

Procedure file

Basic information	
COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure) Regulation 2021/0060(COD)	Awaiting committee decision
Implementation of the Kimberley Process certification scheme for the international trade in rough diamonds. Recast	
Subject 6.20.02 Export/import control, trade defence, trade barriers 6.20.04 Union Customs Code, tariffs, preferential arrangements, rules of origin 6.30.01 Generalised scheme of tariff preferences (GSP), rules of origin 6.40.13 Relations with/in the context of international organisations: UN, OSCE, OECD, Council of Europe, EBRD	

Key players			
European Parliament	Committee responsible  International Trade	Rapporteur  WINKLER Iuliu	Appointed 22/04/2021
		Shadow rapporteur  VAN BREMPT Kathleen  HAHN Svenja  CAVAZZINI Anna  REGIMENTI Luisa  HOOGVEEN Michiel  SCHOLZ Helmut	
	Committee for opinion on the recast technique  Legal Affairs	Rapporteur for opinion  AUBRY Manon	Appointed 01/07/2021
Council of the European Union European Commission	Commission DG Service for Foreign Policy Instruments	Commissioner BORRELL FONTELLES Josep	

Key events			
12/03/2021	Legislative proposal published	COM(2021)0115	Summary
24/03/2021	Committee referral announced in Parliament, 1st reading		
14/10/2021	Vote in committee, 1st reading		

Technical information	
Procedure reference	2021/0060(COD)
Procedure type	COD - Ordinary legislative procedure (ex-codecision procedure)
Procedure subtype	Recast
Legislative instrument	Regulation
Legal basis	Treaty on the Functioning of the EU TFEU 207; Rules of Procedure EP 110
Other legal basis	Rules of Procedure EP 159
Stage reached in procedure	Awaiting committee decision
Committee dossier	INTA/9/05652

Documentation gateway					
Legislative proposal		COM(2021)0115	12/03/2021	EC	Summary
Committee draft report		PE694.952	20/07/2021	EP	
Amendments tabled in committee		PE696.480	07/09/2021	EP	
Opinion on the recast technique		PE696.421	15/09/2021	EP	

Implementation of the Kimberley Process certification scheme for the international trade in rough diamonds. Recast

PURPOSE: to implement the Kimberley Process certification scheme for the international trade in rough diamonds.

PROPOSED ACT: Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council.

ROLE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT: the European Parliament decides in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure and on an equal footing with the Council.

BACKGROUND: Council Regulation (EC) No 2368/2002 implementing the Kimberley Process certification scheme for the international trade in rough diamonds has been substantially amended several times. Since further amendments are to be made, it is necessary, in the interests of clarity, to recast the Regulation.

The new Regulation will replace the various acts incorporated in it, while fully preserving their substance.

CONTENT: the proposal for a recast of Council Regulation (EC) No 2368/2002 aims to establish a system of certification and control of imports and exports of rough diamonds within the EU for the purpose of implementing the Kimberley Process certification scheme, with a view to preventing the trade in conflict diamonds from being used to finance acts of violence by rebel movements and their allies to undermine legitimate governments.

Import regime

The proposed Regulation prohibits the import of rough diamonds into the EU or Greenland unless three conditions are met:

- the rough diamonds are accompanied by a certificate validated by the competent authority of a participant;
- the diamonds are transported in tamper-resistant containers, and the seals applied at export by that participant are not broken;
- the certificate clearly identifies the consignment to which it refers.

Where an EU authority establishes that these conditions are met, it shall confirm this on the original certificate and provide the importer with an authentic and forgery-resistant copy of that confirmed certificate. Otherwise, the shipment shall be detained.

Export regime

For a shipment of rough diamonds to be exported from the EU and Greenland, it must be transported in a tamper-resistant container and

accompanied by a forgery-resistant certificate issued by the EU authority of the exporting country.

The EU certificate will be valid for export for up to two months from the date of issue. If the rough diamonds are not exported within this period, the Union Certificate will be returned to the issuing Union authority.

Monthly reports

The competent authorities of EU countries must submit monthly reports to the Commission on the import and export certificates that have been issued and validated by them. The originals of the certificates submitted for verification must be kept for a minimum period of three years by the Union authority.

Industry self-regulation

Organisations representing traders in rough diamonds which, for the purposes of implementing the Kimberley Process certification scheme, have established a system of warranties and industry self-regulation, may apply to the Commission for listing in Annex V of the Regulation.

Such organisations will be required to undertake to sell only diamonds from legitimate sources in compliance with the provisions of the relevant UN Security Council resolutions and the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme and to provide a written guarantee on the invoice accompanying each sale that the rough diamonds sold are not conflict diamonds.

Due diligence

To enhance the effectiveness of the certification scheme, the Regulation contains provisions to prevent circumvention or attempted circumvention. Likewise, providers of ancillary or directly related services should exercise due diligence in establishing that the provisions of this Regulation are duly applied.

Transparency				
HOOGEVEEN Michiel	Shadow rapporteur	INTA	05/10/2021	Kimberley Process Civil Society Coalition