










# Procedure file

Basic information		
INI - Own-initiative procedure	<a href="#">2022/2024(INI)</a>	Procedure completed
Deliberations of the Committee on Petitions in 2021		
Subject		
1.20.03 Right of petition		
8.40.01.06 Committees, interparliamentary delegations		

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 <a href="#">Petitions</a>	 <a href="#">VINCZE Loránt</a>	26/01/2022
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 <a href="#">AGIUS SALIBA Alex</a>	
		 <a href="#">TOOM Jana</a>	
		 <a href="#">AUKEN Margrete</a>	
		 <a href="#">GANCIA Gianna</a>	
		 <a href="#">CZARNECKI Ryszard</a>	
European Commission	Commission DG <a href="#">Secretariat-General</a>	Commissioner VON DER LEYEN Ursula	

Key events			
10/03/2022	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
25/10/2022	Vote in committee		
10/11/2022	Committee report tabled for plenary	<a href="#">A9-0271/2022</a>	Summary
14/12/2022	Debate in Parliament		
15/12/2022	Results of vote in Parliament		
15/12/2022	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T9-0451/2022</a>	Summary
15/12/2022	Decision by Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2022/2024(INI)
Procedure type	INI - Own-initiative procedure
Procedure subtype	Annual report
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 54; Rules of Procedure EP 227-p7
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	PETI/9/08489

Documentation gateway					
Committee draft report		<a href="#">PE734.076</a>	19/07/2022	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		<a href="#">PE736.591</a>	29/09/2022	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		<a href="#">A9-0271/2022</a>	10/11/2022	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		<a href="#">T9-0451/2022</a>	15/12/2022	EP	Summary
Commission response to text adopted in plenary		<a href="#">SP(2023)153</a>	26/04/2023	EC	

## Deliberations of the Committee on Petitions in 2021

The Committee on Petitions adopted an own-initiative report by Loránt VINCZE (EPP, RO) on the outcome of the Committee on Petitions deliberations during 2021.

Pursuant to Rule 227 (7) of the Rules of Procedure of the European Parliament, the Committee on Petitions will report annually on the outcome of its deliberations. The report aims to provide a comprehensive overview of the work carried out by the committee in 2021 and includes a statistical analysis of the petitions received and processed as well as a stocktaking of other parliamentary activities such as the adoption of reports and opinions, the organisation of hearings and the committees relations with other EU institutions.

### Statistical aspects

In 2021, Parliament received 1 392 petitions, which represents around half of the number received in 2013 (2 891) and 2014 (2 715). The number of petitions submitted in 2021 also represents a decrease of 11.5 % compared to the 1 573 petitions submitted in 2020 and a slight increase of 2.5 % compared to the 1 357 petitions submitted in 2019. The number of users supporting one or more petitions on Parliaments Petitions Web Portal was 209 272, which represents a very considerable increase from the 48 882 users recorded in 2020.

There were considerable differences in the number of petitions submitted to the Committee on Petitions from the 27 Member States, with most of the petitions concerning Spain (17 %), followed by Germany (9.7 %), Italy (9.2 %), Greece (5.9 %), Romania (4.1 %), Poland (4 %) and France (2.6 %).

### Processing of petitions

Members called on the Committee on Petitions to review its working methods to ensure that all petitions are dealt with according to a consistent and transparent set of criteria to guarantee a timely and effective process. The treatment of petitions should be geographically balanced and Parliament should promote the role and work of its Petitions Committee and make all EU citizens aware of the possibility of petitioning Parliament.

The report called for awareness-raising campaigns, both at EU and national level, to help increase citizens knowledge about their right to petition, as well as the scope of the Unions responsibilities and the competences of the Committee on Petitions with a view to reducing the number of inadmissible petitions.

Members stressed the need for enhanced cooperation between EU institutions, bodies, offices or agencies and national, regional and local authorities in the Member States in investigations relating to the impact and implementation of EU legislation. They called for the establishment of a one-stop-shop interinstitutional IT tool between the Commission and Parliament to share publicly all the available information on all follow-up actions taken on petitions.

The proper treatment of petitions would require more structured ways of working together and enhanced cooperation between the Committee on Petitions and the Commission through prompt and detailed responses from the Commission. The Commission should provide the Committee on Petitions with regular updates on developments and the state of infringement proceedings launched on the basis of petitions received and ensure that the Committee on Petitions has access to relevant Commission documents on infringements and EU Pilot procedures.

### Main issues of concern

In addition to fundamental rights and environmental issues, health was one of the main concerns of petitioners in 2021, as issues related to the COVID-19 pandemic were at the centre of the Petitions Committee's work. Members were very concerned that the Commission did not disclose all the details of the contracts signed with pharmaceutical companies on COVID-19 vaccines.

The report draws attention to the large number of petitions alleging violations of the Charter of Fundamental Rights, as well as the large number of petitions that have been debated on various aspects of the protection of the rights of rainbow families in the EU, in particular the different positions on freedom of movement and mutual recognition rights of LGBTIQ+ families in the EU. Petitions on national minority rights also remained on the agenda of the Petitions Committee.

