Procedure file

Basic information			
NLE - Non-legislative enactments Decision	2022/0142(NLE)	Procedure completed	
EU/Guyana Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest la governance and trade in timber products to the EU Accompanying procedure <u>2022/0142M(NLE)</u>			
Subject 3.10.11 Forestry policy 3.70.01 Protection of natural resources: fauna, flora, nature, wildlife, countryside; biodiversity 3.70.18 International and regional environment protection measures and agreements 6.20.02 Export/import control, trade defence, trade barriers 6.20.03 Bilateral economic and trade agreements and relations 6.30.02 Financial and technical cooperation and assistance			
Geographical area Guyana			

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Key players			
uropean Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	INTA International Trade		16/06/2022
		renew europe.	
		KARLSBRO Kar	in
		Shadow rapporteur	
		WARBORN Jörg	len
		S&D KUMPULA-NAT	RI
		<u>Miapetra</u>	
		HAUTALA Heidi	
		CAMPOMENOS	I Marco
		TARCZYŃSKI D	ominik
			OTTITIK
		MAUREL Emma	nuel
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	DEVE Development		13/07/2022
		* 1 3	
		RIVASI Michèle	

Commission DG

International Cooperation and Development

Commissioner

URPILAINEN Jutta

Key events				
10/05/2022	Preparatory document	COM(2022)0200	Summary	
19/12/2022	Legislative proposal published	sal published 09272/2022 Summa		
16/01/2023	Committee referral announced in Parliament			
24/01/2023	Vote in committee			
25/01/2023	Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading	<u>A9-0008/2023</u>	Summary	
14/02/2023	Results of vote in Parliament	<u> </u>		
14/02/2023	Decision by Parliament	<u>T9-0034/2023</u>	Summary	
07/03/2023	Act adopted by Council after consultation of Parliament			
05/05/2023	Final act published in Official Journal			

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2022/0142(NLE)
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments
Procedure subtype	Consent by Parliament
Legislative instrument	Decision
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 207-p4; Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 207-p3; Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 218-p6a; Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 218-p7
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	INTA/9/09007

Documentation gateway

Preparatory document		COM(2022)0200	10/05/2022	EC	Summary
Committee draft report		PE736.503	15/09/2022	EP	
Committee opinion	DEVE	PE735.509	14/10/2022	EP	
Legislative proposal		09272/2022	19/12/2022	CSL	Summary
Committee report tabled for plenary, 1st reading/single reading		<u>A9-0008/2023</u>	25/01/2023	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, 1st reading/single reading		<u>T9-0034/2023</u>	14/02/2023	EP	Summary

Final act

Decision 2023/904 OJ L 121 05.05.2023, p. 0001

EU/Guyana Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the EU

PURPOSE: to conclude the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Cooperative Republic of Guyana on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the European Union.

PROPOSED ACT: Council Decision.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: Council may adopt the act only if Parliament has given its consent to the act.

BACKGROUND: the Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade (FLEGT) Action Plan, endorsed by the Council in 2003, proposes a series of measures to stop illegal logging. The cornerstone of this action plan is the establishment of FLEGT partnerships between the EU and timber producing countries.

In 2005, the Council adopted Regulation (EC) No 2173/2005 on the establishment of a FLEGT licensing scheme for imports of timber into the European Community, which allows for the verification of the legality of timber imported into the EU under the FLEGT partnerships.

In 2005, the Council authorised the Commission to negotiate FLEGT partnership agreements with timber producing countries. The Commission started negotiations with the Cooperative Republic of Guyana in 2013.

CONTENT: the Commission proposes that the Council decide to approve, on behalf of the Union, the voluntary partnership agreement between the European Union and the Cooperative Republic of Guyana on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products.

The purpose of the agreement, in line with the parties' shared commitment to the sustainable management of all types of forests, is to provide a legal framework to ensure that all imports into the EU of timber products covered by the agreement from Guyana have been legally produced and, in so doing, to promote trade in timber products.

