












Procedure file

Basic information		
DEC - Discharge procedure	2021/2148(DEC)	Procedure completed
2020 discharge: Bio-Based Industries Joint Undertaking (BBI JU)		
Subject 8.70.03.10 2020 discharge		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Budgetary Control	 BRUDZIŃSKI Joachim Stanisław	28/07/2021
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 MARINESCU Marian-Jean	
		 CREU Corina	
		 WIEZIK Michal	
		 RIVASI Michèle	
		 KUHS Joachim	
		 OMARJEE Younous	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	 Industry, Research and Energy	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
	 Regional Development	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
European Commission	Commission DG Budget	Commissioner HAHN Johannes	

Key events			
30/06/2021	Non-legislative basic document published	COM(2021)0381	
14/09/2021	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
28/02/2022	Vote in committee		
29/03/2022	Committee report tabled for plenary	A9-0074/2022	
04/05/2022	Debate in Parliament		
	Decision by Parliament		Summary

04/05/2022		T9-0189/2022	
05/10/2022	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2021/2148(DEC)
Procedure type	DEC - Discharge procedure
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	CONT/9/06678

Documentation gateway					
Non-legislative basic document		COM(2021)0381	30/06/2021	EC	
Court of Auditors: opinion, report		N9-0045/2022 OJ C 458 12.11.2021, p. 0020	12/11/2021	CofA	
Committee draft report		PE698.991	17/12/2021	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE703.123	02/02/2022	EP	
Supplementary non-legislative basic document		06005/2022	16/02/2022	CSL	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		A9-0074/2022	29/03/2022	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T9-0189/2022	04/05/2022	EP	Summary

Final act
Budget 2022/1813 OJ L 258 05.10.2022, p. 0437

2020 discharge: Bio-Based Industries Joint Undertaking (BBI JU)

The European Parliament decided to grant discharge to the Executive Director of the Bio-based Industries Joint Undertaking (now the Circular Bio-based Europe Joint Undertaking) in respect of the implementation of the budget of the Joint Undertaking for the financial year 2020 and approve the closure of the Joint Undertakings accounts.

Noting that the Court of Auditors was of the opinion that the annual accounts of the Joint Undertaking for the financial year 2020 present fairly the financial situation of the Joint Undertaking on 31 December 2020, as well as the results of its operations, Parliament adopted, by 569 votes to 67 with 5 abstention, a resolution containing a series of observations which form an integral part of the discharge decision.

General comments

The maximum EU contribution to the Joint Undertaking operations, under Horizon 2020, is EUR 975 000 000. Members of the Joint Undertaking other than the Union are expected to make a total contribution of at least EUR 2 730 000 000 over the 10-year period of the duration of the Joint Undertaking, of which EUR 182 500 000 is the minimum financial contribution to operational costs. In-kind contributions of at least EUR 1 755 000 000 are to be made by the members other than the Union or their constituent entities consisting of the costs incurred by them in implementing additional activities outside the Joint Undertakings annual work plan and contributing to its objectives.

Budgetary and financial management

The final available 2020 budget for implementation including re-entered unused appropriations of previous years, assigned revenues and reallocations to the following year includes commitment appropriations of EUR 111 733 166, of which EUR 67 604 259 from the Union budget, and payment appropriations of EUR 196 631 962, of which EUR 184 010 322 from the Union budget.

As regards the Joint Undertakings 2020 budget available for Horizon 2020 projects, the implementations rates for commitment and payment appropriations were 100 % and 85 % respectively. Members noted that the administrative budget included a relatively high surplus from unused appropriations carried over from previous years.

The industry members total in-kind contributions to additional activities only achieved 53 % of the minimum amount of EUR 1 755 000 000. Parliament is concerned that there is a high risk that, by the end of the Horizon 2020 programme, the Joint Undertaking will not achieve the expected targets for its industry members in-kind contributions and adopted annual work plans.

Once again, Parliament called for a harmonisation of the calculation of in-kind contributions to the Joint Undertaking.

Other observations

The resolution also contains a series of observations on performance, recruitment, internal audit and fraud prevention.

In particular, it noted the following:

- the Joint Undertaking project portfolio consists of 124 projects resulting from the 2014-2019 calls and 18 projects from the 2020 call are expected to the Joint Undertakings project portfolio;
- the Joint Undertakings efficient performance in core operations was confirmed, continuing the positive trends observed in previous years;
- by the end of 2020, the Joint Undertaking had 23 staff members from 10 Member States (26 % men and 74 % women);
- the Joint Undertaking has set up reliable ex ante control procedures and in February 2020, the IAS finalised its Strategic Internal Audit Plan covering the period 2021-2023;
- the European Anti-Fraud Office (OLAF) closed an investigation in the first half of 2020 that found evidence of irregularities and fraud in the activities of two beneficiaries involved in Horizon 2020 projects, including projects co-financed by the Joint Undertaking;
- the CVs of the members of its Governing Board should be published according to Parliament;
- permanent and robust training scheme should be set up for its employees, especially those working directly with calls for proposals and grants, in order to strengthen ethical standards and minimise the risk of unethical behaviour occurring, having a negative impact on sound financial management.