Procedure file

Basic information			
DEC - Discharge procedure	2018/2185(DEC)	Procedure completed	
2017 discharge: European Medicines Agency (EMA)			
Subject 8.70.03.02 2017 discharge			

Key players				
European Parliament	Committee responsible CONT Budgetary Control	Rapporteur	Appointed 26/07/2018	
		Cepp SARVAMAA Petri		
		Shadow rapporteur		
		KADENBACH Karin		
		CZARNECKI Ryszard		
		ALI Nedzhmi		
		STAES Bart		
		ENF KAPPEL Barbara		
	Committee for opinion	Rapporteur for opinion	Appointed	
	ENVI Environment, Public Health and Food Safety		30/08/2018	
		VĂLEAN Adina-Ioana		
European Commission	Commission DG	Commissioner		
	Budget	OETTINGER Günther		

Key events				
28/06/2018	Non-legislative basic document published	COM(2018)0521	Summary	
11/09/2018	Committee referral announced in Parliament			
20/02/2019	Vote in committee			
01/03/2019	Committee report tabled for plenary	<u>A8-0135/2019</u>	Summary	

26/03/2019	Results of vote in Parliament		
26/03/2019	Debate in Parliament	-	
26/03/2019	Decision by Parliament	T8-0271/2019	Summary
26/03/2019	End of procedure in Parliament		
27/09/2019	Final act published in Official Journal		

Technical information		
Procedure reference	2018/2185(DEC)	
Procedure type	DEC - Discharge procedure	
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159	
Stage reached in procedure	Procedure completed	
Committee dossier	CONT/8/14287	

Documentation gateway					
Non-legislative basic document		COM(2018)0521	28/06/2018	EC	Summary
Court of Auditors: opinion, report		<u>N8-0012/2019</u> OJ C 434 30.11.2018, p. 0001	18/09/2018	CofA	Summary
Committee draft report		PE626.799	17/12/2018	EP	
Committee opinion	ENVI	PE627.701	23/01/2019	EP	
Supplementary non-legislative basic document		05825/2019	31/01/2019	CSL	Summary
Amendments tabled in committee		PE634.505	31/01/2019	EP	
Committee report tabled for plenary, single reading		<u>A8-0135/2019</u>	01/03/2019	EP	Summary
Text adopted by Parliament, single reading		T8-0271/2019	26/03/2019	EP	Summary

Final act

Budget 2019/1485 OJ L 249 27.09.2019, p. 0233

2017 discharge: European Medicines Agency (EMA)

PURPOSE: presentation by the Commission of the consolidated annual accounts of the European Union for the financial year 2017, as part of the 2017 discharge procedure.

Analysis of the accounts of the European Medicines Agency (EMA).

CONTENT: the organisational governance of the EU consists of institutions, agencies and other EU bodies whose expenditure is included in the general budget of the Union.

This Commission document concerns the EU's consolidated accounts for the year 2017 and details how spending by the EU institutions and bodies was carried out. The consolidated annual accounts of the EU provide financial information on the activities of the institutions, agencies and other bodies of the EU from an accrual accounting and budgetary perspective.

It is the responsibility of the Commission's Accounting Officer to prepare the EU's consolidated annual accounts and ensure that they present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position, the result of the operations and the cash flows of the EU institutions and bodies with a view to granting discharge.

Discharge procedure: the final step of a budget lifecycle is the discharge. It is the decision by which the European Parliament releases the

Commission from its responsibility for management of a given budget by marking the end of that budget's existence. It is granted by the European Parliament on the recommendation of the Council.

The decision is based in particular on the European Court of Auditors reports, in particular its annual report, in which the Court provides a Statement of Assurance (DAS) on the legality and regularity of transactions (payments and commitments).

The procedure results in the granting, postponement or refusal of discharge.

The final discharge report including specific recommendations to the Commission for action is adopted in plenary by the European Parliament and are subject to an annual follow up report in which the Commission outlines the concrete actions it has taken to implement the recommendations made.

All EU institutions and other agencies, bodies and joint undertakings are subject to their own discharge procedures.

The European Medicines Agency: the Agency, which is located in London (UK), was created by <u>Council Regulation (EEC) No 2309/93</u>, which was replaced by <u>Regulation (EC) No 726/2004</u> of the European Parliament and of the Council and its role is the coordination of the scientific resources made available by the national authorities in order to ensure the evaluation and supervision of medicinal products for human or veterinary use on the basis of a centralised procedure.

The year 2017 was a challenging year for EMA. The impact of the UKs decision to withdraw from the European Union left its mark. As well as continuing with its day-to-day work and successfully delivering most of its work plan, the Agency worked with the national competent authorities to prepare the network for the impact of the UKs withdrawal.

The Agency received the long-awaited decision on its new home. On 20 November 2017, the General Affairs Council (Art. 50) decided on Amsterdam as EMAs new location. The decision ended a long period of uncertainty and allowed the Agency to begin more concrete decision-making on how to ensure a successful move and retain majority of the existing staff.

As regards Agencys accounts, these are presented in detail in the document on the consolidated annual accounts of the European Union for 2017:

Commitment appropriations:

available: EUR 331 million;made: EUR 302 million.

Payment appropriations:

available: EUR 347 million;made: EUR 292 million.

For further details on expenditure, please refer to the final accounts of the EMA.

