



Procedure file

Basic information		
RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects	2023/2543(RSP)	Procedure completed
Resolution on the situation of the former President of Georgia Mikheil Saakashvili		
Subject 6.10.04 Third-country political situation, local and regional conflicts		
Geographical area Georgia		

Key players	
European Parliament	

Key events			
02/02/2023	Debate in Parliament		
15/02/2023	Decision by Parliament	T9-0046/2023	Summary
15/03/2023	Results of vote in Parliament		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2023/2543(RSP)
Procedure type	RSP - Resolutions on topical subjects
Procedure subtype	Resolution on statement
Legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 132-p2
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed

Documentation gateway					
Motion for a resolution		B9-0106/2023	08/02/2023	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0109/2023	08/02/2023	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0112/2023	08/02/2023	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0114/2023	08/02/2023	EP	
Motion for a resolution		B9-0117/2023	08/02/2023	EP	
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T9-0046/2023	15/02/2023	EP	Summary

Resolution on the situation of the former President of Georgia Mikheil Saakashvili

The European Parliament adopted by 577 votes to 33, with 26 abstentions, a resolution on the situation of the former President of Georgia Mikheil Saakashvili.

The text adopted in plenary was tabled by the EPP, S&D, Renew, Greens/EFA, ECR groups and Members.

As a reminder, former Georgian President Mikheil Saakashvili was detained in October 2021 upon his return to Georgia following an eight-year exile. In 2018, he was convicted in absentia by a Georgian court to a six-year prison term for abuse of power while in office, charges that Mikheil Saakashvili denied and qualified as politically motivated.

Parliament expressed its grave concern about the deteriorating health of former Georgian President Mikheil Saakashvili, who has been detained in a prison hospital. The resolution underlined reports of dramatic weight loss and suggestions that he might have suffered from heavy metal poisoning while in detention. The Georgian authorities have so far rejected the many public calls to release Mikheil Saakashvili and allow him to receive medical treatment abroad. They have also declined requests by Members of the European Parliament, international experts and even the Public Defender of Georgia to visit Mikheil Saakashvili in prison.

Expressing grave concern about the inadequate response by the Georgian authorities so far, Parliament called for the release of Mr Saakashvili and for him to receive proper medical treatment abroad and to respect his fundamental rights and personal dignity. Members urged current President Salome Zourabichvili to use her constitutional right to pardon him.

The European Council and the Commission are urged to become more actively involved in securing the release of former President Mikheil Saakashvili.

The resolution stressed the fact that the continuing failure to improve the situation of former President Mikheil Saakashvili will continue to damage Georgias reputation and hamper its European Union candidacy prospects. According to Parliament, the continued detention of Mikhail Saakashvili only deepens the rift between the government and opposition and erodes public trust in democratic institutions.