

The budget monitoring efforts during the financial year 2020 resulted in a budget implementation rate of 99.03 %, representing a slight decrease of 0.92 % compared to 2019. The execution rate of payment appropriations was at 85.51 %, representing a decrease of 3.26 % compared to the previous year.

Parliament noted that the surpluses and deficits from the fees charged to credit rating agencies and trade repositories can lead to an annual cross-financing of activities. The Authority should find a means of avoiding such cross-financing.

Other observations

Parliament also made a number of observations concerning performance, staff, public procurement and the prevention of conflicts of interest and Covid-19.

In particular, it noted that:

- the Authority shares the accounting officer function with the EBA, and the majority of its procurements are joint procurements with other agencies and the Commission; further notes that the Authority has implemented its administrative digitalisation programme based on joint IT software shared by six Union agencies, which together cooperate to communicate on best user practices and new releases;
- as a consequence of the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Authority completed 81.5 % of the activities included in its annual work programme in 2020, representing a decrease of 13.5 % compared to 2019;
- the Authority continues to contribute actively to the development of the Union regulatory and practical framework for sustainability that is required to meet the political ambition and pressing timetable of the European Green Deal, especially in relation to the disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by certain large undertakings and groups; on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector and on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment:
- on 31 December 2020, the establishment plan was 76.11 % implemented, with 172 temporary agents appointed out of 226 temporary agents authorised under the Union budget (compared to 210 authorised posts in 2019). There is a need for a geographical and gender balance among members of staff;
- the Authority experienced a planned increase in its workload in 2020, for which it received 16 new posts that had been foreseen in the Multiannual Financial Framework for 2020. It reallocated posts internally to continue to provide input in the Capital Markets Union agenda and to manage the pressure on the Authoritys activities as a result of the UKs withdrawal from the Union:
- in March 2020, the Authority signed a data services master agreement with a Canadian company, for a maximum period of seven years. The maximum amount of the contract was not clearly stated, which reduces the transparency of the signed agreement. Corrective actions were however taken by the Authority to address that serious internal control weakness;
- synergies were created through joint procurement procedures with other Union agencies;
- overall, the pandemic had several key impacts on the Authority, including more frequent meetings of the board of supervisors and other group meetings of the Authority, an increase in the digitalisation and use of audio and video conferencing and voting tools, an increase in the importance of having an online presence on social media and attending online conferences, and a reduced carbon footprint as a result of less printing and less travelling;
- the Authority reinforced its coordination role regarding the supervision of investment funds through the organisation of frequent exchanges with national competent authorities on market developments and supervisory risks, in particular on liquidity issues;
- lastly, it continued to prepare for the end of the transition period of the UKs withdrawal from the Union, in line with its mission to enhance investor protection and promote stable and orderly financial markets.