The agreement also provides a basis for dialogue and cooperation between the parties to facilitate and promote its full implementation and to strengthen forest law enforcement and governance.

In particular, the agreement establishes a licensing regime that verifies and confirms the legality of timber products exported to the EU and third countries, as well as timber sold domestically. With respect to imported timber, Guyana is committed to ensuring that it has been harvested in accordance with the legislation of its country of origin. To this end, Guyana will adopt specific legislation based on due diligence principles.

Guyana is also committed to reviewing its forestry regulations and strengthening them where necessary. It has also defined a framework within which to monitor legal compliance and conduct independent assessments of the system. To implement these measures, the parties agreed to an ambitious timetable over six years (from entry into force).

In addition, the agreement:

- establishes a Joint Monitoring and Evaluation Committee for dialogue and cooperation between the EU and Guyana on the licensing scheme, sets out a framework for stakeholder participation, the establishment of social safeguards, accountability and transparency, and also describes how complaints are handled, how monitoring will be carried out and how reporting will take place;

- covers all timber products currently produced in, imported into and exported from Guyana, in addition to those products listed in Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 2173/2005;

- is underpinned by the principle of non-discrimination, which means that all stakeholders, whether in the forestry sector or not, will be affected. This includes those from the private sector, civil society, local and indigenous communities, as well as others who depend on forests;

- provides for the control of imports at the EU's borders, under Regulation (EC) No 2173/2005 on the FLEGT licensing scheme and Regulation (EC) No 1024/2008, which sets out the implementing rules.

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PURPOSE: to conclude the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Cooperative Republic of Guyana on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the European Union.

PROPOSED ACT: Council Decision.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: Council may adopt the act only if Parliament has given its consent to the act.

BACKGROUND: on 21 May 2003, the Commission adopted a Communication to the Council and the European Parliament entitled "Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade (FLEGT) - Proposal for an EU Action Plan".

The FLEGT action plan called for measures to combat illegal logging through the development of voluntary partnership agreements with timber-producing countries. The Council adopted its conclusions on the FLEGT Action Plan on 13 October 2003 and the European Parliament adopted its resolution on this issue on 11 July 2005.

The Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Cooperative Republic of Guyana on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the European Union has been signed subject to its conclusion at a later date. The agreement should be approved.

CONTENT: the purpose of the draft Council is to approve, on behalf of the Union, the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European

EU/Guyana Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the EU

The Committee on International Trade adopted a report by Karin KARLSBRO (Renew, SE) on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Co-operative Republic of Guyana on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the European Union.

The committee recommended the European Parliament to give its consent to the conclusion of the Agreement.

The purpose of the Agreement, in line with the parties' shared commitment to the sustainable management of all types of forests, is to provide a legal framework to ensure that all imports into the EU of timber products covered by the agreement from Guyana have been legally produced and, in so doing, to promote trade in timber products.

The Agreement also provides a basis for dialogue and cooperation between the parties to facilitate and promote its full implementation and to strengthen forest law enforcement and governance.

EU/Guyana Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the EU

The European Parliament adopted by 619 votes to 2, with 25 abstentions, a legislative resolution on the draft Council decision on the conclusion of the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Co-operative Republic of Guyana on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber products to the European Union.

Parliament gave its consent to the conclusion of the Agreement.

The purpose of the Agreement, in line with the parties' shared commitment to the sustainable management of all types of forests, is to provide a legal framework to ensure that all imports into the EU of timber products covered by the agreement from Guyana have been legally produced and, in so doing, to promote trade in timber products.

The Agreement also provides a basis for dialogue and cooperation between the parties to facilitate and promote its full implementation and to strengthen forest law enforcement and governance.

In particular, the Agreement establishes a licencing scheme that verifies and confirms the legality of timber products exported to the EU and third countries, as well as timber sold domestically.

Parliament also adopted a non-legislative resolution on the draft decision.