











# Procedure file

Basic information	
NLE - Non-legislative enactments	<a href="#">2023/0222R(NLE)</a>
EU/Côte d'Ivoire Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and timber products to the EU (FLEGT)	
See also <a href="#">2023/0222(NLE)</a>	
Subject 3.10.11 Forestry policy 3.70.01 Protection of natural resources: fauna, flora, nature, wildlife, countryside; biodiversity 3.70.18 International and regional environment protection measures and agreements 6.20.02 Export/import control, trade defence, trade barriers 6.20.03 Bilateral economic and trade agreements and relations 6.30.02 Financial and technical cooperation and assistance	
Procedure completed	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible	Rapporteur	Appointed
	 <a href="#">International Trade</a>	 <a href="#">KARLSBRO Karin</a> Shadow rapporteur  <a href="#">WARBORN Jürgen</a>  <a href="#">KUMPULA-NATRI Miapetra</a>  <a href="#">HAUTALA Heidi</a>  <a href="#">CAMPOMENOSI Marco</a>  <a href="#">TARCZYŃSKI Dominik</a>  <a href="#">MAUREL Emmanuel</a>	18/09/2023
Council of the European Union	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed
	 <a href="#">Development</a>	 <a href="#">ZORRINHO Carlos</a>	09/10/2023

Key events

18/01/2024	Committee referral announced in Parliament		
07/03/2024	Vote in committee		
20/03/2024	Committee report tabled for plenary	<a href="#">A9-0137/2024</a>	Summary
10/04/2024	Decision by Parliament	<a href="#">T9-0209/2024</a>	Summary

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2023/0222R(NLE)
Procedure type	NLE - Non-legislative enactments
Procedure subtype	Interim report under consent procedure
	See also <a href="#">2023/0222(NLE)</a>
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed
Committee dossier	INTA/9/13952

Documentation gateway					
Specific opinion	<b>DEVE</b>	<a href="#">PE758.740</a>	29/01/2024	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		<a href="#">PE758.798</a>	07/02/2024	EP	
Committee draft report		<a href="#">PE758.797</a>	07/02/2024	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		<a href="#">A9-0137/2024</a>	20/03/2024	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		<a href="#">T9-0209/2024</a>	10/04/2024	EP	Summary

## EU/Côte d'Ivoire Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and timber products to the EU (FLEGT)

The Committee on International Trade adopted the interim report by Karin KARLSBRO (Renew, SE) on the proposal for a Council decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the Union, of the Voluntary Partnership Agreement (VPA) between the European Union and the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire on forest law enforcement, governance and trade in timber and timber products to the European Union (FLEGT).

The committee recommended that the European Parliament give its consent to the conclusion of the Agreement.

Members welcomed the conclusion of negotiations on the VPA between the EU and Côte d'Ivoire and called for its swift ratification by both sides. They underlined that the full implementation of the VPA will be a long-term process which will require the adoption of a whole set of legislation and adequate administrative capacity and expertise for its implementation and enforcement. The success of the FLEGT also depends on tackling fraud, organised crime and corruption throughout the timber supply chain. In this regard, the Government of Côte d'Ivoire is urged to work to stop widespread corruption and address other factors fuelling illegal logging and forest degradation, with particular regard to customs, in cooperation with other authorities, which will play a pivotal role in the implementation and enforcement of the VPA.

The report called on the Commission to increase the funding allocation to the Forest Partnership with Côte d'Ivoire as part of the programming review process for the EU bilateral programme for 2025-2027 in order to assist in the VPAs implementation.

Moreover, Members called for strengthening the role and participation of the private sector in the VPAs implementation and to assist operators, in particular SMEs, in building capacity to ensure better clarity, understanding and compliance with the requirements of the VPA.

The committee recognised that the VPA with Côte d'Ivoire, as well as those with other countries, proves that trade agreements can work, without the threat to impose sanctions, by the inclusion of different means of control and cooperation.

Lastly, the Commission is asked to regularly report to Parliament on the implementation of the agreement, including on the work of the Joint Implementation Committee. The EU Member States should fully comply with and implement the EU Timber Regulation and to align with the requirements of the EU Deforestation Regulation.

## EU/Côte d'Ivoire Voluntary Partnership Agreement: forest law enforcement, governance and

## trade in timber and timber products to the EU (FLEGT)

---

The European Parliament adopted by 521 votes to 11, with 78 abstentions, a resolution on the proposal for a Council decision on the conclusion, on behalf of the Union, of the Voluntary Partnership Agreement between the European Union and the Republic of Côte d'Ivoire on forest law

enforcement, governance and trade in timber and timber products to the European Union (FLEGT).

Parliament welcomed the conclusion of negotiations on the VPA between the EU and Côte d'Ivoire and called for its swift ratification by both sides so it can enter into force in 2024. It recognised that the full implementation of the VPA will be a long-term process which will require the adoption of a whole set of legislation and adequate administrative capacity and expertise for its implementation and enforcement. FLEGT licensing can only begin once Côte d'Ivoire has demonstrated the readiness of its timber legality assurance system. Therefore, Parliament called for the introduction of measures that can support the reduction of burdensome administrative processes. It urged both partners to identify digital methods for simplifying the process, for instance, paperless solutions such as e-certificates.

The resolution underlined that the success of the FLEGT also depends on tackling fraud, organised crime and corruption throughout the timber supply chain. In this regard, the Government of Côte d'Ivoire is urged to work to stop widespread corruption and address other factors fuelling illegal logging and forest degradation, with particular regard to customs, in cooperation with other authorities, which will play a pivotal role in the implementation and enforcement of the VPA.

The Commission is called on to increase the funding allocation to the Forest Partnership with Côte d'Ivoire as part of the programming review process for the EU bilateral programme for 2025-2027 in order to assist in the VPAs implementation.

Moreover, Members called for strengthening the role and participation of the private sector in the VPAs implementation and to assist operators, in particular SMEs, in building capacity to ensure better clarity, understanding and compliance with the requirements of the VPA.

The resolution recognised that the VPA with Côte d'Ivoire, as well as those with other countries, proves that trade agreements can work, without the threat to impose sanctions, by the inclusion of different means of control and cooperation.

The Commission is asked to regularly report to Parliament on the implementation of the agreement, including on the work of the Joint Implementation Committee.

Lastly, Parliament called on the Member States to fully comply with and implement the EU Timber Regulation and to align with the requirements of the EU Deforestation Regulation.