

Procedure file

Basic information	
<p>COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Directive</p> <p>2023/0053(COD)</p>	Awaiting committee decision
<p>Driving licences</p> <p>Repealing Directive 2006/126 2003/0252(COD)</p> <p>Amending Regulation 2018/1724 2017/0086(COD)</p> <p>Amending Directive 2022/2561 2021/0018(COD)</p> <p>Subject</p> <p>3.20.06 Transport regulations, road safety, roadworthiness tests, driving licence</p>	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 Transport and Tourism	 DELLI Karima	03/05/2023
		Shadow rapporteur	
		 ŁUKACIJEWSKA Elżbieta Katarzyna	
		 VARIATI Achille	
		 RIQUET Dominique	
		 CAMPOMENOSI Marco	
		 LUNDGREN Peter	
		 KOUNTOURA Elena	
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	 Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
	 Internal Market and Consumer Protection	The committee decided not to give an opinion.	
Council of the European Union			
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner	
	Mobility and Transport	VĂLEAN Adina-Ioana	
European Economic and Social Committee			
European Committee of the Regions			

Key events			
01/03/2023	Legislative proposal published	COM(2023)0127	Summary

17/04/2023	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading	
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Forecasts		
07/12/2023	Vote scheduled in committee	

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2023/0053(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Legislation
Legislative instrument	Directive
	Repealing Directive 2006/126 2003/0252(COD) Amending Regulation 2018/1724 2017/0086(COD) Amending Directive 2022/2561 2021/0018(COD)
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 091-p1
Mandatory consultation of other institutions	European Economic and Social Committee European Committee of the Regions
Stage reached in procedure	Awaiting committee decision
Committee dossier	TRAN/9/11398

Documentation gateway					
Legislative proposal		COM(2023)0127	01/03/2023	EC	Summary
Document attached to the procedure		SEC(2023)0350	01/03/2023	EC	
Document attached to the procedure		SWD(2023)0128	01/03/2023	EC	
Document attached to the procedure		SWD(2023)0129	01/03/2023	EC	
Document attached to the procedure		N9-0032/2023 OJ C 199 07.06.2023, p. 0013	25/04/2023	EDPS	

Driving licences

PURPOSE: to revise the EU rules on driving licences.

PROPOSED ACT: Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the European Parliament decides in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure and on an equal footing with the Council.

BACKGROUND: road safety in the EU has improved quite significantly over the last 20 years. The number of road fatalities has gone down by 61.5% from around 51 400 in 2001 to around 19 800 in 2021. However, the improvement in road safety has not been as strong as needed.

The rules on driving licences are essential elements of the common transport policy, contribute to improving road safety, and facilitate the free movement of persons taking up residence in a Member State other than the one issuing the licence. However, the current framework should be updated to be fit for the new era, sustainable, inclusive, smart and resilient. It is important to simplify and digitise administrative procedures, in order to remove the remaining barriers, such as administrative burdens, to the free movement of the drivers taking up residence in a Member State other than the one issuing the licence.

A harmonised Union standard driving licence framework should encompass both physical and mobile driving licences, and provide for their mutual recognition, where they were duly issued in accordance with this Directive.

This proposal constitutes the third revision of the rules on driving licences first introduced in 1980 by Directive 80/1263/EEC, followed by the second driving licence Directive 91/439/EEC and the third driving licence Directive 2006/126/EC.

It forms part of a package that concerns the revision of two other related directives:

- Directive (EU) 2015/413 facilitating [cross-border exchange of information](#) on road-safety-related traffic offences; and
- a proposal for a Directive on the Union-wide effect of certain [driving disqualifications](#).

CONTENT: the Commission proposal aims to improve road safety and facilitate the free movement of people in the European Union while also contributing to sustainable road transport and to its digital transformation by:

- improving driving skills, knowledge and experience, and reduce and punish dangerous behaviour;
- ensuring adequate physical and mental fitness of drivers across the EU;
- removing inadequate or unnecessary barriers affecting applicants and holders of driving licences.

The revised rules give special attention to the road safety needs of all groups of society, notably vulnerable road users like pedestrians, cyclists, users of powered two-wheeled vehicles, users of personal mobility devices and persons with disabilities or reduced mobility and orientation.

The proposal does not apply to power-driven vehicles running on wheels or tracks, having at least two axles, the principal function of which lies in their tractive power, which are specially designed to pull, push, carry or operate certain tools, machines or trailers used in connection with agricultural or forestry operations, and the use of which for carrying persons or goods by road or drawing, on the road, vehicles used for the carriage of persons or goods is only a secondary function.

The main measures of the proposal include:

- a probation period of at least two years for novice drivers after passing the test, and a zero-tolerance rule on drink-driving;
- allowing young people to take their test and commence accompanied driving of cars and lorries from the age of 17, to gain driving experience;
- adapting driver training and testing to better prepare drivers for the presence of vulnerable users on the road. This will help improve safety for pedestrians, cyclists, as well as users of e-scooters and e-bikes as the EU transitions to more sustainable urban mobility;
- a more targeted assessment of medical fitness, taking into account advances in medical treatment for diseases such as diabetes. Drivers will also be encouraged to update their driving skills and knowledge to keep up with technological developments;
- simplifying the recognition of driving licences between Member States, the Commission proposes the introduction of a digital driving licence, accessible through a mobile phone or other digital device, which would be recognised throughout the EU. It will be much easier to replace, renew or exchange a driving licence since all procedures will be online. In the same vein, it will also be easier for citizens from non-EU countries with comparable road safety standards, to exchange their driving licence for an EU one;
- updated testing rules will take into account the transition to zero-emission vehicles. They will, for example, assess the knowledge and skills linked to advanced driving assistance systems and other automated technologies. Novice drivers will also be taught how their driving style has an impact on their emissions the timing of gear changes, for example. It is proposed that the permitted mass of a B' category vehicle will be adjusted for alternatively fuelled vehicles, since battery-carrying zero-emission vehicles can be heavier.

Budgetary implications

The implications for the Union budget are mainly for the establishment of an information platform for authorities to exchange information on physical and mental fitness to drive and the development of an (online) training programme for general practitioner between EUR 0.7 to 1.1 million.

Transparency			
BILBAO BARANDICA Izaskun	Member	05/06/2023	CNAE