2017 discharge: European Medicines Agency (EMA)

Having examined the revenue and expenditure accounts for the financial year 2017 and the balance sheet as at 31 December 2017 of the European Medicines Agency (EMA), as well as the Court of Auditors' report on the annual accounts of the Agency for the financial year 2017, accompanied by the Agency's replies to the Court's observations, the Council recommended the European Parliament to give a discharge to the Executive Director of the Agency in respect of the implementation of the budget for the financial year 2017.

The Council welcomed the Court's opinion that the Agency's annual accounts present fairly its financial position as at 31 December 2017 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the provisions of the Agency's Financial Regulation, and that the underlying transactions for 2017 are legal and regular in all material respects.

Nevertheless, the following observations were made:

- financial programming: the Council encouraged the Agency to continue improving its financial programming and monitoring of the budget implementation, taking into account the decision on the future location of the Agency;
- accounting: deficiencies were found by the Court in the Agency's accounting environment. The Council called on the Agency to take appropriate actions mainly to ensure the accounting officer's independence, as well as to remedy any unjustified delays in the re-validation of its accounting system;
- action plan: the Council welcomed the efforts made by the Agency to implement an action plan established with a view to address the Court's recommendations from previous years to remedy the weaknesses found by the Court in the Agency's information, communication and technology management control. The Council encourages the Agency to promptly assess the measures taken;
- staff: the Council regretted the Court's finding about the critical dependence of the Agency on the extensive use of external consultants, as well as about an inadequate control over project development and implementation. While welcoming the implementation of some measures, it encouraged the Agency to continue improving the development of a structured and systematic policy governing the use of consultants.

2017 discharge: European Medicines Agency (EMA)

The Committee on Budgetary Control adopted the report by Petri SARVAMAA (EPP, FI) on discharge in respect of the implementation of the budget of the European Medicines Agency (EMA) for the financial year 2017.

The committee called on the European Parliament to grant the Executive Director of the Agency discharge in respect of the implementation of the agencys budget for the financial year 2017.

Noting that the Court of Auditors stated that it had obtained reasonable assurance that the annual accounts of the Agency for the financial year 2017 were reliable and that the underlying transactions were legal and regular, Members called on Parliament to approve the closure of the Agencys accounts.

They made, however, a number of recommendations that needed to be taken into account when the discharge is granted, in addition to the general recommendations that appear in the draft resolution on performance, financial management and control of EU agencies:

Agencys financial statements

The European Medicines Agencys final budget for the financial year 2017 was EUR 331 266 000, representing an increase of 7.41 % compared to 2016. The Agency is a fee-funded agency, with 86 % of its 2017 revenue stemming from fees paid by the pharmaceutical industry for services provided, and 12 % stemming from the Union budget.

Budget and financial management

The budget monitoring efforts during the financial year 2017 resulted in a budget implementation rate of 92.92 %, representing a decrease of 3.38 % compared to 2016. Payment appropriations execution rate was 76.62 %, representing a decrease of 5.73 % compared to 2016.

Members regretted that the cancellations of carry-overs from 2016 to 2017 amounted to EUR 4 350 908, representing 10.11 % of the total amount carried-over, showing a notable increase of 5.65 % in comparison to 2016. They called on the Agency to report to the discharge authority on the measures taken to ensure complete use of the appropriations carried-over, in order to avoid substantial resources being de-committed.

Members also made a series of observations regarding performance, staff, procurement and internal controls.

In particular, they noted that:

- the Agency implemented a new and improved version of the EudraVigilance system, an information system used to report suspected side effects of medicines:
- a number of the Agencys activities were delayed or postponed due to Brexit or external circumstances;
- the Agency recommended 110 new medicines for marketing authorisation (92 for human use and 18 for veterinary use), and that those included 42 new active substances (35 for human use and 7 for veterinary use);
- on 31 December 2017, the establishment plan was 97.82 % executed, with 583 temporary agents appointed out of 596 temporary agents authorised under the Union budget;
- the staff expenses increased by EUR 10 million. The Agency is asked to report comprehensively on this expenditure and urged not to replace permanent staff by more expensive contract agents;
- that in 2017 the Agency received 25 reports on cases of whistleblowing from an external source, 15 cases were closed in 2017 and 10 cases are still ongoing;
- the Court issued an emphasis of matter paragraph in relation to the two London-based agencies, concerning the United Kingdoms decision to withdraw from the European Union; notes that the seat of the Agency will move to Amsterdam at the beginning of 2019 and that the Agencys accounts include provisions for related costs amounting to EUR 18 600 000. Members regretted that the lease agreement for the London based premises sets a rental period until 2039 with no exit clause. Efforts should be made to minimise the financial, administrative and operational impact of the unfavourable lease agreement.

2017 discharge: European Medicines Agency (EMA)

The European Parliament decided to grant discharge to the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency (EMA) for the financial year 2017 and to approve the closure of the accounts for the financial year in question.

Noting that the Court of Auditors has stated that it has obtained reasonable assurances that the Agencys annual accounts for the financial year 2017 are reliable and that the underlying transactions are legal and regular, Parliament adopted by 492 votes to 121 with 24 abstentions, a resolution containing a series of recommendations, which form an integral part of the decision on discharge and which add to the general recommendations set out in the draft resolution on performance, financial management and control of EU agencies:

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