Members noted that environmental issues remained a key concern for petitioners in 2021. They regretted that environmental rules are not always properly enforced in Member States and urged the Commission and Member States to ensure proper implementation of EU environmental legislation. They stressed the importance of meeting the expectations of EU citizens in the field of environmental protection, and in particular of taking action in the field of water policy to reduce pollution and limit dangerous residues of chemical substances.

The report also highlighted the important contribution of the Committee on Petitions in defending the rights of people with disabilities. It welcomed the protective role that the Petitions Committee has played within the EU in relation to the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

#### Web portal

The Petitions Web Portal is an essential tool for ensuring a smooth, efficient and transparent petitions process. In this regard, Members welcomed the improvements to data protection and security features which have made the portal more user-friendly and secure for citizens.

Efforts must be continued to make the portal more accessible and known to citizens, including to persons with disabilities.

Lastly, the report welcomed Parliament's constructive cooperation with the European Ombudsman and its involvement in the European Network of Ombudsmen.

## Deliberations of the Committee on Petitions in 2021

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The European Parliament adopted by 408 votes to 44, with 31 abstentions, a resolution on the outcome of the Committee on Petitions deliberations during 2021.

Members stressed the fundamental role of the Committee on Petitions in protecting and promoting the rights of EU citizens and residents by ensuring that petitioners concerns and complaints are examined in a timely, effective, appropriate and non-discriminatory manner, and that the petitioners are informed about the actions taken and progress made on their petitions, and that they are resolved through an open, democratic and transparent petitions process.

#### Statistical aspects

In 2021, Parliament received 1 392 petitions, which represents around half of the number received in 2013 (2 891) and 2014 (2 715). The number of petitions submitted in 2021 also represents a decrease of 11.5 % compared to the 1 573 petitions submitted in 2020 and a slight increase of 2.5 % compared to the 1 357 petitions submitted in 2019. The number of users supporting one or more petitions on Parliaments Petitions Web Portal was 209 272, which represents a very considerable increase from the 48 882 users recorded in 2020.

There were considerable differences in the number of petitions submitted to the Committee on Petitions from the 27 Member States, with most of the petitions concerning Spain (17 %), followed by Germany (9.7 %), Italy (9.2 %), Greece (5.9 %), Romania (4.1 %), Poland (4 %) and France (2.6 %).

#### Processing of petitions

Members called on the Committee on Petitions to review its working methods to ensure that all petitions are dealt with according to a consistent and transparent set of criteria to guarantee a timely and effective process. The treatment of petitions should be geographically balanced and Parliament should promote the role and work of its Petitions Committee and make all EU citizens aware of the possibility of petitioning Parliament.

The Commission is invited to review its strategic approach to the handling of petitions in order to adopt clear rules and establish an administrative procedure for dealing with admissible petitions.

Members stressed the need for enhanced cooperation between EU institutions, bodies, offices or agencies and national, regional and local authorities in the Member States in investigations relating to the impact and implementation of EU legislation. They called for the establishment of a one-stop-shop interinstitutional IT tool between the Commission and Parliament to share publicly all the available information on all follow-up actions taken on petitions.

The proper treatment of petitions would require more structured ways of working together and enhanced cooperation between the Committee on Petitions and the Commission through prompt and detailed responses from the Commission. The Commission should provide the Committee on Petitions with regular updates on developments and the state of infringement proceedings launched on the basis of petitions received and ensure that the Committee on Petitions has access to relevant Commission documents on infringements and EU Pilot procedures.

#### Main issues of concern

In addition to fundamental rights and environmental issues, health was one of the main concerns of petitioners in 2021, as issues related to the COVID-19 pandemic were at the centre of the Petitions Committee's work. Members were very concerned that the Commission did not disclose all the details of the contracts signed with pharmaceutical companies on COVID-19 vaccines.

The resolution draws attention to the large number of petitions alleging violations of the Charter of Fundamental Rights, as well as the large number of petitions that have been debated on various aspects of the protection of the rights of rainbow families in the EU, in particular the different positions on freedom of movement and mutual recognition rights of LGBTIQ+ families in the EU. Petitions on national minority rights also remained on the agenda of the Petitions Committee.

Members noted that environmental issues remained a key concern for petitioners in 2021. They regretted that environmental rules are not always properly enforced in Member States as described in numerous petitions raising complaints about air pollution, large carnivores conservation status and their impact on human activities, illegal logging, attacks on environmental activists, illicit plastic waste disposal, the deterioration of natural ecosystems, nuclear safety and the alteration of biodiversity.

The resolution also highlighted the important contribution of the Committee on Petitions in defending the rights of people with disabilities. It welcomed the protective role that the Petitions Committee has played within the EU in relation to the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

Parliament welcomed the debate in several meetings on the petitions of some European Citizens' Initiatives (ECIs) that have not been successful. The Commission is invited to better cooperate with citizens and to give appropriate follow-up to successful ECIs, including through legislative proposals.

#### Web portal

The Petitions Web Portal is an essential tool for ensuring a smooth, efficient and transparent petitions process. In this regard, Members welcomed the improvements to data protection and security features which have made the portal more user-friendly and secure for citizens.

Efforts must be continued to make the portal more accessible and known to citizens, including to persons with disabilities.

Lastly, the resolution welcomed Parliament's constructive cooperation with the European Ombudsman and its involvement in the European Network of Ombudsmen.